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Fourth Consultation on the Fertilizer Industry New Delhi, India , 23 - 27 January 1984

DRAFT DIRECTORY OF TECHNOLOGICAL
CAPABILITIES IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES
RELATED TO THE FERTILIZER INDUSTRY \*

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#### Explanatory Notes

Ton refers to metric ton (1,000 kg)

Nm refers to a normal cubic metre of gas

Four dots  $(\ldots)$  indicate that data are not available or are not separately reported

A blank in a table indicates that the item is not applicable or not available Dates divided by a slash (e.g. 1965/66) indicate a crop or a financial year

The following abbreviations are used in this publication:

### Abbreviations for Fertiliser, Fertiliser Raw Materials etc.

A Ammonia

ACl Ammonium chloride

AN Ammonium nitrate

APS Ammonium phosphate sulphate

APSN Ammonium phosphate sulphate nitrate

AS Ammonium sulphate

ASN Ammonium sulphate nitrate

ASP Ammonium sulphate phosphate

CAN Calcium ammonium nitrate

DAP Diammonium phosphate

KCl Potassium chloride

KS Potassium sulphate

MAP Monoammonium phosphate

MOP Muriate of potash -- fertilizer-grade potassium chloride

N-acid Mitric acid

NP/NPKs NP/NPK complex fertilisers of various grades

P-acid Phosphoric acid

P rock Phosphate rock

S-acid Sulphuric acid

SSP Single superphosphate

TSP Triple superphosphate

U Urea

UAN Urea ammonium nitrate (solution)

UAP Urea ammonium phosphate

#### Abbreviations for Process Technology Used

BASF A.G. (F.R.Germany)

CHEMICO Chemical Construction Corporation (USA)

CLE Creusot Loire Enterprises (France)

CNCCC China National Chemical Construction Corporation

DMCC Dharamsi Morarji Chemical Co.Ltd. (India)

DSM Dutch State Mines - Stamicarbon (Netherlands)

EIL Engineers India Ltd.

FACT Fertilisers and Chemicals Travancore Ltd. (India)

FCI Fertiliser Corporation of India Ltd.

FEDO FACT Engineering and Design Organisation (India)

FPDIL Fertiliser (Planning and Development) India Ltd.

ICI Imperial Chemical Industries (UK)

PEC Société Potasse et Engrais Chimiques (France)

SIAPE Société Industrielle d'Acide Phosphorique et d'Engrais (Tunisia)

TEC Toyo Engineering Corporation (Japan)

TVA Tennessee Valley Authority (USA)

1

This first draft of the <u>Directory of Technological Capabilities in</u>

<u>Developing Countries Related to the Fertilizer Industry</u> has been compiled by

UNIDO as part of the programme to strengthen co-operation among developing

countries in the fertilizer industry recommended by the Second and Third

Consultations on this industry.

The Directory includes information currently available to UNIDO on capabilities existing in developing countries in the following five areas:

- Training facilities and programmes in plants, fertilizer associations and other institutions;
- 2. Fertilizer process technologies available for transfer;
- 3. Fertilizer producing companies, including details as to products, capacity, technology used, construction and equipment as well as major problems and achievements of these companies;
- 4. Engineering contracting firms which can design and construct fertilizer plants;
- 5. Manufacturers of equipment, spare parts and catalysts used in the fertilizer industry.

The purpose of the Directory is to facilitate co-operation among developing countries by making up-dated and authoritative information in these areas readily available to countries planning, developing or expanding their fertilizer industries. The necessity for a directory of this kind is demonstrated by the fact that participants at Consultations and other expert group meetings have often expressed their unawareness of existing capabilities in the fertilizer or fertilizer-related industries in other developing countries, which forces them to rely almost solely on developed countries' expertise, equipment and spares at high cost and long lead times although alternative expertise, spares and some equipment may be available nearby.

In order to define the practical scope and content of the Directory, a pilot field survey of the five Andean Group countries was carried out in June 1982 to ascertain the range of capabilities and achievements of the fertilizer industry in these countries. It was found that achievements of their fertilizer industry might be of interest to other developing countries but that most of the existing capabilities in engineering contracting, equipment manufacture, etc. were of a general nature and not fully proven by their fertilizer industry.

The pilot survey showed that the time and cost of undertaking an in-depth coverage of proven fertilizer-related capabilities in a representative number of developing countries was well above budget. Therefore, it was felt that a survey of 30 developing countries coupled with a search of information available in UNIDO would suffice, as this stage, to prepare a draft directory of technological capabilities as well as to show the interest of the surveyed countries in presenting their own capabilities in fertilizers.

The Terms of Reference, which were used as the questionnaire in the survey, and the list of countries surveyed, showing those which replied, are given in Tables I and II respectively.

This draft presents part A of the Directory, namely the country data sheets, which contain the information available on 60 developing countries by country for the five areas listed above. A sixth area will be added later covering raw material reserves; a first country listing of those reserves was included in the study "Mini Fertilizer Plant Projects" (UNIDO/IS.416) which has been presented to the Fourth Consultation on the Fertilizer Industry. Parts B and C of the Directory, cross reference of capabilities by country and region and company addresses, are under preparation.

The format used in presenting part A of the directory is described in the following country data sheet. The numbering of the sections for each country corresponds to the areas of information listed; if there is no information for an area, that section is omitted.

#### COUNTRY DATA SHEET

#### 1. Training facilities

The companies listed have reported that they have training facilities.

Those which have said that they can provide training for outside trainees are indicated. Further details are given under the headings:

- (a) description of facilities
- (b) types of training provided
- (c) areas of emphasis in training
- (d) organization: language, fees, etc.

## 2. Fertilizer process technologies available for transfer

(insofar as these have been made known to UNIDO)

- (a) description of technology
- (b) companies to which this technology has been transferred
- (c) conditions for transfer

### 3. Fertilizer production

Those fertilizer producing companies that are known to UNIDO are listed. Addresses will be given in part C of the Directory, which is in preparation. First a table is given for each company showing for each product the current capacity, current production, planned expansion of capacity, technology used in production, raw materials used and year production began. Further information, as far as it is available, is included under the following headings:

- (a) adaptations of equipment, etc. to suit local needs carried out by the company itself or by domestic firms
- (b) major problems encountered
- (c) major achievements
- (d) use of domestic engineering services
  - ) purchase of domestically produced equipment or spares

## 4. Domestic engineering contractors

Available information is given about the technical capabilities and services provided. Addresses will be listed in part C of the Directory, which is currently in preparation.

 Domestic manufacturers of equipment, spare parts and catalysts used in the fertilizer industry

Types of equipment, etc. produced are listed according to the list on the next page and the names of companies that are known to have produced them for fertilizer plants are given. Addresses will be listed in part C of the Directory, which is currently in preparation.

#### TYPES OF EQUIPMENT

#### 1. Standard equipment

Such as: water treatment, cooling towers, air seperation, air compression, filtration, materials handling, air conditioning/refrigeration

### 2. Fabricated equipment

- (a) Pressure vessels and reactors including synthesis convertors
- (b) Columns including towers, strippers, separators, etc.
- (c) Heat exchangers
- (d) Furnaces, vaste heat boilers
- (e) Storage tanks
- (f) gas holders and bunkers

## 3. Rotating equipment

- (a) Compressors: centrifugal, reciprocacing, axial, etc.
- (b) Fans and blowers
- (c) Pumps: water pumps, chemical pumps, etc.

#### 4. Power generation

- Boilers
- Steam turbines
- Power generators
- Transformers
- Motors

### 5. <u>Instrumentation</u>

- Electronic
- Pneumatic

## 6. Bulk supply materials

- Pipes and Tubes
- Forgings and pipe fittings
- Valves
- Castings

#### 7. Laboratory equipment

#### 8. Workshops equipment

#### TABLE I

#### TERMS OF REFERENCE

# INVENTORY OF TECHNOLOGICAL CAPABILITIES EXISTING IN THE DEVELOPING COUNTRIES RELATED TO THE FERTILIZER INDUSTRY

Specific information should be provided on the following:

- Training facilities in: plants, fertilizer associations, other institutions.
  - (a) facilities: classroom, audio-visual aids, simulator training, pilot plant
  - (b) training programmes for: operators, maintenance, instrumentation, foreman, engineer, management, marketing
  - (c) main areas of training: on-the-job, emphasis on training subjects
  - (d) organization: language of instruction, training for in-house and/or outside trainees, approximate fee per trainee.
- 2. Fertilizer process technologies available or transfer
  - (a) brief description of the technology
  - (b) references: List of companies to which the technology has been transfered
  - (c) brief description of the conditions for the transfer.

