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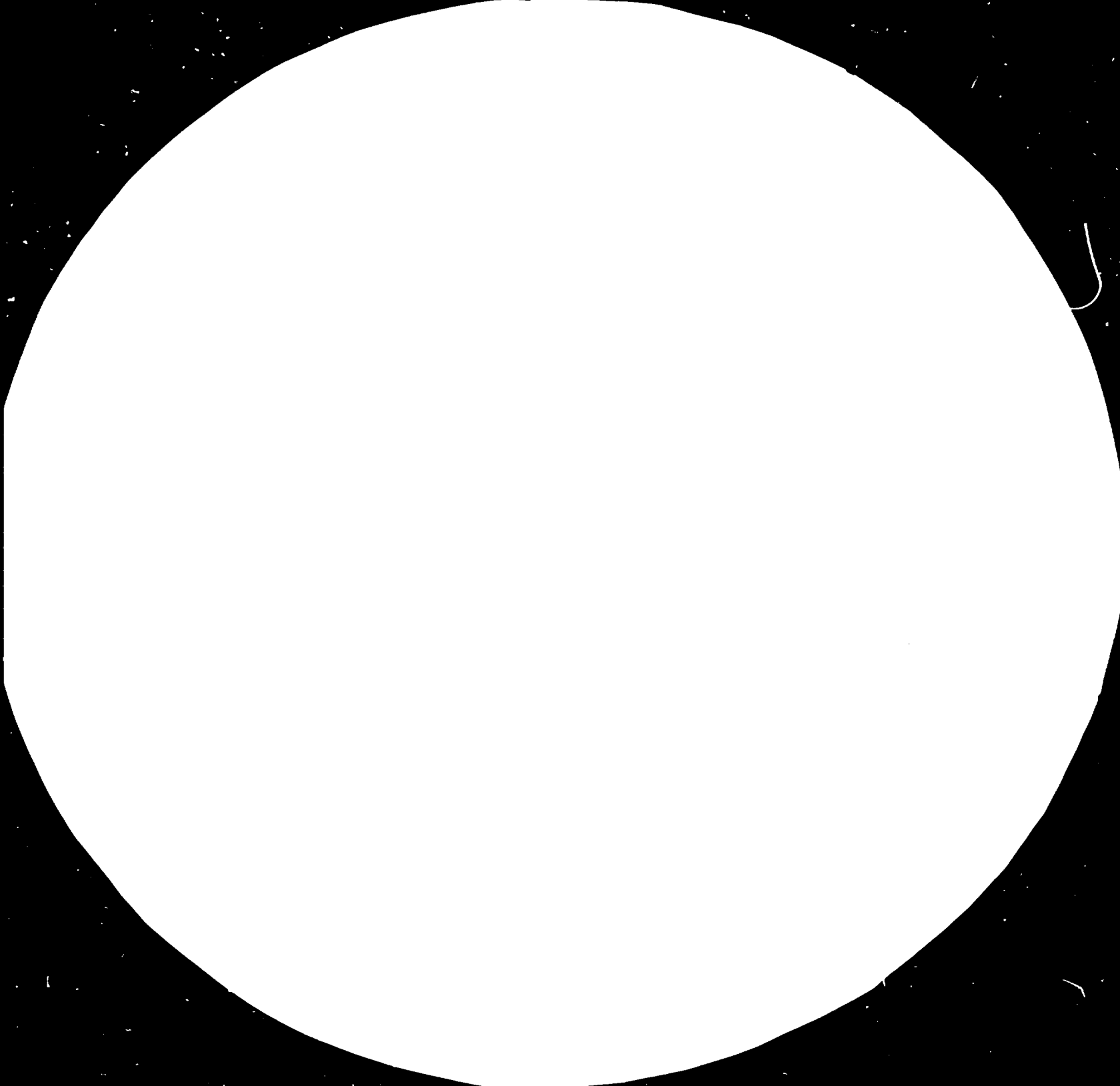
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UNITED NATIONS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATION

A STATISTICAL
REVIEW
OF THE
WORLD
INDUSTRIAL SITUATION
1984

Prepared by the
DIVISION FOR INDUSTRIAL STUDIES
(Statistics and Survey Unit)

3342

UNIDO/IS.506

**A STATISTICAL REVIEW
OF THE WORLD INDUSTRIAL SITUATION
1984**

*Prepared by the
Division for Industrial Studies
(Statistics and Survey Unit)*

The designations employed and the presentation of material in this publication do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the Secretariat of the United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

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Explanatory notes

The following classification of economic groupings is used in the text and in most tables in conformity with the classification adopted by the Statistical Office of the United Nations Secretariat: "Developing countries" includes the Caribbean area, Central and South America, Africa (other than South Africa), West Asia (other than Israel) and South and East Asia (other than Japan). "Developed market economies" includes North America (Canada and the United States of America), Europe (other than Eastern Europe), Australia, Israel, Japan, New Zealand and South Africa. "Centrally planned economies" includes Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Poland, Romania and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. Unless otherwise specified, "world" excludes Albania, China, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Mongolia and Viet Nam.

Countries are generally arranged in the order adopted in the *Statistical Yearbook*. Inclusion of a particular country or area in, or its exclusion from, any economic or geographical grouping has been dictated by considerations of the availability of comparable data in statistics of the United Nations and other international agencies.

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In the tables, three dots (. . .) indicate that data are not available or are not separately reported.

Introduction

This is the fifth issue of the *Statistical Review of the World Industrial Situation*, prepared in response to requests made at the fourteenth session of the Permanent Committee. Its purpose is to provide the latest available data on the world industrial situation in relation to the recommendations of the Lima Declaration and Plan of Action on Industrial Development and Co-operation, the New Delhi Declaration and Plan of Action on Industrialization of Developing Countries and International Co-operation for their Industrial Development and the International Development Strategy for the Third United Nations Development Decade.

The data provide information on the growth and composition of industrial production and trade. The statistics in Part One refer to each of the major economic groupings and developing regions while those in Part Two concern the least developed countries. All were derived from the UNIDO data base, which was developed by the Statistics and Survey Unit of the Division for Industrial Studies and is maintained and updated by that Unit. Primary sources of information include the Statistical Office and the Office of Development Research and Policy Analysis of the United Nations Secretariat, the regional commissions, the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.

Because the basic data may reflect different statistical and accounting practices in reporting countries, the statistical programme of the Statistics and Survey Unit is focused on making adjustments in the data to ensure a greater degree of international comparability. The Unit prepares estimates for the latest years available. The recency of the statistics varies, however, according to the amount of detail required and the type of data being considered. The reader should note that several producers of the international statistics used in this *Review* may revise country data for several preceding years at the same time that they update their statistical series. Thus, the figures published in this *Review* are based on the latest available data for the entire period shown and may differ slightly from the corresponding estimates published in earlier years. Finally, where figures are stated in constant prices, the calculations were based on data expressed in United States dollars at 1975 prices. All growth rates are calculated from information for each year throughout the period indicated, using a semi-log regression over time.