## Fertilizer production

- (a) List of fertilizer companies: products, capacity per product, raw materials, year production commenced, planned expansions on capacities and/or products, technology used, reference to purchases of locally produced equipment and/or use of domestic engineering services (engineering contractor, civil engineering)
- (b) main problem areas of the listed companies
- (c) main achievements of the listed companies

# 4. Engineering contractors for the design, construction and erection of fertilizer plants

- (a) List of engineering contractors: brief description of their technical capabilities and services
- (b) References: List of companies for which the contractor worked, brief description of the work performed indicating the year and total fees.

#### 5. Equipment manufacturers

. . . . .

- (a) List of national equipment manufacturers according to the attached list of types of equipment
- (b) References: Brief description of the equipment produced, indicating sales to local fertilizer plants and exports.
- (c) Local production of catalysts: List of producers, brief description of catalysts.
- (d) Local production of spare parts for fertilizer plants: List of producers, brief description of spare parts produced.

### 6. Raw material reserves

(a) Location of raw materials including current production and reserves (recoverable and potential). Brief description of their situation/problems.

The raw materials to be covered are the following:

i) nitrogenous: natural gas, petroleum,

coal, shale-oil;

ii) phosphates: phosphate rock, elementary

sulphur, recovered sulphur;

iii) potash: potassium chloride and

potassium sulphate ores.

#### 7. Directory of domestic producers

All the companies listed in the headings above, should be presented in a directory form by alphabetical order.

The directory should contain the full name of the company, its initials, full address including telephone and telex numbers, name of top official, name of person for further contact.

## TABLE II

# SURVEY OF TECHNOLOGICAL CAPABILITIES IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES RELATED TO THE FERTILIZER INDUSTRY

COUNTRY			ANSWER TO QUESTIONNAIRE
	YES	NO	PROMISED REPLY BUT NO ANSWER RECEIVED
ALGERIA	!	i i	X
ARGENTINA	•	:	X
BANGLADESH	X	:	
BRAZIL	:	· <b>x</b>	!
CHILE	X	:	
CHINA	x		1 1
COSTA RICA	•	X	} ;
CUBA	x	•	
EGYPT	:	<b>X</b>	
GUATEMALA	x	!	
IMDIA	X		
INDONESIA	<b>. x</b>	:	
JAMAICA		X	
JORDAN	:	· X	
KENYA	x	•	
KOREA, Rep. of	x	:	
MALAYSIA	٠	<u> </u>	x
MEXICO	•	X	
MOROCCO		x	
NIGERIA		X	
PAKISTAN	X		
PHILIPPINES	x	:	
SENEGAL	•	: , <b>X</b>	
SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC	· X	•	
TANZANIA, United Republic of	X	•	
Chilan	×		
TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO	X		
TUNISIA	X		
TURKEY	x		
ZIMBABWE		x	

Note: This survey does not include the five Andean Group countries, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, Venezuela and Bolivia, which were included in the pilot survey.

## COUNTRY DATA SHEETS

# A F R I C A

## ALGERIA

## 1. <u>Training facilities</u>

### Senatrach

- (a) Training centres in both production complexes;
- (b) In-house training for all levels of personnel.

# 3. Fertilizer Production

# Sonatrach

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	660,000	10.10, year	+ 330,000	Chemico,	Natural	1969, 1981,
			(1984)	Keilogg	gas	1982
Urea	132,000		!	Chemico		1969
Nitric Acid	660,000			Chemico,		1969, 1981,
				Stamicarbon		1982
Ammonium	825,000			Chemico,		1969, 1981,
				Stamicarbon		1982
Phosphoric Acid	165,000			Rhone Progil		1972
WCTO	P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>		,	Pechiney- Saint Gobain		
TSP	290,000	1 1 1	:	Rhône Progil		1972
DAP	132,000		! !	Rhone Progil		1972
NPK	225,000			Pechiney-		1972
Mixed fertil- izers		<b>!</b>		Saint Gebain		

# ALGERIA (cont'd)

# (b) Major problems encountered

4 main causes of production loss (in per cent of total average production loss)

PRODUCT CAUSES	Ammonia	Ammonium Nitrate	Phosphate fertilizer
Machines	36	44	37
Material	0	11	11
Work and Know-how	21	21	25
Environment	43	24	27
TOTAL	100	100	100

# CAMEROON

# 3. Fertilizer Production

Société Camérounaise des Engrais (SOCAME)

Preduct	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production
	tons/year	tons/year	tons/year			Started
		(1981/82)				
SSP	7,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>	-			imported	_977 (shutdown 1977)
Ammonium Sulphate	10,000 N				imported	1977
NPK mixed fertilizers	33,000	8,500 N			imported	1977

# IVORY COAST

# 3. Fertilizer Production

# Société Ivoirienne d'Engrais (SIVENG)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
		1981/82				
SSP		2,700 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>				1970
Ammonium Sulfate  NPK mixed fertilizers	4,000 N 45,000	2,000 N				1970

# <u>KENYA</u>

# 3. Fertilizer Production

National Agricultural Chemicals and Fertilizers, Ltd. (NACAF)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used		Year Production Started	:
Ammonia			175		Naphtha	••••	-
MAP/DAP	) :		390	Stamicarbon		•	
CAN			300	Stamicarbon		•••	- ;

## MADAGASCAR

# 3. Fertilizer Production

# Usines d'Engrais Chimiques de Tamatave Ze-ReN

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	55,000			i	Natural gas	1983
Urea	99,000					••••

# MAURITIUS

# 3. Fertilizer Production

# Mauritius Chemical and Fertilizer Industry Ltd.

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started	
	tons/year	tons/year (1982)				Started	
Nitric Acid	53,000					1975	
CAN		1,300 N					
NPK mixed fertilizers	120,000	7,000 N				1975	

## MOROCCO

#### 3. Fertilizer Production

## Maroc Chimie S.A. (Office Chérifien des Phosphates)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid	330,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			Rhône- Poulenc	Phosphate rock (domestic)	1965, 1972
TSP	369,000			Rhône- Poulenc		1965
DAP	132,000			Rhône- Poulenc		1972
NPK mixed fertilizers	137,000			Rhône- Poulenc		1973

# Maroc-Phosphore I (Ofrice Chérifien des Phosphates)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid	660,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			Nissan, Rhône- Poulenc		1976, 1981
MAP	396,000			Fisons		1976

## Maroc - Phosphore II (Office Chérifien des Phosphates)

Product	Capacity tons/year	\$ .	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started	:
Phosphoric Acid	495,000			Nissan		1982	<u>-</u>

# MOROCCC (cont'd)

# Office Chérifien des Phosphates

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid	; ; ; ;	12 x 165,000		Rhône- Poulenc		••••

# MOZAMBIQUE

## 3. Fertilizer Production

# Government of Mozambique, Fertilizer Plant at Maputo

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
		(1982)				
Ammonium Sulphate	62,000	12,000				1967
SSP	·	4,000				1967
NPK mixed fertilizers	120,000	4,000				1967

## SECH (Secretary of State for Coal and Hydrocarbons)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia Urea					Natural gas	Initial feasi- bility study completed

## NIGERIA

## 3. <u>Fertilizer Production</u>

# Federal Superphosphate Fertilizer Co.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	100,000	30,000		Haldor Topsoe	phosphate rock (im- ported from Togo) sulphur (imported)	1976

# National Fertilizer Company of Nigeria (NAFCON)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia Urea NPK mixed fertilizers			330,000 500,000 330,000	Kellogg Stamicarbon Jacobs	Natural gas	1985 1985 1985

### Webbs Fertilizers (Nigeria)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP			92,000	Fisons		1985
NPK mixed fertilizers			500,000			

### SENEGAL

# 3. Fertilizer Production

# Industries Chimiques du Senegal

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid			220,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>	Rhône- Poulene		1984
TSP			300,000	Heurtey/TVA		•••
DAP			224,000	Heurtey/TVA		

# Société Industrielle d'Engrais au Senegal (SIES)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid	23,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>	1		phosphate rock (do- mestic) sulphur (imported)		1968
TSP	28,000		 			1968
SSP						1968
NPK mixed fertilizers	116,000					1968

# SOMALIA

# Fertilizer Production

# Ministry of Industry

Product	Capacity tons/vear	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Esed	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia		50,000	Haldor Topsoe		1983
Urea		70,000	Snampro- getti !		1983

# SUDAN

# 3. <u>Fertilizer Production</u>

# Sudan ReN Chemicals and Fertilizers

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia			66,000	N-Ren	Naphta (imported)	1983
Urea			100,000	Scientific Design !		1983

# SWAZILAND

# 3. <u>Fertilizer Production</u>

# Swaziland Chemical Industries

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium Nitrate	75,000	10,000				
Mixed Fertilizers	180,000			Fisons		1977

#### TANZANIA

### 1. Training facilities

Tanzania Fertilizer Company Ltd.

- (a) In-house training school;
- (b) 3-year course for mechanical apprentices.

Kilwa Ammonia Company Ltd. (Kilamco)

- (a) Under construction;
- (b) Programme of in-house training for all levels of personnel in preparation.

# 3. Fertilizer Production

Kilwa Ammonia Company (Kilamco)
(c/o Tanzania Petroleum Development Corporation)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/day	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia			1350	i_	Natural gas	1987
Urea			1725	Snampro- getti		

# TANZANIA (cont'd)

### Tanzania Fertilizer Company Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid	82.5			Pechiney- Saint Gobain	imported	1972
TSP	266			SPIE Batig- nolles/DSM	imported	1972
Ammonium . Sulphate	120			Standard Messo Duis- berg	imported	1972
NPK	300			Northwest Engineering BV	<b>Imported</b>	1972

## (b) Major problems encountered

Lack of raw materials which are all imported and require hard currency for purchase.

Difficulty obtaining spare parts, most of which are imported.

Lack of skilled manpower.

# TOGO

# 3. Fertilizer Production

# Société Togolaise des Engrais

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid			165,00 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			••••
TSP			450,000			••••
NPK mixed fertilizers			370,000			••••

#### TUNISIA

#### 1. Training facilities

Training for all fertilizer producing companies in the country is carried out both in the factories themselves and in training centres.

#### 2. Fertilizer process technologies available for transfer

- (a) Processes for the production of phosphoric acid and TSP using low-grade phosphates with a high impurity content have been developed by SIAPE (Société Industrielle d'Acide Phosphorique et d'Engrais)
- (b) These processes are used by all units of the Tunisian Chemical Group (SIAPE itself, ICM, SAEPE and I.C.G.) as well as by Azot Snayii TAS, in Samsun, Turkey and Phosphoric Fertilizers Industry in Kavala, Greece.
- (c) Processes can be transferred under a technology transfer agreement; licensing fee to be determined by capacity; basic engineering can be supplied as well supervision of construction and erection if required.

#### 3. Fertilizer Production

#### Engrais de Gabès

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
МАР	100,000			S.A.I.		1976
DAP			430,000	Cros		1935
NFK mixed fertilizers			500,000	Cros		1985

#### Industries Chimiques de Gafsa (ICG)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid (28%)			167,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>		SIAPE	1984
TSP			400,000		SIAPE	1984

# TUNISIA (cont'd)

## Industries Chimiques Maghrebiennes (ICM)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid (28% and 54%) Phosphoric Acid	250,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub> 160,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			SIAPE SIAPE	phosphate rock (dom- estic) sulphur (imported)	1982
TSP	100,000			SIAPE		1972

# Société Arabe des Engrais Phosphatés et Azotés (SAEPA)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid (28%)	330,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			SIAPE		1979
Phosphoric Acid (54%)	280,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			Rhône, Progil		1979
DAP	330,000			TVA/Heurtey		1979
Nitric Acid	280,000			Grande Paroisse		1983
Ammonium Nitrate	3 30,000			Kaltenbach		1983

## TUNISIA (cont'd)

## Société de Développement des Industries Chimiques du Sud (SDICS)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Potassium Sulphate			140,000			1986

## Société Industrielle d'Acide Phosphorique et d'Engrais (SIAPE)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid (28%)	180,000 P <sub>2</sub> ° <sub>5</sub>		+ 360,000 (1985)	SIAPE	phosphate rock (dom- estic) sulphur (imported)	(1952), 1964, 1973
Phosphoric Acid (70%)			330,000	SIAPE		1985
TSP	600,000			SIAPE		1954, 1964, 1969

#### TUNISIA (cont'd)

#### Société Tunisienne d'Engrais Chimiques (STEC)

	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	1	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	50,000					

#### 4. Domestic Engineering Contractors

Tunisie Engineering et Construction Industrielle (TECI):

capabilities cover all phases of project design and implementation; currently engaged to construct a new superphosphoric acid unit for SIAPE

## 5. Domestic manufacturers of equipment, spare parts and catalysts

#### (1) Standard equipment

ACMG

COMEC

Le Confort

CSR

SCIN

SGI

SOTECOM

#### (2) Fabricated equipment

**ACMG** 

COMEC

SAMMI

SCIN

SGI

SOTECOM

#### (6) Bulk supply materials

Fonderies reunies

SGI

SOFOMECA

#### 'AMBIA

#### l. Training facilities

Nitrogen chemicals of Zambia, Ltd.

- (b) On-the-job training
- (d) Employees were trained abroad when new technologies were introduced

#### 3. Fertilizer Production

Nitrogen Chemicals of Zambia, Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	90,000			coal gasifi-	coal(dom- estic)	1970, 1981
Nitric Acid	121,000					1970, 1981
Ammonium Nitrate	139,000					1970, 1981
Ammonium Sulphate	50,000					1981
NPK mixed fertilizers	142,000				imported phosphate and pot-ash intermediates	1981

#### (b) Major problems encountered

Imported raw materials: necessity of ordering materials up to two years in advance, transportation problems (Zambia is a land-locked country) and storage charges lead to high costs.

Imported equipment and spare parts: necessity of importing all process equipment means that damage to a major item can cause proplonged shutdowns while waiting for delivery. Also lack of foreign exchange can make it difficult to obtain critically needed spare parts at short notice.

Short supply of manpower.

#### ZIMBABWE

#### Fertilizer Production

#### Sable Chemical Industries Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	110,000			electrol- ysis of water		1972
Ammonium Nitrate	240,000					1969
Nitric Acid	135,000					1969

#### Windmill (Private) Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	, .,	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
NPK mixed fertilizers	165,000					1960

#### Zimbabwe Fertilizer Corporation Ltd. (ZFC)

		_	1	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
_	NPK mixed fertilizers					1951, 1956

#### (a) Equipment adaptation, etc.

ZFC carried out modifications with regard to debottlenecking and increased reliability of equipment in its two granular fertilizer plants resulting in increasing operating rates from 11 t/hr to 18 t/hr at one plant and from 9 t/hr to 15 t/hr at the other. Locally designed and built equipment and modifications improved the raw material intake system (automatic batch weighing system, crushing and mixing processes), the granulation process, the drying equipment, the cooling systems, the screening and oversize crushing equipment, and the bagging amd loading equipment as well as adding a process to coat the product.

## ZIMBABWE (cont'd) - 2

## Zimbabwe Phosphate Industries (Zimphos)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Tear Production Started
Phosphoric Acid	20,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>				phosphate rock (domestic)	1958
TSP						
SSP						

#### BANGLADESH

#### 1. Training facilities

Bangladesh Chemical Industries Corporation (BCIC)

- (a) Central Training Institute for all fertilizer industries being built; will include simulator from Simtran; currently training provided in each factory under BCIC;
- (b) In-house training; training abroad for operating and maintenance executives.

#### 3. Fertilizer production

The plants at Fenchuganj, Chittacong and Ghorasal are operated or are being built under the Bangladesh Chemical Industries Corporation (BCIC).

#### Natural Gas Fertilizer Factory (NGFF), Fenchuganj

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	66,000			CHEMICO	Natural Gas	1961
Urea	106,000			CHEMICO		1961
Armonium Sulphate	12,000			MITSUBISHI	A, raw sulphur (imported)	1969

#### (b) Major problems encountered

Age of plant: rehabilitation (1978-79) permitted achievement of 100% rated capacity, but capacity again reduced due to frequent breakdown; second rehabilitation of plant should be completed in 1985.

#### Phosphate Fertilizer Complex I (TSP-I), Patenga, Chittacong

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
TSP	32,000			Dihydrate process		1977 (previously SSP, starting 1969)

#### BANGLADESH (cont'd)

#### Phosphate Pertilizer Complex II, (TSP-II), Patenga, Chittacong

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid				Nissan		1974
TSP	120,000			Nissan		1974

#### (b) Major problems encountered

- Water supply: plant designed for deep tubewell water source gradually dries up and becomes too saline leading to use of high salinity water in process and cooling;
- Equipment failure, particularly due to corrosion;
- Shortage of raw materials;
- Power failures;
- Rehabilitation scheme to be completed by end of 1985 should allow plant to reach rated capacity.

#### Urea Fertilizer Factory Ltd. (UFFL), Ghorasal

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Froduction Started
Ammonia	200,000			ICI	Natural Gas	1970
Urea	340,000			Mitsui Toatsu		1970

#### BANGLADESH (cont'd)

#### UFFL (cont'd)

## (b) Major problems encountered

Abnormal downtime due to unwanted tripping of the plant and other mechanical breakdowns;

Overhaul (1978) reduced downtime due to instrumentation problems, but problem of mechanical breakdowns remains;

Maximum output ever achieved was 95% of capacity per stream day; production now averages 85% of rated capacity; maximum stream days per year achieved is 276;

Planned rehabilitation: December 1984 - March 1985.