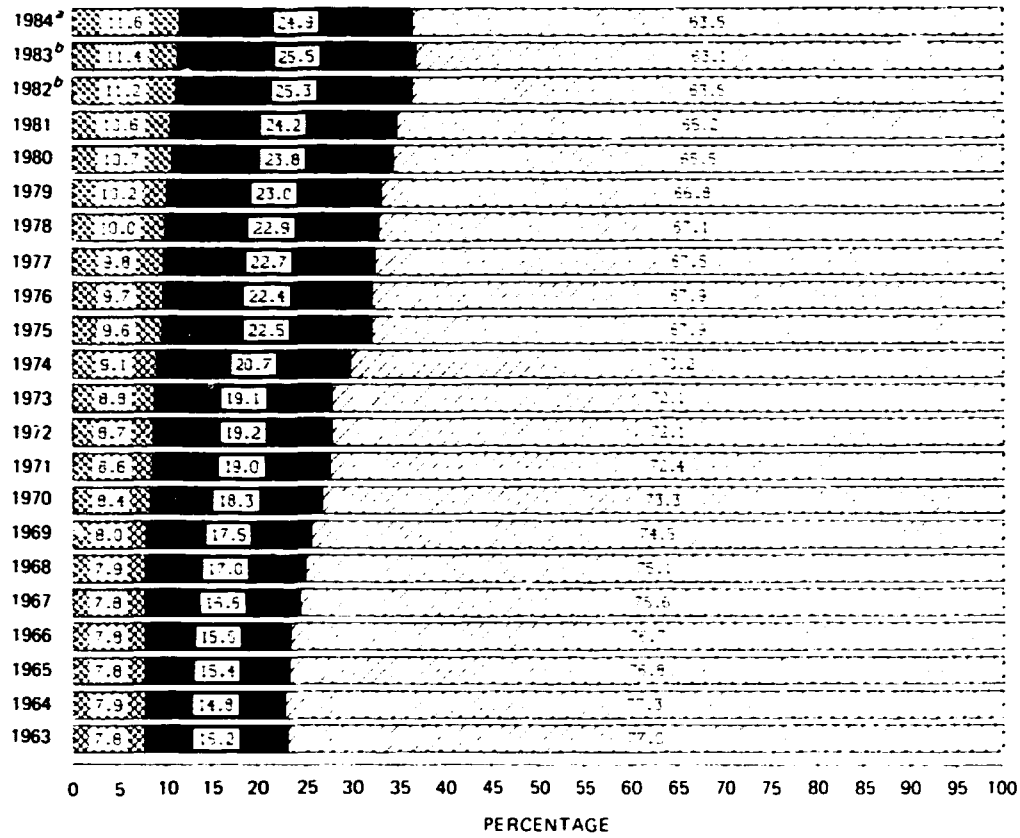


Part one




**Statistical data on growth and composition
of industrial production and trade, by economic
groupings and by developing regions**

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Figure I. Share of economic groupings in world manufacturing value added, at constant (1975) prices, 1963-1984



Key:

-  Developed market economies
-  Centrally planned economies
-  Developing countries

Source: UNIDO data base; information supplied by the Office of Development Research and Policy Analysis and the Statistical Office of the United Nations Secretariat, with estimates by the UNIDO secretariat.

^aEstimates.

^bPreliminary figures.

Table 1. Distribution of world manufacturing value added, by economic grouping,^a at constant (1975) prices, 1979-1982

(Percentage)

| <i>Economic grouping</i> | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Developing countries | 9.85 | 10.27 | 10.21 | 10.70 |
| Centrally planned economies | 22.15 | 22.32 | 23.25 | 24.26 |
| Developed market economies | 64.55 | 63.08 | 62.70 | 60.84 |
| China ^b | 3.45 | 3.73 | 3.84 | 4.20 |
| World | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |

Source: UNIDO data base; information supplied by the Office of Development Research and Policy Analysis and the Statistical Office of the United Nations Secretariat, with estimates by the UNIDO secretariat.

^aIncluding China.

^bCalculations based on the *Statistical Yearbook of China, 1983* and on unpublished information

Table 2. Share of developing regions^a in world manufacturing value added, at constant (1975) prices, 1963-1984

(Percentage)^b

| <i>Year</i> | <i>Africa</i> | <i>West Asia</i> | <i>South and East Asia</i> | <i>Latin America</i> |
|-------------------|---------------|------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| 1963 | 0.78 | 0.47 | 2.13 | 4.44 |
| 1964 | 0.79 | 0.48 | 2.10 | 4.55 |
| 1965 | 0.80 | 0.49 | 2.08 | 4.47 |
| 1966 | 0.79 | 0.51 | 1.99 | 4.51 |
| 1967 | 0.76 | 0.53 | 2.04 | 4.50 |
| 1968 | 0.78 | 0.55 | 2.05 | 4.56 |
| 1969 | 0.79 | 0.56 | 2.09 | 4.58 |
| 1970 | 0.84 | 0.57 | 2.14 | 4.81 |
| 1971 | 0.86 | 0.59 | 2.19 | 4.96 |
| 1972 | 0.83 | 0.59 | 2.21 | 5.05 |
| 1973 | 0.83 | 0.60 | 2.24 | 5.08 |
| 1974 | 0.83 | 0.61 | 2.34 | 5.26 |
| 1975 | 0.87 | 0.67 | 2.54 | 5.49 |
| 1976 | 0.86 | 0.68 | 2.64 | 5.49 |
| 1977 | 0.87 | 0.69 | 2.75 | 5.44 |
| 1978 | 0.90 | 0.72 | 2.90 | 5.48 |
| 1979 | 0.93 | 0.71 | 2.92 | 5.64 |
| 1980 | 0.99 | 0.70 | 3.05 | 5.92 |
| 1981 | 1.01 | 0.70 | 3.20 | 5.71 |
| 1982 ^c | 1.04 | | 4.21 | 5.87 |
| 1983 ^c | 1.02 | | 4.43 | 5.79 |
| 1984 ^d | 1.01 | | 4.57 | 5.64 |

Source: UNIDO data base; information supplied by the Office of Development Research and Policy Analysis and the Statistical Office of the United Nations Secretariat, with estimates by the UNIDO secretariat.

^aExcluding China.

^bRegional percentages may not add up to the share of all developing countries in world manufacturing value added shown in figure I, because of gaps in the coverage of developing countries.

^cPreliminary figures.