#### Urea Fertilizer Factory No. II, Ghorasal

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia			60,000	Chinese	Natural Gas	1984/85 (expected)
Urea			100,000	Chinese		

# Zia Fertilizer Chemical Co. Ltd. (ZFCL) - Ashuganj Fertilizer and Chemical Complex

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	310,000			UHDE	Natural Gas	1981
Urea	528,000			Stamicarbon		

#### (b) Major problems encountered

- Severe time and cost overruns in construction and erection:
- Teething problems after commissioning December 1981;
- Damage to equipment and difficulty of replacement leading to lengthy shutdowns;

## BANGLADESH (cont'd)

#### ZFCL (cont'd)

- Shutdown from October 1982 due to failure of super heater tubes in package boiler and mechanical failure of tube sheet and refractories of process gas cooler.

#### Polash Urea Fertilizer Factory (PUFF), Ghorasal, Polash, Dhaka

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production		Technology Used	Year Production Started	
Urea			95,000	Chinese	1985	

#### Chittacong Urea Fertilizer Factory Ltd. (CUFL)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia   Urea			330,000 561,000			1986-87 1986-87

#### Karnaphuly Fertilizer Ltd. (KFL)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started	
Ammonia			330,000			••••	
Urea			561,000				

## BURMA

## 3. Fertilizer Production

## Petrochemical Industries Group

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	80,000			UHDE, CHEMICO	Natural Gas	1971, 1972
Ürea	135,000			Stamicarbon Mitsui Toatsu		1971, 1972
Ammonia			60,000	••••		1983
Urea			86,000	Stamicarbon		1983
Ammonia			120,000	UHDE		1984
Urea			200,000	Stamicarbon		1984

#### CHINA

#### 1. Training facilities

Ministry of Chemical Industry

- (b) Training programmes for: operators, repair and maintenance personnel for machinery, electricity and instrumentation, foremen, engineers and management personnel; refresher courses at regular intervals for all personnel;
- (c) Both theoretical, classroom training and in-plant practice; usually workers, engineers, technicians and administrative personnel spend more than 6 months practicing in a running plant of the same type before being allowed to operate alone in a newly commissioned plant;
- (d) Foreign trainees accepted; English interpreters or English-speaking teachers provided; course fees approximately US\$ 400 per person per month, not including cost of accommodation, meals, medical treatment and transport.

#### 2. Fertilizer process technologies available for transfer

(a) Process technologies and all equipment can be supplied for:

Nitrogen fertilizers - ammonia plants with a capacity of 30-200 tpd, using natural gas, refinery gas, coke oven gas, anthracite or heavy oil as raw materials; products such as urea, ammonium bicarbonate, ammonium sulphate, ammonium nitrate, aqueous ammonia, liquid ammonia, etc.

Phosphate fertilizers - superphosphate fertilizer plants with a capacity of 100,000-400,000 t/yr and fused calcium magnesium fertilizers plants with a capacity of 50,000-100,000 t/yr.

(b) Foreign companies to which this technology has been transferred include:

Ammonia/Urea Plants :

Pak-China Urea Fertilizer Plant, Hazara, Pakistan Polash Urea Fertilizer Factory, Dacca, Bangladesh Jiang Bei Nitrogen Fertilizer Plant, Viet Nam New Fee Li Nitrogen Fertilizer Plant, Albania

Ammonia/Ammonium Nitrate :

Fee Li Nitrogen Fertilizer Plant, Albania

Ground phosphate rock:

Jin Zhuan Phosphorous Fertilizer Plant, Democratic Kampuchea

Fused calcium magnesium phosphate:

Wen Di Phosphorous Fertilizer Plant, Viet Nam

Superphosphate:

La Qi Phosphorous Fertilizer Plant, Albania

(c) Conditions for transfer: Plants can be built and all engineering and consultancy services can be provided including personnel training, etc. Also construction can be carried out using foreign technologies.

#### 3. Fertilizer Production

There are more than 2,200 small-, medium- and large-scale fertilizer plants in China, over 1400 producing nitrogenous fertilizers and over 700 producing phosphatic fertilizers. The total output of chemical fertilizer production was about 10 million tons N, 2.3 million tons  $P_2$ 0 and 20,000 tons  $R_2$ 0 in 1980.

The more than 1300 small nitrogenous fertilizer plants each produce 5,000-20,000 t/yr of ammonia; the final products are generally ammonium bicarbonate and aqueous ammonia. Nearly all use anthracite as the raw material; a few use natural gas or heavy oil. As supplies of lump anthracite are inadequate, powdered anthracite is processed into briquettes; carbonated coal briquettes are used as raw material for ammonia synthesis in over 700 small plants. These small plants produced about 8.2 million tons of ammonia in 1980, approximately 55 per cent of the country's total output of ammonia. The advantages of these plants are: a rather short technical process, low investment, fast erection and the full utilization of the country's widely scattered coal resources.

The commercial production of phosphatic fertilizers in the country began only in 1955 with an annual output of 1,400 tons. Now there are small phosphatic fertilizer dants in more than one-third of the country's counties, producing more than 90 per cent of the total. The products are mainly single superphosphate and calcium magnesium phosphate, with small quantities of basic slag, dicalcium phosphates, ammonium phosphates, nitro-phosphates, NPK complex fertilizers, etc.

Except for the large-scale (1000 t/d) ammonia plants that have been imported from abroad (13 plants between 1976 and 1979), all the fertilizer plants have been built using domestic technology, engineering services, plant equipment and catalysts. Complete sets of equipment for more than 30 ammonia installations, each with a capacity of 200 t/d, have been produced. Mass production of equipment is increasing; more than 700 complete sets of equipment for small-sized nitrogenous fertilizer plants were produced by the machinery and electric industries in Shanghai between 1970 and 1982. While spare parts for large-and medium-scale plants, which must meet high standards, are centrally provided by the Ministry of Chemical Industry, those for small plants, which are easier to produce, are furnished by locally-owned enterprises. The industrial chemicals needed are produced under unified planning.

Future plans for the fertilizer industry include giving more weight to the production of phosphate and potash fertilizers as well as developing high-analysis complex or mixed fertilizers.

The following tables give information on the large-scale fertilizer plants, first those built with domestic technology and then those using imported technology.

## Anda, Heilongjiang Province

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	240			C/:CCC	Associated gas	1970
Nitric Acid Ammonium Nitrate	270 500			CNCCC		1970 1970

# Zibo, Shandong Province

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	240			CNCCC	Refinery gas	1973
Urea	360			CNCCC		1973

## Panjin, Liaoning Province

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	240			CNCCC	Associated gas	1975
Urea	360			CNCCC		1975

## Shandong Province

Product	Capacity tons/day	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	240		czccc	Coke or anthracite	1971
Urea	360		CNCCC		1971

#### Tangshan, Hebei Province

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Flanned Expansion	fechnology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	240		-	CNCCC	Cake or anthracite	1972
Urea	360			CNCCC		1972

## Hua County, Shanxi Province

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	240			CNCCC	Coke or anthracite	1977
Urea	360			CNCCC		1977

## Nanchang, Jianxi Province

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Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	· ·	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	180			CNCCC	Coke or anthracite	1966
Ammonium bicarbonate	720			CNCCC		1966

## Jinan, Shandong Province

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	180			CXCCC	Coke or anthracite	1976
Ammonium bicarbonate	720			CNCCC		1976

## Guangzhou, Guangdong Province

Product		Current Production	1	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	240			CNCCC	Heavy oil	1977

## Nanjing, Jiangsu Province

Product	Capacity	Current Production	•	, ,,	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	240			CNCCC	Heavy oil	1977

## Quzhou, Zhejiang Province

Product	Capacity tons/day	Production	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Armonia	240		CNCCC	Heavy oil	1978

#### Congching, Sichuan Province

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started	
Ammonium bicarbonate	120			CNCCC	Natural gas	1970	

## Sindu, Sichuan Province

Product	Capacity tons/day	1	Flanned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium bicarbonate	160-200			CNCCC	Natural gas	1974

#### Lansi, Zhejiang Province

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium bicarbonate	120			CNCCC	Heavy oil	1968

## Tongxiang, Zhejiang Province

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Armonium bicarbonate	200				Anthracite Coal briquettes	1966

## Jiading Shanghai

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Technology Used		Year Production Started
Ammonium bicarbonate	240		CNCCC	anthracite	1961

## Taichang, Jiangsu Province

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium bicarbonate	200			CNCCC	coal briquettes	••••

## Kinghua, Jiangsu Province

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Flanned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium bicarbonate	160			CNCCC	anthracite or coke	1969

## Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Sterted
Ammonia (intermediate	75			CNCCC	anthracite	1977
Ammonia Chloride	30			CNCCC	A, salt	1977
Soda ash	30			CNCCC		1977

## Sianyungang, Jiangsu Province

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia (intermediate)	150			CNCCC	anthracite	1979
Ammonia chloride	60			CNCCC	A, salt	1979
Soda ash	60			CNCCC		1979

# Zhanjiang, Guangdong Province

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Superphos- phate	650			CNCCC	phosphate rock, pyrite	1962

## Zhizhong, Sichuan Province

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Froduction Started
Superphos- phate	300			CNCCC	phosphate rock, pyrite	1973

## Ninjing, Jiangsu Province

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Flanned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium phosphate	140			CNCCC	A, phos- phate rock	1958

#### Shaoxing, Zhejiang Province

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Calcium- magnesium phosphate	600			CNCCC	Coke, phosphate rock	1965

#### Fertilizer plants constructed in co-operation with foreign companies

## Sichuan Chemical Plant, Sichuan Province

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	330,000			Kellogg	Natural gas	1976
Urea	540,000			Тоуо		1976

#### Qi Luo Petro-chemical Corporation, Shandong Province

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	330,000			Kellogg	Natural gas	1976
Urea	540,000		<u> </u>	Toyo		1976

#### Ru Zhou Natural Gas Chemical Plant

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	330,000			Kellogg	Natural gas	1976
Urea	540,000			Stamicarbon		1976

#### Yunan Natural Gas Chemical Plant, Shuifu, Yunan Province

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Armonia	330,000			Kellogg	Natural gas	1979
Urea	540,000			Stamicarbon		1979

# Chi Shui Natural Gas Chemical Plant, Guizhou Province

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	330,000			Kellogg	Natural gas	1979
Urea	540,000			Stamicarbon		1979

#### Liao He Fertilizer Plant

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	330,000			Kellogg	Natural gas	1976
Urea	540,000			Stamicarbon		1976

#### Chenzhou Fertilizer Plant

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	330,000			Kellogg	Natural gas	1977
Urea	540,000			Stamicarbon		1977

## Da Ching Petro-chemical Complex

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	330,000			Kellogg	Natural gas	1977
Urea	540,000			Stamicarbon		1977

## Tong Ting Nitrogen Fertilizer Plant, Hunan Province

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	330,000			Kellogg	Naphtha	1979
Urea	540,000			Stamicarbon		1979

## Hubei Fertilizer Plant

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia Urea	330,000 540,000			Kellogg Stamicarbon	Naphtha	1979 1979

## Qixia Shan Pertilizer Plant, Nanjing, Jiangsu

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	330,000			Haldor Topsoe	Naphtha	1978
Urea	540,000.			Stamicarbon		1978

## Guangzhou Petro-chemical Plant

Product	Capacity tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	330,000			Light oil	1979
Urea	540,000		Stamicarbon		1979

#### An Qing Petro-chemical Complex, Anhui Province

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	330,000			Haldor Topsoe	Light oil	1979
Urea	540,000			Stamicarbon		1979

#### Weizhizhin, Shantung Province

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Nitric Acid			595,000	Grande Paroisse		1982
NPK			990,000	Norsk Hydro		1987

#### 4. Domestic engineering contractors

China National Chemical Construction Corporation (CNCCC)

- state-owned enterprise engaged in importing and exporting technology and equipment for chemical and petrochemical plants;
- has constructed dozens of complete plants for producing fertilizers and other chemical products;
- has co-operated with foreign firms in constructing large capacity modern fertilizer and petrochemical plants inside China;
- services offered include feasibility studies, job-site selection, survey, design, equipment and material supply, construction and erection, training technical personnel and technical direction for plant operation.

China National Complete Set Equipment Export Corporation

- co-operates with CNCCC in the construction of fertilizer industry projects for foreign countries.

#### 5. Domestic manufacturers of equipment, spare parts and catalysts

All types of equipment from complete plants to spare parts as well as custom fabrication of equipment to customers' specifications:

China National Chemical Construction Corporation (CNCCC)

Mechanical and electrical equipment, tools and instruments:

China National Machinery and Equipment Import and Export Corporation

China National Machinery Import and Export Corporation

Chemical products and catalysts:

China National Chemicals Import and Export Corporation

China National Scientific Apparatus and Materials Company

#### INDLA

#### 1. Training facilities

Fertilizer Association of India (FAI)

- (b) Series of training courses in management and production technology in fertilizer industries covering such aspects as: marketing management, logistics of fertilizer distribution, energy conservation in a fertilizer unit, air pollution control in the fertilizer industry, plant management, fertilizer promotion, instrumentation, maintenance corrosion and water treatment, etc.
- (d) Outside trainees accepted; language of instruction: English; course duration: 2-13 days; course fees Rs. 700 7,500.

Fertilizer Corporation of India Ltd., Sindri Unit

- (b) Training programme in process instrumentation and control in fertilizer industries
- (d) Outside trainees accepted; language of instruction: English; fee to be arranged.

Most major manufacturers in the country have extensive training facilities attached to their plants for different categories of employees: skilled technicians, operators and engineers etc. Besides training their own employees they are increasingly providing training for other fertilizer companies in India and in neighbouring countries.

#### 2. Fertilizer process technologies available for transfer

Capabilities for designing and constructing fertilizer plants for a wide variety of products, using many different feedstocks and technologies, are available from design and construction organizations in India. Some of the processes and products are: ammonia from natural gas, naphtha, fuel oil or coal, urea, nitric acid, sulphuric acid up to 1,000 tpd, phosphoric acid up to 400 tpd P205, complex fertilizers (phosphatic) as well as SSP. Even for those processes where the expertise is to be purchased abroad, Indian companies are capable of providing technical evaluation, basic and detailed engineering, procurement, construction services and commissioning.

Further information is contained in the booklet "Fertiliser Industry Technical Capability in India", available from the Fertiliser Association of India (FAI), Near Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi 110 067, India.

## 3. Fertilizer production

## Adarsh Chemicals and Fertilisers, Udhna (Gujarat)

Product	1	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year		Technology Used	•	Year Production Started	
SSP	136,000	58,224	•	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1962, 1960	

## Agricultural Sales Corpn., Patiala (Punjab)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	7	Technology Used	Year Production Started
SSP	66,000				1982

## Andhra Fertilisers, Tadepalle (Andhra Pradesh)

Product		Technology Used	Materials	Year Production Started	
SSP	37,610			1960	

## Anchra Sugars Tanuku (Andhra Pracesh)

Product			Technology Used		
SSF	33,530	20,101	: !	! •	1961

#### Anil Starch Products, Bhavnagar (Gujarat)

Product	Capacity	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	33,530	13,412				1947, 1964

#### Anish Chemicals, Ahmedabad (Gujarat)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	9,000	3,570				1972, 1977

## Chemical unit of Associated Industries (Assam) Ltd., Chandrapur (Assam)

Product	Capacity tons/year	(1079/70)	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	33,530	7,014				1963, 1975

## Bharat Alums and Chemicals, Alwar (Rajasthan)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	66,000					1980

## Bharat Fertiliser Industries, Bombay (Maharashtra)

Product		Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Materials	Year Production Started	
SSP	22,500	21,077				1968	;

## Bihar Caustic and Chemicals, Unit: Palamau (Bihar)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production		Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium Chloride			26,000		Ammonia, Common salt	1982/83

# Bihar State Superphosphate Factory, Sindri Institute (Bihar)

Product	:	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	23,470	308, ۲	; ; ;			1958

## Bakaro Steel, Enkarn (Bihar)

Product	•	Production	Planned Expansion	Terunology Used	, Raw   Materials	
	inns year				:	Etartyá 
Ammonium Sulphace	36,300	22,39ė	!		Coke oven	1971, 1973, 1977

## Chamundi Chemicals and Fertilisers, Munirabad (Karnataka)

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	40,640					1963 (closed since 1971)

## Coimbatore Pioneer Fertilisers, Coimbatore (Tamil Nadu)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	40,640	21,729				1966

## Coromandel Fertilisers, Visakhapatnam (Andhra Pradesh)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	84,000	67,017		ICI/Kellogg	Naphtha	1967
Urea	132,000	• • • •		CPI Allied		1967
Phosphoric acid	104,000 P <sub>2</sub> 05	69,139		Dorr-Oliver		1968, 1976
NPK/UAP	347,500	244,497		Wellman Lord, TVA		1968, 1976

## Dalmia Dairies, Mohindergarh (Haryana)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	Technology Used	ĭ	Year Production Started	
SSF	66,000				1982	-

# DCM Chemical Works - Unit: Bhatinda (Punjab)

Product	Capacity tons/year	1		Technology Used	Year Production Started
SSP			72,000		1983

## DCM Chemical Works - Unit: Delhi (Delhi)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	t .	Technology Used	Year Production Started
SS?	144,000	119,130			1946, 1965