^dEstimates.

Table 3. Growth of manufacturing value added per capita, by economic grouping and by developing region, at constant (1975) prices, 1963-1984

(Percentage)

| Year | All developing countries | Least developed countries | Centrally planned economies | Developed market economies | Developing regions | | | |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | Africa | West Asia | South and East Asia | Latin America |
| <i>Increase or decrease over previous year</i> | | | | | | | | |
| 1964 | 6.7 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 7.1 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 3.8 | 7.7 |
| 1965 | 3.7 | 6.5 | 10.0 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 7.1 | 4.1 | 2.5 |
| 1966 | 3.4 | 9.6 | 7.1 | 5.6 | 2.6 | 6.8 | -0.4 | 4.7 |
| 1967 | 2.0 | 4.5 | 10.4 | 1.8 | -1.7 | 5.9 | 4.1 | 1.2 |
| 1968 | 6.6 | 5.0 | 9.4 | 6.1 | 7.3 | 9.1 | 5.6 | 6.5 |
| 1969 | 6.9 | 4.6 | 10.4 | 6.5 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 8.2 | 6.0 |
| 1970 | 5.6 | -2.9 | 8.1 | 1.4 | 7.9 | 2.6 | 3.8 | 6.3 |
| 1971 | 4.6 | -3.9 | 7.3 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 5.1 | 4.0 | 4.8 |
| 1972 | 5.7 | -1.7 | 7.8 | 6.0 | 0.6 | 4.2 | 6.0 | 6.5 |
| 1973 | 7.7 | 15.1 | 7.7 | 3.5 | 6.6 | 7.6 | 8.5 | 7.3 |
| 1974 | 2.8 | 0.7 | 9.4 | -1.6 | -0.3 | 0.4 | 4.1 | 2.9 |
| 1975 | 1.6 | -0.6 | 5.9 | -5.8 | 0.4 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 0.1 |
| 1976 | 6.5 | -1.5 | 6.8 | 7.4 | 3.0 | 6.2 | 10.0 | 5.4 |
| 1977 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 5.8 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 7.0 | 1.5 |
| 1978 | 4.1 | 0.9 | 4.0 | 2.6 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 7.3 | 2.1 |
| 1979 | 3.9 | -1.8 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 4.7 | -0.6 | 2.9 | 4.8 |
| 1980 | 2.5 | -0.4 | 3.3 | -2.4 | 4.0 | -3.3 | 2.6 | 2.8 |
| 1981 | -1.9 | -3.8 | 1.9 | -0.1 | -0.2 | -2.0 | 3.6 | -5.1 |
| 1982 ^a | 1.2 | -2.9 | 2.0 | -5.2 | -1.6 | | | -1.4 |
| 1983 ^a | 3.8 | -0.6 | 3.7 | 2.6 | -1.0 | | 3.9 | 0.2 |
| 1984 ^b | 6.9 | ... | 3.5 | 7.2 | 3.0 | | 7.6 | 1.8 |
| | | | | | | | 8.5 | |
| <i>Average annual growth rate</i> | | | | | | | | |
| 1963-1973 | 5.1 | 3.3 | 8.6 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 6.2 | 4.6 | 5.1 |
| 1973-1984 | 2.9 | -0.8 ^c | 4.2 | 0.9 | 2.1 | | 4.9 | 1.3 |

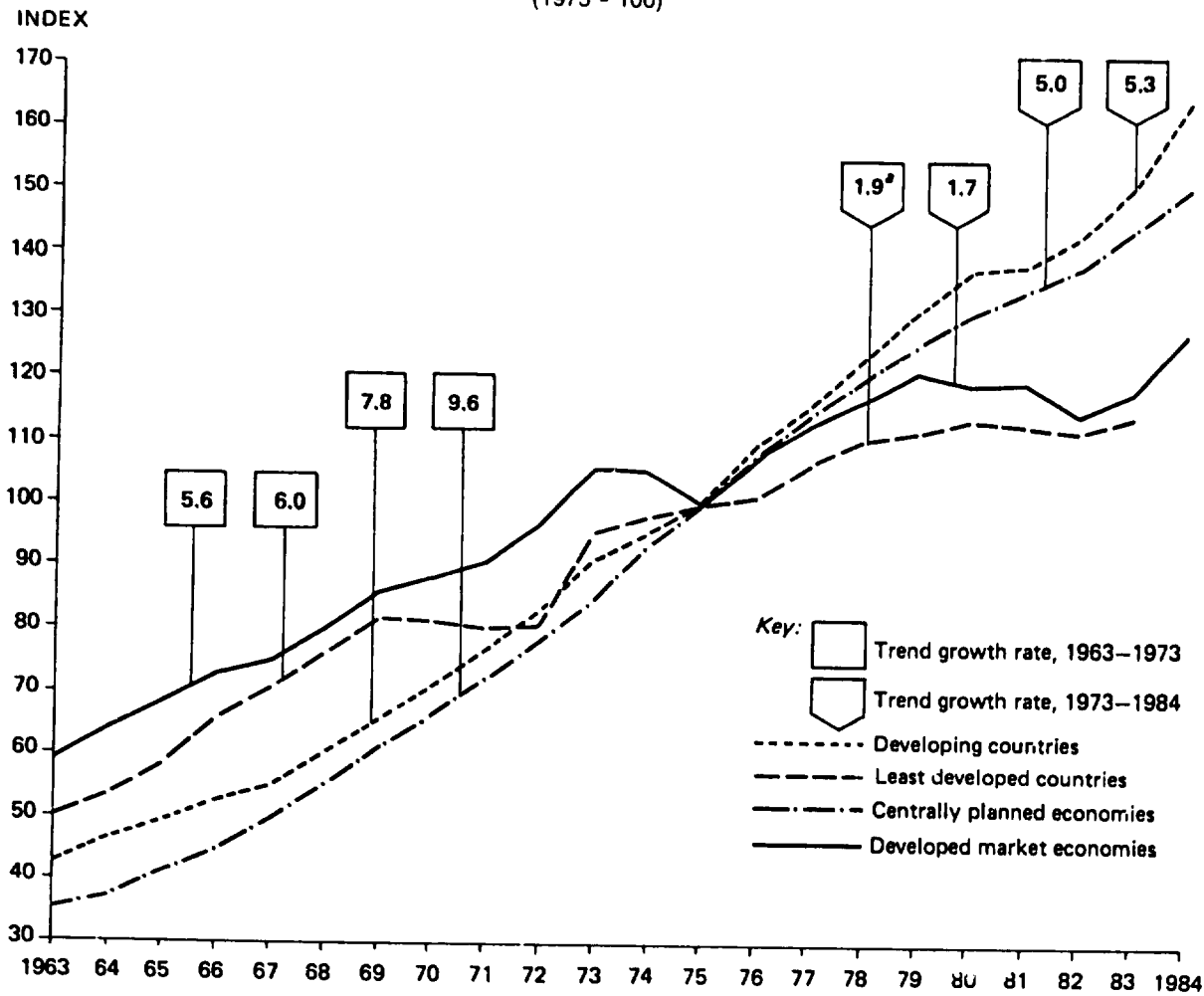
Source: UNIDO data base; information supplied by the Office of Development Research and Policy Analysis, the Statistical Office of the United Nations Secretariat and the Economic Commission for Africa, with estimates by the UNIDO secretariat.

^aPreliminary figures.

^bEstimates.

^cFigure refers to the period 1973-1983.

Figure II. Indices of industrial production in manufacturing, by economic grouping, 1963-1984
(1975 = 100)



Source: UNIDO data base; information supplied by the Office of Development Research and Policy Analysis and the Statistical Office of the United Nations Secretariat, with estimates by the UNIDO secretariat.

^aCovering the period 1973-1983.

Table 4. Share of economic groupings^a in world manufacturing value added, at constant (1975) prices, selected industrial branches, 1970, 1975 and 1981
(Percentage)

| Branch ^b | ISIC code | Developing countries | | | Centrally planned economies | | | Developed market economies | | |
|--|------------------|----------------------|------|------|-----------------------------|------|------|----------------------------|------|------|
| | | 1970 | 1975 | 1981 | 1970 | 1975 | 1981 | 1970 | 1975 | 1981 |
| Food products | 311/2 | 13.7 | 13.8 | 15.7 | 25.4 | 27.8 | 25.9 | 60.9 | 58.4 | 58.4 |
| Beverages | 313 | 12.7 | 14.5 | 18.9 | 21.6 | 23.7 | 23.7 | 35.7 | 61.8 | 57.4 |
| Tobacco | 314 | 27.3 | 29.0 | 32.8 | 14.9 | 16.3 | 15.6 | 37.8 | 54.7 | 51.6 |
| Textiles | 321 | 17.4 | 18.8 | 19.6 | 26.4 | 30.7 | 32.5 | 56.2 | 50.5 | 47.9 |
| Footwear | 324 | 10.0 | 11.3 | 12.1 | 36.5 | 41.4 | 45.7 | 53.5 | 47.3 | 42.2 |
| Wood and cork products | 331 | 9.8 | 11.0 | 12.9 | 20.0 | 23.4 | 23.5 | 70.2 | 65.6 | 63.6 |
| Paper | 341 | 6.5 | 7.7 | 8.4 | 7.2 | 9.6 | 8.8 | 86.3 | 82.7 | 82.8 |
| Printing and publishing | 342 | 6.4 | 6.9 | 6.3 | 5.7 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 87.9 | 85.8 | 86.7 |
| Industrial chemicals | 351 | 6.0 | 7.6 | 8.1 | 21.4 | 28.3 | 29.2 | 72.6 | 64.1 | 62.7 |
| Other chemicals | 352 | 13.8 | 17.4 | 19.2 | 6.5 | 8.0 | 7.4 | 79.7 | 74.6 | 73.4 |
| Petroleum refineries | 353 | 37.4 | 38.3 | 42.9 | 12.1 | 16.0 | 15.4 | 50.5 | 45.7 | 41.7 |
| Miscellaneous products of petroleum and coal | 354 | 12.8 | 11.8 | 16.1 | 37.3 | 41.2 | 41.9 | 49.9 | 47.0 | 42.0 |
| Rubber products | 355 | 10.9 | 12.6 | 13.7 | 16.5 | 21.1 | 22.1 | 72.6 | 66.3 | 64.2 |
| Pottery, china and earthenware | 361 | 12.0 | 12.9 | 12.2 | 27.1 | 35.4 | 41.6 | 60.9 | 51.7 | 46.2 |
| Glass | 362 | 8.2 | 9.8 | 10.6 | 19.1 | 26.1 | 28.7 | 72.7 | 64.1 | 60.7 |
| Other non-metallic mineral products | 369 | 8.6 | 10.7 | 13.6 | 31.3 | 36.1 | 34.6 | 60.1 | 53.2 | 51.8 |
| Iron and steel | 371 | 6.3 | 8.1 | 10.6 | 19.5 | 23.9 | 23.8 | 74.2 | 68.0 | 65.6 |
| Metal products, excluding machinery | 381 ^c | 5.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 18.7 | 26.6 | 31.6 | 75.4 | 66.5 | 61.5 |
| Non-electrical machinery | 382 ^c | 3.0 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 17.6 | 23.8 | 26.9 | 79.4 | 71.3 | 68.4 |
| Electrical machinery | 383 ^c | 5.1 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 18.5 | 25.3 | 26.6 | 76.4 | 68.5 | 67.2 |
| Transport equipment | 384 ^c | 5.7 | 7.5 | 6.9 | 16.9 | 23.1 | 28.1 | 77.4 | 69.4 | 65.0 |

Source: UNIDO data base; information supplied by the Statistical Office of the United Nations Secretariat, with estimates by the UNIDO secretariat.

^aExcluding China.

^bAccording to the *International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities*, Statistical Papers, Series M, No. 4, Rev. 2 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.68.XVII.8).

^cShares for branches within ISIC 38 may be somewhat distorted owing to variations in the national reporting practices of several important producers of fabricated metal products, machinery and transport equipment.

Table 5. Share of developing countries^a and developing regions in world manufacturing value added, ϵ : constant (1975) prices, selected industrial branches, 1970 and 1981

(Percentage)