## Deepak Fertilizers and Products - Unit: Talofa (Maharashtra)

Product	Capacity  [thus   year	'Production	Planned Expandion	Technology   Used  -	Raw Materials	Tear Production Started	
Amonia	100,000		:	Halder Topsoe	Associated Gas (from Bomba High)		:

## Dharamsi Morarji Chemical Co. - Unit: Ambernath (Maharashtra)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Fxpansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric acid	12,150 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			Prayon		1968
SSP	146,320	152,209				1924, 1973
TSP	27,000	1,496		DMCC		1968

#### Dharamsi Morarji Chemical Co. - Unit: Kumhari (Madhya Pradesh)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	161,000	95,383				1961, 1973 1980

#### Dharuhera Chemicals, Dharhera (Haryana)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	66,000					1981 (planned)

#### EID-Parry (India), Ennore (Tamil Nadu)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	16,000	8,095		Casale	Naptha	1963
Phosphoric acid	10,300 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>	10,118		Prayon		1963
APS	51,480	50,592		Dorr-Oliver		1963
AS	38,610					1968

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# EID - Parry (India), Ranipet (Tamil Nadu)

Product		Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	40,000	39,830				1906

## Fertilisers and Chemicals Travancore, Alwaye (Kerala)

Product	Capacity	Current Production		Technology	l .	Year
	tons/year	(1079/70)	Expansion	CSec	Aaterials	Production Started
Ammonia	82,000	49,691		ICI	Naptha	1947, 1960, 1962, 1967. 1971
Phosphoric acid	36,200	22,401	: : :	Prayon/ Dorr-Oliver		1960
Ammonium Sulphate	198,000	137,505	:	Power Gas/ FACT	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1947, 1967
Ammonium Phosphate			: :	: : : : :		• • •
Sulphate: 20-20-0 16-20-0	49,000 132,000	42,673 69,334		Dorr-Oliver		1960, 1971
Ammonium Chloride	24,750	6,953		Krebs	! !	1967
SSP	44,700	33,699		:	:	19 <b>-</b> 8

## Fertilisers and Chemicals Travancore, Ambalamedu - Cochin Phase 1 (Kerala)

Product		Corrent Crostition Clyfr Constress	Bil maké Tungian	Tedinin legy Nasa F	Raw Materiols	Vrit Prijst, m siirieu	
Ammonia	152,000	<b>85,</b> 659	3	Montedison	Naptha	1973	<del></del> .
Urea	330,000	186,216	•	!   Montedison		1973 	

# - 61 - INDIA (cont'd)

## Fertilisers and Chemicals, Travancore, Ambalamedu - Cochin-Phase II (Kerala)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tous/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric acid	114,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>	43,750		Prayon		1976
NP/NPKs 17-17-17 28-28-0 18-46-0	485,000	2,975 48,815 64,295	+ 64,000 (1984-85)	Wellman Lord		1976

# Fertilizer Corporation of India - Unit: Gorkhpur (Uttar Pradesh)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978-79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	131,000	88, 414		CHEMICO, TEC	Naphtha	1969, 1975
Urea	284,920	192,206		Mitsui Toatsu		1969, 1975

## Fertilizer Corporation of India - Unit: Korba (Madhya Pradesh)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Naw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia Urea			228,000	Montedison Montedison	Coal	1986 1986

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# Fertilizer Corporation of India - Unit: Ramagundam (Andhra Pradesh)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production		Technology Used	Material's	Year Production Started	
Ammonia	228,000		·	Montedison	Coal	1980	: :
Urea	495,000			Montedison		1979	

## <u>Fertilizer Corporation of India - Unit: Sindri</u> (Bibar)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	219,000	cons, year		CHEMICO, Montedison, Halder Topsoe	Fuel oil, naphtha	1951, 1979
Urea	330,000		!	Montedison		1959, 1979
Ammonium Sulphate	320,000			ICI		1951, 1979
Phosphoric acid	119,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>	1,447		- Prayon	!	1977, 1979
TSP	340,000	3,146		FPDIL (Indian)	· : !	1977, 1979

## Fertilizer Corporation of India - Unit: Talcher Orissa

Periout		Prosuction	Technology Used	Materials		:
Ammonia	228,000		Montedison	Coal	1950	
Urea	495,000		Montedison		j.	

## Pertilizer Corporation of India, Trombay

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	297,000			Topsoe		1982

## Gammon Fer-Chems, Belagula (Karnataka)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	33,000	39,778				1941, 1976

## Girraj Fertilisers and Chemicals, Shikohabad (Uttar Pradesh)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	9,000				1979

# Gujarat Narmada \_\_ey Fertilizers Co., Bharuch (Gujarat)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	430,000			Topsoe	Fuel oil	1981
Urea	594,000			Snam- progetti		1981

# Gujarat State Fertilisers Co., Baroda (Gujarat)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	236,000	165,174		Casale	natural gas; naphtha	1967, 1969
Urea	364,000	241,944		Mitsui Toatsu		1967, 1969
Ammonium Sulphate	148,000	193,152		ICI		1974
Phosphoric acid	50,000 P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	36,011		Nissan		1967
DAP	108,000	78,285		CHEMICO		1967

# Haryana State Industrial Development Corporation, Panipat (Haryana)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production		Technology Used		Year Production Started	
SSP	66,000	P agging a dige :			!	1982	
TSP			55,000		# # #	1984-85	
151	!		33,000			13503	

## Hindustan Chemicals, Bhilwara (Rajasthan)

Product	Capacity	Current Freduction	: Planned   Expansion	Technology   Used	Materials	Production	:
	tons/year	·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	·	Started	: :
SSP	5,000			1		:   1950 	: i

## Hindustan Copper, Khetri (Rajasthan)

Product	Capacity tons/year	(1070/70)	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric acid	90,000	12,864		Prayon		1976
SSP	n.a.	37,240				1976
TSP	200,000	15,012		FEDO		1976

#### Hindustan Fertilizer Corporation - Unit: Barauni (Bibar)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia Urea	152,000	53,224 115,704		Montedison Montedison	Naptha	1976 1976

## Hindustan Fertilizer Corporation - Unit: Durgapur (West Bengal)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started	
Ammonia	152,000	37,812	! !	Montedison	Naphtha	1974	
Urea	330,000	82,200		Montedison		74	!

# Hindustan Fertilizer Corporation - Unit: Haldia (West Bengal)

Product	Capacity	Current Production		Technology Used		Year Production	
	tons year	·	<u> </u>	:		Startes	
Ammonia	152,000	:		Montedison	Fuel cil	1981	
Urea	167,400		•	Montedison	•	1981	
Phosphoric acid	75,000			Nissan	:	1982	
Nitric acid	160,000		:	Indian/Ensa France	; TR :	1982	
Nitro- phosphate	:		•	Indian/			
20-20-0	375,000		:	Stamicarbon	:	1952	
Soda Ash	60,000	:		CLE	1	1982	
Methanol	41,250	1	+	Topsoe	i	1982	

## Hindustan Fertilizer Corporation - Unit: Namrup (Assam)

Product	•	Production	•	Technology 'Used	Materiols	Year Production
	lons/year	(1978/79) tons/year	tons/year	·		Started
Ammonia	197,000	114,169	+ 152,000 (198+)	CHEMICO, Montedison, Haldor Topsoe	Natural gas	: 1969, 1976 :
Urea	385,000	215,511	•	Selas, Montedison, Haldor Topsoe		1969, 1976
Ammonium Sulphate	100,000	72,983	4	Indian/ FPDIL		19 <del>09</del>

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## Hindustan Fertiliser Industries, Madrij (Rajasthan)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	ì	Technology Used	Year Production Started	- -
. SSP	8,250	5,062			1977	

## Hindustan Lever Haldia (West Bengal)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric acid	19,500 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>		Prayon		1979

## Hindustan Zinc, Debarj, Udaipur (Rajasthan)

Product	Capacity tons/year	i /1079/70\	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP Phosphoric	75,000 26,000	31,806		Krebs		1967 1979
acid	P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>					

## Hyderabad Chemicals and Fertilisers, Maula Ali (Andhra Pradosh)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Technology Used	Year Production Started
SSP	41,900	15,405		1946, 1963

# Indian Explosives, Panki (Uttar Pradesh)

Product		/1078/70)	Planned Expansion	Technology Used		Year Production Started	- -
Ammonia	307,000	185,347		ıcı	Naphtha	1969, 1981	į
Urea	675,000	402,928		Mitsui Toatsu		1969, 1981	
! !			:			[ ]	

## Indian Farmers Fertiliser Cooperative - Unit: Hazira (2 plants)

Product	Capacity tens/year	Current Production		Technology Used		Year Production Started	
Ammonia			2x445,500	Kellogg	Natural gas		

## Indian Farmers Fertiliser Cooperative, Kandja and Kalol (Gujarat)

Product		Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion tons, year	Technology Used	Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	215,000	231,794		:  Kellogg 	Macural   Gas	: 
Ures	390 <b>,0</b> 00	360.460		Stamicarbon		1975
NPH	1.300,000	562,960	,	Dorr-Oliver	i	1974. 1981
Phosphoric acid			127,000	i 	*	1984

## Indian Farmers Fertiliser Cooperative - Unit: Phulpur (Uttar Pradesh)

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	5	Year Production Started	
Ammonia	228,000		<u>:</u>	Kellogg	Naphtha	1980	
Urea	495,000			Snam- progetti		1980	
						: !	

## Industrial Supplies and Services, Udajpur (Rajastan)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started	
SSP	66,000					1982	-:

#### Jayshree Chemicals and Fertilisers, Khardah (W. Bengal)

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used		Year Production
	tons/year	(1978/79) tons/year				Started
SSP	123,360	53,463				1961, 1973,
						. 1982 i
<u> </u>		! •		1	<u> </u>	

## J.K. Chemical Works, Pandesara (Gujarat)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	Technology Used	Year Production Started	
SSP	3,600			1979	

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## Khicha Industries, Udalpur (Rajasthan)

Product	Capacity	Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Materials	Year Production Started	
SSP	3,600		!			1980	_

## Kothari (Madras) Ennore (Tamil Nadu)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	ş.	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started	
Ammonium Chloride	20,000		†		Ammonia and common salt	1979	•
SSP	44,700	34,394	:			1962	

## Krishak Bharatiya Coop., (2 plants) - Unit: Hazira (Gujarat)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production		Technology Used	Materials,	Year Production Started
Ammonia			345,000x2	Kellogg	Associated gas (from Bombay High)	1985
Urea		:	3x+95,000	Snam- progetti		1965

# Krishna Industrial Corporation, Nidadavole (Andhra Pradesh)

Product		Current Production (1975/79) tons:year	Eventeion	Technology Used	Materials	Year Production Started	!
SSP	50,300	19,746	:			1964	;

#### Liberty Pesticides and Fertilisers - Unit: Madri (Rajastan)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	Technology Used	Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	16,500	3,481			1977, 1978

## Liberty Pesticides and Fertilisers - Unit: Visakhapatnam (Andhra Pradesh)

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Technology Used		Year Production
	tons/year		!		Started
SSP	12,500			<u>i</u>	1979
	# #	ł 			

#### Madhuvan Chemicals and Fertilisers, Dabok (Rajasthan)

Product	Capacity tons/year	!	Planned Empansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started	
SSP	66,000					1977, 1981	

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#### Madras Fertilisers, Manali (Tamil Nadu)

Fraduct			.Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	176,000	162,026	į	ICI	Naphtha	1971
Urea	210,000	144,337		CHEMICO	•	1971
NFK	362.800	556,120		Dorr-Oliver		1971, 1976

## Maharana Khanij Udyoe, Madri, (Rajasthan)

Product		Corrent Production	Technology Used	Materials	Year Production
<u> </u>	cons/year	<del></del>	<u> </u>		! Started
SSP	5,000	: : :		•	1979
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	: !		i i 	!

## Maharashtra Agro Industries Development Corporation, Panvel (Maharashtra)

	Capacity			Technology Usad		Year Production
	tons year	(1978/79) tons.year	:			Started
SST	45,000	23,533	•	; !	•	1974
		<b>L</b> .		1		· ·

## Mangalore Chemicals and Fertilisers, Mangalore Karnataka

·	"Itribuction	มีสกรกะ เอล			West Parameters Tours
	<u>cons. vear</u>	20.13 . 631			
Ammonia 156,000	121,136	+ 25,000 N	ICI	Naphtha	1976
:		(1954)			
340,000	263,339	÷	Stamicarbon		1976
;		64,000 P <sub>2</sub> 05			1984-85
	156.000	156.000 121,136	156.000 121,136 + 25,000 N (1954)	156,000   121,136   + 25,000   ICI   N (1954)	156.000 121,136 + 25,000 ICI Naphtha  N (1984)  340,000 263,339 Stamicarbon

## Modi Spinning and Weaving Mills, Bareilly (U.P.)

Product				Technology Used		•	•
	tons/year	:	<u> </u>		!	Started	_
SSP	56,000		:	;		1982	

## M.P. Agro Morarji Fertilisers, Jhabua (Madhya Pradesh)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	,	Year Production Started
Phosphoric acid			54,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			1985–86
MAP	; 4 1 1 1		94,000			1985-86

## Nagarjuna Fertilisers and Chemicals, Kakinada (A.P.)

Product		Production		Technology Used		Year Production Started
Ammonia	; ; ;	;	228,000	Topsce	Fuel oil	1984-1985
Urea	! !	; ;	437,000	Stamicarbon		1984-1985
NPK			450,000	1		1986-1987

## National Fertilisers - Unit: Ehatinda (Punjab)

Product				Twohnology Tsed	Materials	
Ammonia	235,000	:	<b>1</b>	Topsoe	Fuel oil	1979
Urea	511,500		<u> </u>	Mitsui Toatsu		1979
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	i !			

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# National Fertilizers - Unit: Nangal (Punjab)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	I	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	232,000	127,364		Grande Paroisse, Topsce/UHDE	fuel cil (originally electro- lysis of water)	1961, 1978
Urea	330,000	123,343		Grande Paroisse, Montedison		1961, 1978
CAN	320,000	282,505		Saint Gobai		1961

## National Fertilisers - Unit: Panipat (Haryana)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	1	Year Production Started	
Ammonia	235,000	1		Topsoe	Fuel oil	1979	;
Urea	511,500		:	Mitsui Toatsu		1979	

## New Central Jute Mills Co., Varanasi (Uttar Pradesh)

	Capacity tons year	Projection	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw   Materials	Year Production Started
Ammenium Chloride	*	10,917		Modified Solvary process	Coke, common salt	1959

# Nevveli Lignite Corpn., Nevveli (Tamil Nadu)

Product	3	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	;	Technology Used	1	Year Production Started	:
Ammonia	70,000	37,934		Montedison	Fuel oil	1966,1979	
Urea	154,000	82,465	; ;	Montedison		1966, 1979	r

## Noble Chemicals, Ghatkopar (Maharashtra)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	•	Technology Used	1	Year Production Started	
SSP	3,000					1980	

## Orissa Fertilisers and Chemicals, Rourkela (Orissa)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	Technology Used	Materials	Year Production Started	
Pelofos	45,000				1973	-

## Paradip Phosphates Ltd., Paradip (Orissa)

Product	Capacity	Current Production		Technology Used		Year Production	!
tons/	tons/year	• !	tons/year		!	Started	
Phosphoric acid			200,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>	i 		1985	:
DAP		1 4 4 1	117,000			1986	

# Paushak Baroda, (Gujarat)

Preduct	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	33,530	28,943				1951

## Phosphate Co., Rishra (West Bengal)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	1	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	61,000	39.079				1950, 1967

## Prem Chand Arya, Bulandshahr (U.P.)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	Technology Used	,	Year Production Started
SSP	66,000				1982

## Premier Fertilisers, Cuddalore (Tamil Nadu)

Product				lechnology Used	
	tons/year	: 	<u> </u>	!	Started
SSP	40,540		•	: : : : :	1963 (closed since 1976)
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

## Punjab State Industrial Developmer: Corpn., Hoshiarpur (Punjab)

Product	Car clay	Production	Technology Used	Year Production Started	
SSP	66,000		:	1982	_

## Rajasthan Project, Udaipur/Chittorgarh (Rajasthan)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production		Technology Used	,	Year Production Started
TSP			435,000			1986-1987

## Rallis India Magarwara (Uttar Pradesh)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	1	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	126,960	50,650				1962, 1981

## Rama Krishi Rasayan (formerly West India Chemicals) Loni-Kalbhor (Maharashtra)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Macerials	Year Production Started	
SSP	33,530	34,144	!	 		1950, 1967	

# Rashtriya Chemicals and Fertilisers - Unit: Thal Vaishet (2 plants), (Maharashtra

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia			345,000x2	Haldor Topsoe	Associated gas (from Bombay	1984, 1985
Urea			3x495,000	Snam- progetti	High)	1984, 1985

## Rashtriya Chemicals and Fertilisers- Unit: Trombay (Maharashtra)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	317,000	110,724		CHEMICO, Topsoe	Natural refinery gas, Naphtha or natural	1965, 1983
Urea	429,000	98,253		CHEMICO, Snam- progetti		1965, 1983
Phosphoric acid	120,000	65,528		Nissan		1965, 1975
Nitric acid	346,500			CHEMICO, Davy Power Gas	! !	1965
Nitro- phosphate 20-20-0 15-15-15	555,000	4,279 265,630	! !	Pechiney	! ! ! !	1965, 1978
APSN 20-20-0		124,139		Stamicarbon	1	
Methanol	30,000					1966