| Branch ^b | ISIC code | Developing regions | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|--------------------------|-------|--------|--------------|-----------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|-------|
| | | All developing countries | | Africa | | West Asia | | South and East Asia | | Latin America | |
| | | 1970 | 1981 | 1970 | 1981 | 1970 | 1981 | 1970 | 1981 | 1970 | 1981 |
| Food products | 311/2 | 13.73 | 15.70 | 1.88 | 1.72 | 0.54 | 0.79 | 3.44 | 4.56 | 7.87 | 8.62 |
| Beverages | 313 | 12.71 | 18.94 | 1.83 | 3.10 | 0.59 | 1.10 | 1.86 | 3.46 | 8.43 | 11.28 |
| Tobacco | 314 | 27.25 | 32.78 | 2.94 | 3.49 | 3.53 | 4.28 | 12.12 | 15.49 | 8.66 | 9.52 |
| Textiles | 321 | 17.40 | 19.58 | 2.17 | ^c | 1.26 | 1.17 | 5.89 | 8.26 | 8.09 | 7.88 |
| Footwear | 324 | 10.03 | 12.05 | 1.54 | 1.98 | 0.45 | ^c | 1.79 | 3.10 | 6.25 | 6.29 |
| Wood and cork products | 331 | 9.75 | 12.90 | 1.32 | 1.54 | 0.42 | ^c | 3.58 | 5.10 | 4.43 | 5.79 |
| Paper | 341 | 6.53 | 8.37 | 0.67 | 0.81 | 0.26 | 0.37 | 1.34 | 2.09 | 4.27 | 5.10 |
| Printing and publishing | 342 | 6.39 | 6.26 | 0.54 | ^c | 0.12 | 0.32 | 1.34 | ^c | 4.39 | 3.59 |
| Industrial chemicals | 351 | 5.97 | 8.10 | 0.34 | 0.35 | 0.51 | 0.85 | 1.42 | 2.51 | 3.70 | 4.39 |
| Other chemicals | 352 | 13.80 | 19.22 | 1.05 | 1.49 | 0.43 | 0.64 | 3.38 | 4.32 | 8.94 | 12.78 |
| Petroleum refineries | 353 | 37.41 | 42.90 | 1.15 | 2.63 | 11.84 | 11.05 | 11.01 | 10.97 | 13.40 | 18.25 |
| Miscellaneous products of petroleum and coal | 354 | 12.77 | 16.14 | 2.27 | 3.73 | 0.95 | 1.09 | 2.36 | ^c | 7.19 | 8.13 |
| Rubber products | 355 | 10.87 | 13.74 | 0.94 | ^c | 0.39 | ^c | 2.85 | 4.74 | 6.68 | 7.57 |
| Pottery, china and earthenware | 361 | 12.01 | 12.19 | 0.55 | ^c | 0.79 | ^c | 2.53 | 2.20 | 8.14 | 8.87 |
| Glass | 362 | 8.17 | 10.55 | 0.52 | ^c | 0.54 | 0.68 | 1.81 | 2.98 | 5.29 | 6.42 |
| Other non-metallic mineral products | 369 | 8.60 | 13.63 | 0.92 | 1.20 | 0.49 | 1.03 | 2.37 | 4.50 | 4.83 | 6.91 |
| Iron and steel | 371 | 6.29 | 10.60 | 0.36 | 0.48 | 0.49 | 0.56 | 1.29 | 2.79 | 4.15 | 6.77 |
| Metal products, excluding machinery | 381 ^d | 5.94 | 6.89 | 0.55 | 0.66 | 0.34 | ^c | 1.21 | 1.65 | 3.83 | 4.26 |
| Non-electrical machinery | 382 ^d | 2.95 | 4.65 | 0.10 | ^c | 0.09 | 0.29 | 0.71 | 1.06 | 2.04 | 3.16 |
| Electrical machinery | 383 ^d | 5.12 | 6.24 | 0.22 | 0.28 | 0.13 | ^c | 1.20 | 2.47 | 3.57 | 3.29 |
| Transport equipment | 384 ^d | 5.68 | 6.88 | 0.26 | 0.52 | 0.11 | 0.17 | 1.01 | 1.82 | 4.30 | 4.37 |

Source: UNIDO data base; information supplied by the Statistical Office of the United Nations Secretariat, with estimates by the UNIDO secretariat.

^aExcluding China.

^bSee table 4, footnote b.

^cFigures not shown separately because the underlying data from which they would have been derived do not meet minimum standards of quality.

^dShares for branches within ISIC 38 may be somewhat distorted, owing to variations in the national reporting practices of several important producers of fabricated metal products, machinery and transport equipment.

Table 6. Growth of manufacturing value added, by economic grouping,^a at constant (1975) prices, selected industrial branches, 1963-1973 and 1973-1981

(Percentage)

| Branch ^b | ISIC code | Developing countries | | Centrally planned economies | | Developed market economies | |
|---|-----------|----------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|-----------|
| | | 1963-1973 | 1973-1981 | 1963-1973 | 1973-1981 | 1963-1973 | 1973-1981 |
| Food products | 311/2 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 2.7 |
| Beverages | 313 | 6.0 | 9.2 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 2.4 |
| Tobacco | 314 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 1.6 |
| Textiles | 321 | 4.1 | 2.8 | 6.2 | 3.7 | 3.9 | -0.1 |
| Wearing apparel | 322 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 8.2 | 5.1 | 2.8 | 0.3 |
| Leather and fur products | 323 | 2.2 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 2.9 | 1.5 | 0.2 |
| Footwear | 324 | 2.7 | 1.9 | 5.6 | 4.2 | 0.8 | -0.1 |
| Wood and cork products | 331 | 5.7 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 2.3 | 4.1 | -0.2 |
| Furniture and fixtures excluding metal | 332 | c | c | 8.5 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 1.2 |
| Paper | 341 | 7.3 | 4.9 | 7.7 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 2.1 |
| Printing and publishing | 342 | 5.6 | 1.5 | 8.4 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 2.7 |
| Industrial chemicals | 351 | 12.2 | 6.9 | 12.2 | 6.9 | 9.0 | 2.8 |
| Other chemicals | 352 | 9.6 | 7.9 | 10.2 | 5.5 | 6.8 | 4.1 |
| Petroleum refineries | 353 | 9.3 | 4.7 | 14.6 | 4.4 | 6.9 | 0.5 |
| Miscellaneous products of petroleum and coal | 354 | 8.6 | 6.5 | 3.3 | 3.1 | -0.2 | -0.1 |
| Rubber products | 355 | 8.1 | 4.8 | 8.6 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 1.4 |
| Plastic products | 356 | c | c | 16.9 | 8.9 | 15.0 | 5.3 |
| Pottery, china and earthenware | 361 | 5.5 | 3.4 | 8.9 | 7.1 | 3.6 | 0.6 |
| Glass | 362 | 9.8 | 6.9 | 9.7 | 8.1 | 5.8 | 3.0 |
| Other non-metallic mineral products | 369 | 8.6 | 7.5 | 8.2 | 3.1 | 5.2 | 1.2 |
| Iron and steel | 371 | 7.7 | 6.9 | 5.5 | 2.8 | 4.7 | -0.5 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 372 | 8.1 | 4.1 | 9.6 | 4.9 | 5.5 | 1.3 |
| Metal products, excluding machinery | 381 | 7.9 | 5.5 | 10.9 | 8.6 | 5.4 | 1.7 |
| Non-electrical machinery | 382 | 12.1 | 5.5 | | | 5.9 | 2.8 |
| Electrical machinery | 383 | 11.7 | 8.2 | | | 8.3 | 4.2 |
| Transport equipment | 384 | 9.1 | 4.0 | | | 5.4 | 1.9 |
| Professional and scientific equipment, photographic and optical goods | 385 | c | c | 11.2 | 8.6 | 6.3 | 4.6 |
| Other manufactures | 390 | c | c | | | 4.2 | 1.8 |

Source: UNIDO data base; information supplied by the Statistical Office of the United Nations Secretariat, with estimates by the UNIDO secretariat.

^aExcluding China.

^bSee table 4, footnote b.

^cFigures not shown separately because the underlying data from which they would have been derived do not meet minimum standards of quality.

Table 7. Structure of manufacturing value added, by economic grouping,^a at constant (1975) prices, 1963, 1973 and 1981
(Percentage)

| Branch ^b | ISIC code | Developing countries ^c | | | Centrally planned economies | | | Developed market economies | | |
|---|-----------|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | 1963 | 1973 | 1981 | 1963 | 1973 | 1981 | 1963 | 1973 | 1981 |
| Food products | 311/2 | 18.5 | 14.4 | 14.1 | 15.2 | 11.8 | 9.2 | 10.4 | 8.4 | 9.0 |
| Beverages | 313 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| Tobacco | 314 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Textiles | 321 | 13.9 | 10.5 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 6.9 | 5.8 | 5.4 | 4.5 | 3.7 |
| Wearing apparel | 322 | 3.7 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 5.4 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 2.4 |
| Leather and fur products | 323 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Footwear | 324 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| Wood and cork products | 331 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.7 |
| Furniture and fixtures excluding metal | 332 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.9 |
| Paper | 341 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 |
| Printing and publishing | 342 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 5.1 | 4.3 | 4.6 |
| Industrial chemicals | 351 | 2.4 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 5.4 | 5.8 | 3.8 | 5.3 | 5.4 |
| Other chemicals | 352 | 4.5 | 5.8 | 6.9 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 4.5 |
| Petroleum refineries | 353 | 7.6 | 9.3 | 8.7 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| Miscellaneous products of petroleum and coal | 354 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Rubber products | 355 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Plastic products | 356 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 2.0 | 2.4 |
| Pottery, china and earthenware | 361 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| Glass | 362 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| Other non-metallic mineral products | 369 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| Iron and steel | 371 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 7.5 | 5.8 | 4.5 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 5.4 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 372 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.6 |
| Metal products, excluding machinery | 381 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 30.5 | 37.6 | 45.1 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 6.7 |
| Non-electrical machinery | 382 | 2.7 | 5.0 | 5.0 | | | | 10.4 | 11.0 | 12.0 |
| Electrical machinery | 383 | 3.1 | 4.4 | 5.5 | | | | 6.7 | 8.7 | 10.1 |
| Transport equipment | 384 | 5.2 | 6.9 | 6.4 | | | | 10.3 | 10.3 | 9.8 |
| Professional and scientific equipment, photographic and optical goods | 385 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | | | | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.3 |
| Other manufactures | 390 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Total manufacturing | 3 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: UNIDO data base; information supplied by the Statistical Office of the United Nations Secretariat, with estimates by the UNIDO secretariat.

^aExcluding Albania, China, Iceland and Luxembourg.

^bSee table 4, footnote b.

^cThe data for 1963 cover 73 countries, which, in 1975, accounted for 97 per cent of the manufacturing value added of all developing countries; the data for 1973 and 1981 cover 64 countries, which, in 1975, accounted for 92 per cent of the manufacturing value added of all developing countries. Therefore, although the structures for all years are probably representative of developing countries as a whole, the variation in country composition should be noted.

Table 8. Share of economic groupings in world manufactured exports,^a at current prices, 1963-1983

(Percentage)

| Year | Developing countries | Centrally planned economies ^b | Developed market economies |
|-------------------|----------------------|--|----------------------------|
| 1963 | 4.2 | 13.3 | 82.5 |
| 1964 | 4.3 | 12.8 | 82.9 |
| 1965 | 4.4 | 12.3 | 83.3 |
| 1966 | 4.5 | 11.6 | 83.9 |
| 1967 | 4.6 | 11.7 | 83.7 |
| 1968 | 4.5 | 11.0 | 84.6 |
| 1969 | 4.6 | 10.4 | 85.0 |
| 1970 | 5.0 | 10.0 | 85.0 |
| 1971 | 5.2 | 9.6 | 85.2 |
| 1972 | 5.7 | 9.9 | 84.4 |
| 1973 | 6.7 | 9.4 | 83.9 |
| 1974 | 6.8 | 8.5 | 84.7 |
| 1975 | 6.3 | 9.3 | 84.4 |
| 1976 | 7.5 | 8.9 | 83.6 |
| 1977 | 7.8 | 8.9 | 83.3 |
| 1978 | 8.1 | 8.7 | 83.2 |
| 1979 | 8.7 | 8.4 | 82.9 |
| 1980 | 9.1 | 8.1 | 82.8 |
| 1981 | 10.5 | 8.0 | 81.5 |
| 1982 | 10.7 | 8.7 | 80.6 |
| 1983 ^c | 10.9 | 8.8 | 80.3 |

Source: United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, *Handbook of International Trade and Development Statistics*, various issues; and *Monthly Bulletin of Statistics*, various issues, with estimates by the UNIDO secretariat.

^aCodes 5-8 (except 68) of the *Standard International Trade Classification*, Revised (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.68.XVII.6) (SITC, Revised).

^bExcluding trade among the centrally planned economies of Asia.

^cEstimates.

Table 9. World trade in manufactures,^a by origin, destination and economic grouping, at current prices, selected years

| <i>Origin of exports</i> | <i>Year</i> | <i>Exports to developing countries</i> | | <i>Exports to centrally planned economies^b</i> | | <i>Exports to developed market economies</i> | |
|--|-------------|--|---------------------------|---|---------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| | | <i>Value (millions of dollars)</i> | <i>Share (percentage)</i> | <i>Value (millions of dollars)</i> | <i>Share (percentage)</i> | <i>Value (millions of dollars)</i> | <i>Share (percentage)</i> |
| Developing countries | 1963 | 1 404 | 41.2 | 102 | 3.0 | 1 902 | 55.8 |
| | 1970 | 3 231 | 33.7 | 559 | 5.8 | 5 808 | 60.5 |
| | 1975 | 11 935 | 37.9 | 1 172 | 3.7 | 18 352 | 58.3 |
| | 1980 | 37 560 | 38.1 | 3 222 | 3.3 | 57 764 | 58.6 |
| | 1982 | 41 520 | 37.6 | 3 760 | 3.4 | 65 046 | 59.0 |
| Centrally planned economies ^b | 1963 | 1 635 | 15.1 | 8 043 | 74.3 | 1 147 | 10.6 |
| | 1970 | 2 899 | 15.2 | 13 381 | 70.2 | 2 804 | 14.7 |
| | 1975 | 6 790 | 14.6 | 31 835 | 68.6 | 7 756 | 16.7 |
| | 1980 | 15 784 | 18.0 | 54 692 | 62.3 | 17 268 | 19.7 |
| | 1982 | 19 807 | 21.9 | 53 651 | 59.3 | 17 062 | 18.8 |
| Developed market economies | 1963 | 16 950 | 25.7 | 2 168 | 3.3 | 46 470 | 71.0 |
| | 1970 | 32 462 | 20.2 | 6 634 | 4.1 | 121 256 | 75.6 |
| | 1975 | 111 298 | 26.5 | 26 518 | 6.3 | 282 155 | 67.2 |
| | 1980 | 233 721 | 26.0 | 42 430 | 4.7 | 622 646 | 69.3 |
| | 1982 | 234 088 | 28.1 | 36 346 | 4.4 | 563 642 | 67.6 |

Source: See table 8.

^aSee table 8, footnote a.

^bExcluding trade among centrally planned economies of Asia.

Part two

**Statistical data on the growth and composition
of industrial production and trade of the
least developed countries**

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Table 10. Growth of gross domestic product and manufacturing value added, at constant (1975) prices, least developed countries of Africa, Bangladesh, all least developed countries and other developing countries, 1963-1983

(Percentage)

| Year | Least developed countries of Africa | | Bangladesh | | All least developed countries | | Other developing countries | |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Gross domestic product | Manufacturing value added | Gross domestic product | Manufacturing value added | Gross domestic product | Manufacturing value added | Gross domestic product | Manufacturing value added |
| <i>Increase or decrease over previous year</i> | | | | | | | | |
| 1964 | 2.4 | 9.3 | 1.8 | 4.3 | 2.0 | 7.0 | 7.5 | 9.3 |
| 1965 | 2.0 | 9.3 | 2.0 | 11.2 | 1.9 | 9.1 | 4.8 | 6.1 |
| 1966 | 3.2 | 16.4 | -2.0 | 6.8 | 1.5 | 12.7 | 3.7 | 6.0 |
| 1967 | 2.1 | 6.5 | 10.5 | 14.6 | 4.2 | 7.4 | 4.4 | 4.6 |
| 1968 | 8.1 | 10.5 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 5.6 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 9.4 |
| 1969 | -0.6 | 8.2 | 5.2 | 4.6 | 1.2 | 7.3 | 7.9 | 9.6 |
| 1970 | 2.5 | 0.2 | -4.9 | -14.2 | 0.4 | -0.5 | 7.0 | 8.4 |
| 1971 | 5.3 | 8.7 | -14.8 | -46.1 | -0.7 | -1.4 | 6.6 | 7.5 |
| 1972 | 0.7 | -5.3 | 2.2 | 58.4 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 5.9 | 8.6 |
| 1973 | 0.7 | 19.5 | 13.7 | 19.2 | 4.4 | 18.0 | 7.7 | 10.2 |
| 1974 | 4.1 | -8.5 | 3.3 | 62.3 | 4.2 | 3.1 | 5.3 | 5.4 |
| 1975 | 2.7 | -0.6 | 12.5 | 7.7 | 5.0 | 1.8 | 3.7 | 4.1 |
| 1976 | 4.5 | -1.0 | 2.5 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 1.4 | 7.3 | 9.4 |
| 1977 | 5.3 | 3.2 | 6.4 | 7.5 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 6.0 |
| 1978 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 6.7 |
| 1979 | 0.5 | 2.3 | 2.8 | -0.8 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 5.3 | 6.5 |
| 1980 | 2.3 | 0.7 | 6.6 | 8.7 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 4.9 |
| 1981 | 3.9 | -0.8 | 1.0 | -0.2 | 2.9 | -0.9 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| 1982 ^a | 2.9 | 1.3 | 0.8 | -4.4 | 1.9 | -0.6 | -0.2 | 3.4 |
| 1983 ^a | 2.1 | 1.8 | 3.3 | 4.9 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 6.0 |
| <i>Average annual growth rate</i> | | | | | | | | |
| 1963-1973 | 2.9 | 7.6 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 2.1 | 6.0 | 6.3 | 7.8 |
| 1973-1983 ^a | 3.2 | 0.7 | 4.4 | 5.8 | 3.4 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 5.4 |

Source: UNIDO data base; information supplied by the Office of Development Research and Policy Analysis of the United Nations Secretariat, the Economic Commission for Africa and Bangladesh Government sources, with estimates by the UNIDO secretariat.

^aPreliminary figures.

Table 11. Share of the least developed countries in the manufacturing value added of all developing countries, at constant (1975) prices, selected industrial branches, 1970, 1975 and 1981

(Percentage)

| Branch ^a | ISIC code | 1970 | 1975 | 1981 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|------|------|------|
| Food products | 311/2 | 5.03 | 3.32 | 3.23 |
| Beverages | 313 | 2.93 | 3.22 | 1.74 |
| Tobacco | 314 | 4.29 | 4.17 | 3.87 |
| Textiles | 321 | 4.71 | 4.27 | 3.54 |
| Wood and cork products | 331 | 2.79 | 2.08 | 1.35 |
| Paper | 341 | 0.65 | 0.74 | 0.72 |
| Industrial chemicals | 351 | 0.66 | 0.74 | 0.58 |
| Other chemicals | 352 | 1.36 | 1.07 | 1.20 |
| Petroleum refineries | 353 | 0.64 | 0.38 | 0.27 |
| Glass | 362 | 1.50 | 1.12 | 0.92 |
| Other non-metallic mineral products | 369 | 1.73 | 1.32 | 0.98 |
| Iron and steel | 371 | 0.80 | 0.65 | 0.48 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 372 | 0.77 | 0.41 | 0.30 |
| Non-electrical machinery | 382 | 0.28 | 0.14 | 0.26 |
| Electrical machinery | 383 | 0.13 | 0.16 | 0.14 |
| Total manufacturing | 3 | 2.24 | 1.69 | 1.45 |

Source: UNIDO data base; information supplied by the Statistical Office of the United Nations Secretariat, with estimates by the UNIDO secretariat.

^aSee table 4, footnote b.

Table 12. Distribution of trade by broad economic categories (BEC),^a selected least developed countries, 1970, 1975 and 1980^b

(Percentage)

| Category | 1970 | | 1975 | | 1980 | |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Exports | Imports | Exports | Imports | Exports | Imports |
| Food and beverages | | | | | | |
| Primary | 42.1 | 4.8 | 45.9 | 4.4 | 39.3 | 3.8 |
| Processed | 2.6 | 8.2 | 4.7 | 9.3 | 3.4 | 10.4 |
| Industrial supplies | | | | | | |
| Primary | 46.3 | 2.8 | 38.7 | 3.6 | 45.2 | 2.6 |
| Processed | 4.5 | 29.2 | 4.7 | 31.0 | 5.0 | 24.6 |
| Fuels and lubricants | | | | | | |
| Primary | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 2.3 |
| Processed | 2.0 | 5.5 | 2.8 | 4.6 | 2.5 | 10.8 |
| Capital goods except transport equipment | 0.2 | 15.6 | 0.5 | 15.3 | 0.2 | 17.8 |

| Category | 1970 | | 1975 | | 1980 | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Exports | Imports | Exports | Imports | Exports | Imports |
| Transport equipment | 0.1 | 15.3 | 0.4 | 15.0 | 0.2 | 13.7 |
| Consumer goods not elsewhere classified | 1.0 | 10.4 | 1.6 | 8.5 | 3.2 | 7.5 |
| Goods not elsewhere specified | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| Non-processed goods ^c | 88.4 | 7.7 | 84.6 | 10.1 | 84.5 | 8.7 |
| Processed goods ^d | 11.1 | 85.4 | 15.1 | 84.4 | 14.8 | 85.2 |
| Total (less goods not classified under BEC) | 99.5 | 93.1 | 99.7 | 94.5 | 99.3 | 93.9 |

Source: UNIDO data base.

^aConsolidated categories from *Classification by Broad Economic Categories*, Statistical Papers, Series M, No. 53 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.71.XVII.12).

^bTrade data were available for the following least developed countries: Burkina Faso, Central African Republic, Ethiopia, Haiti, Malawi, Mali, Niger, Samoa, Somalia, Sudan, United Republic of Tanzania. If data were not available for the years indicated, figures for neighbouring years were substituted.

^cPrimary food and beverages, industrial supplies and fuels and lubricants.

^dAll categories other than those listed in footnote c above.

Table 13. Imports of manufactures^a by source, selected least developed countries,^b 1970, 1975 and 1980^c

| Category | SITC code | Year | Category share in total (percentage) | Sources by economic grouping ^d (percentage distribution) | | | |
|---|------------------|------|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | | Least developed countries | Other developing countries | Centrally planned economies | Developed market economies |
| Chemicals | 5 | 1970 | 13.2 | 0.2 | 10.6 | 5.9 | 83.2 |
| | | 1975 | 17.3 | 0.1 | 18.5 | 1.4 | 79.7 |
| | | 1980 | 16.6 | 0.1 | 12.7 | 2.0 | 85.1 |
| Basic manufactures (excluding non-ferrous metals) | 6 ^e | 1970 | 35.6 | 0.3 | 30.6 | 7.0 | 60.7 |
| | | 1975 | 33.2 | 0.4 | 29.5 | 5.4 | 63.0 |
| | | 1980 | 26.9 | 4.0 | 25.2 | 3.0 | 65.9 |
| Machinery and transport equipment | 7 | 1970 | 42.7 | 0.1 | 8.8 | 3.8 | 87.2 |
| | | 1975 | 43.4 | 0.1 | 9.5 | 2.7 | 87.3 |
| | | 1980 | 49.7 | 0.0 | 10.3 | 3.7 | 84.5 |
| Miscellaneous manufactures | 8 | 1970 | 8.5 | 0.7 | 31.9 | 4.3 | 62.3 |
| | | 1975 | 6.1 | 0.5 | 26.6 | 2.4 | 69.3 |
| | | 1980 | 6.8 | 0.2 | 19.2 | 2.0 | 77.0 |
| Total manufactures | 5-8 ^e | 1970 | 100.0 | 0.2 | 18.8 | 5.3 | 75.1 |
| | | 1975 | 100.0 | 0.2 | 18.8 | 3.3 | 76.8 |
| | | 1980 | 100.0 | 1.1 | 15.3 | 3.1 | 79.1 |

Source: Based on data supplied by the Statistical Office of the United Nations Secretariat.

^aSee table 8, footnote a.

^bBurkina Faso, Central African Republic, Ethiopia, Haiti, Malawi, Mali, Niger, Samoa, Somalia, Sudan, United Republic of Tanzania.

^cIf data were not available for the years indicated, figures for neighbouring years were substituted.

^dExcluding unspecified areas.

^eExcluding code 68.

Table 14. Exports of manufactures^a by destination, selected least developed countries,^b 1970, 1975 and 1980^c

| Category | SITC code | Year | Category share in total (percentage) | Destinations by economic grouping ^d (percentage distribution) | | | |
|---|------------------|------|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | | Least developed countries | Other developing countries | Centrally planned economies | Developed market economies |
| Chemicals | 5 | 1970 | 9.4 | 11.6 | 21.7 | 0.3 | 66.4 |
| | | 1975 | 11.9 | 14.2 | 28.7 | 0.9 | 55.5 |
| | | 1980 | 5.6 | 11.2 | 38.4 | 0.0 | 49.9 |
| Basic manufactures (excluding non-ferrous metals) | 6 ^e | 1970 | 76.9 | 3.5 | 8.1 | 0.3 | 88.0 |
| | | 1975 | 59.5 | 1.9 | 12.5 | 0.0 | 85.2 |
| | | 1980 | 50.0 | 5.9 | 18.2 | 0.7 | 74.5 |
| Machinery and transport equipment | 7 | 1970 | 4.0 | 11.5 | 41.9 | 0.0 | 46.6 |
| | | 1975 | 10.7 | 11.2 | 40.0 | 1.3 | 47.5 |
| | | 1980 | 8.1 | 24.8 | 9.4 | 0.2 | 65.4 |
| Miscellaneous manufactures | 8 | 1970 | 9.7 | 4.7 | 27.0 | 0.0 | 68.0 |
| | | 1975 | 17.9 | 3.3 | 18.7 | 0.0 | 77.8 |
| | | 1980 | 36.3 | 2.2 | 32.0 | 0.0 | 65.6 |
| Total manufactures | 5-8 ^e | 1970 | 100.0 | 4.7 | 12.6 | 0.2 | 82.4 |
| | | 1975 | 100.0 | 4.6 | 18.5 | 0.3 | 76.3 |
| | | 1980 | 100.0 | 5.9 | 24.1 | 0.3 | 69.2 |

Source: Based on data supplied by the Statistical Office of the United Nations Secretariat.

^aSee table 6, footnote a.

^bBurkina Faso, Central African Republic, Ethiopia, Haiti, Malawi, Mali, Niger, Samoa, Somalia, Sudan, United Republic of Tanzania.

^cIf data were not available for the years indicated, figures for neighbouring years were substituted.

^dExcluding unspecified areas.

^eExcluding code 68.