# Rourkela Fertilizers Ltd. - Steel Authority of India, Rourkela (Orissa)

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Materials	Year Production Started
Armonia	120,000	69,072		L'HDE	Coke oven gas; Naphtha	1962, 1969 1979
Nitric acid	270,000		: :	Stamicarbon FPDIL	/	1962
CAN	480,000	276,286		Stamicarbon FPDIL		1962
	<u> </u>					

#### Shaw Wallace and Co., Avadi (Tamil Nadu)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	75,530	60,597				1967

#### Shivalik Fertilisers, Hoshiarpur (Punjab)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	Technology Used	Year Production Started
SSP	66,000			1980

#### Shriram Fertilisers and Chemicals. Kota (Rajasthan)

Product		Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	1	Year Production Started
Ammonia	152,000	115,333		Topsoe	Naphtha	1969, 1974
Urea	330,000	250,723		Stamicarbor		1969, 1974

## Southern Petrochemical Industries Corporation, Tuticorin (Tamil Nadu)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	258,000	144,194		ICI	Naphtha	1975
Urea	512,000	286,216	4 7 7 7	Mitsui Toatsu		1975
Phosphoric acid	51,000 P <sub>2</sub> 05	32,035		Nissan		1976
DAP	28,000	69,641		Mitsui Toatsu		1.977
NPK	160,000		Ì	TVA/Hitachi		1976

## Steel Authority of India - Unit: Bhilai (Madhya Pradesh)

Product	Capacity tons/year	ļ	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium Sulphate	32,600	35,515	+ 20,870 (1983-84)		Coke oven gas, S-acid	1955, 1959

# Steel Authority of India - (Indian Iron and Steel Co.) - Unit: Burnpur-Kulti (West Bengal)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used		Year Production Started	
Ammonium Sulphate	23,000	7,301			Coke oven gas,	1947	

# Steel Authority of India - Unit: Durgapur (West Bengal)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium Sulphate	21,200	10,736			Coke oven gas, S-acid	

## Steel Authority of India - Unit: Rourkela (Orissa)

Product	Capacity tons/year	1 (1978/79)	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium Sulphate	28,200	15,541		1	Coke oven gas, S-acid	1967

## Tata Iron and Steel Co., Jamshedpur (Bihar)

Product	1	Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used		Year Production Started
Ammonium Sulphate	23,100	12,541			Coke oven gas, S-acid	1933

#### Varinder Agro Chemicals, Ludhiana (Punjab)

Priduct	Capacity tons/year	Production	Flanned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Froduction Started	
SSP	66,000		,			1982	_

## Viraj Chemicals, Nandesari (Gujarat)

Product	tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started	]
SSP	2,150	332			1974	

## Western Chemical Industries, Bombay (Maharashtra)

Product	Capacity tons/year	(1079/70)	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	3,350	1,689				1948

## Zuari Agro Chemicals, San Coale (Goa)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1978/79) tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	171,000	148,678		TEC	Naphtha	1973
Urea	340,000	259,820		Mitsui Toatsu		1973
NPK/DAP/ UAP	150,000	129,551	+ 150,000 (1984)	TEC		1975

#### 4. Domestic engineering contractors

(For further information about the firms listed see: Fertiliser Industry: Directory of Technical Capability in India published by the Fertiliser Association of India)

Development Consultants Private Ltd.

- captive steam and power generation, and offsite facilities for fertilizer complexes;
- chemical cleaning.

Dharamsi Morarji Chemical Co., Ltd.

- technology for sulphuric acid plants;
- environmental engineering,

#### Engineers India Ltd. (EIL)

- designs and constructs plants for ammonia synthesis and urea production;
- full range of engineering and consultancy services: feasibility studies, market surveys, process and site selection, basic and detailed engineering, procurement, construction supervision, commissioning, overall project management, etc.
- FACT Engineering and Design Organisation (FEDO) a division of Fertilisets and Chemicals Travancore Ltd.
  - designs and constructs plants for ammonia synthesis and production of various nitrogenous fertilizers, nitric acid, phosphoric acid, SSP, TSP, etc., as well as granulated NP and NPK fertilizers;
  - services include engineering (design and development), project management, start-up and commissioning assistance.

Fertilizer (Planning and Development) India Ltd. (FPDIL)

- designs and constructs plants for ammonia synthesis and production of urea, AS, CAN, SSP, TSP, DAP, complex fertilizers;
- services include project planning and management, basic design, complete engineering, trouble-shooting and de-bottlenecking as well as technical services for optimising catalyst performance.

Hindustan Porr-Oliver Ltd. - a member of the Dorr-Oliver worldwide organization

- designs and constructs plants for production of NPK/DAF complex phosphatic fertilizers;
- services include complete engineering, procurement, inspection, erection, commissioning and training;
- also supplies a wide range of equipment.

Humphreys and Glasgow Consultants Private Ltd. - affiliated with Humphreys and Glasgow Ltd., London

- designs and constructs plants for ammonia synthesis and production of urea, nitric acid, phospheric acid, sulphuric acid, ammonium chloride. ammonium nitrate, ammonium sulphate, nitrophosphate, etc.

- services include process engineering, detailed engineering, procurement, construction supervision, project management and commissioning services.

#### Simon-Carves India Ltd.

- designs and constructs plants for production of MAP, DAP, nitric acid, phosphoric acid, sulphuric acid, SSP, TSP;
- able to assist in all phases of a chemical project.

#### SMPS Consultants

- pre-project, project engineering, project management and management consultancy services offered for the processing/chemical industry;
- prepared feasibility study for a fertilizer plant site for Atul Products Ltd.;
- worked for Gujarat State Fertilizer Co., Ltd.

#### 5. Domestic manufacturers of equipment, spare parts and catalysts

(1) Standard equipment: water treatment, cooling towers, materials handling, air conditioning, etc.

Air Conditioning Corporation

The Anup Engineering Ltd.

Best and Crompton Engineering Ltd.

Dynacraft Machine Company Ltd.

Elecon Engg. Co. Ltd.

Ion Exchange (India) Ltd.

Ingersoll-Rand (India) Ltd.

Kirlosker Pneumatic Co. Ltd.

Larsen and Toubro Limited

McNally Bharat Engineering Co.

Paharpur Cooling Tower Ltd.

Richardson and Cruddas (1972) Ltd.

System Projects Pvt. Ltd.

(2) Fabricated equipment: pressure vessels, columns, heat exchangers, tanks, etc.

ACC-Vikers-Babcock Ltd.

The Anup Engineering Ltd.

Bharat Heavy Plant and Vessels Ltd.

Bharat Heavy Electricals

Binny Ltd. Engineering Division

Central India Machinery Co.

Cooper Engg. Ltd.

David Brown Gears.

Davy Asmore India Ltd.

Gujarat Machinery and Mfg. Co.

KCP Ltd.

Larsen and Toubro

Richardson and Cruddas (1972) Ltd.

Sarabhai Machinery

Triveni Structures Ltd.

Vijay Tanks and Vessels Pvt. Ltd.

Waichand Nagar Industries Ltd.

(3) Rotating equipment: compressors, fans, pumps, etc.

ACC-Vickers-Babcock Ltd.

Akav Industries

Best and Crompton Engineering Ltd.

Bharat Heavy Electrical Ltd.

Bharat Pumps and Compressors Itd.

Dorr-Oliver (India) Ltd.

Jyoti Ltd.

Kirloskar Brothers Ltd.

Kirloskar Pneumatic Co. Ltd.

KSB Pumps Ltd.

K.G. Khosla and Co. (P) Ltd.

Kishore Pumps Ltd.

(4) Power generation: boilers, turbines, generators, transformers, motors, etc.

ACC-Vickers-Babcock Ltd.

Best and Crompton Engineering Ltd.

Bharat Heavy Electricals

Jyoti Ltd.

NGEF Ltd.

(5) Instrumentation: electronic and pneumatic

Bestobell India Ltd.

**Bharat Electronics** 

Blue Star

Instrumentation Ltd.

Micro Precision Product

Taylor Instrument Co. (India) Ltd.

(6) Bulk supply materials: pipes, tubes, forgings, pipe fittings, valves, castings

Audco India Ltd.

Bharat Heavy Electricals

**Bharat Steel Tubes** 

Bharat Forge

Crawley and Ray

Davy Ashmore India Ltd.

Kirloskar Brother Ltd.

Micro Precision Products

Nitin Castings Ltd.

A.P.V. Engineering Co. Ltd.

Uniabex Alloy Products Ltd.

#### catalysts

Catalyst (India) Pvt. Ltd.

Catalyst and Chemicals India (West Asia) Pvt. Ltd.

Project and Development India Ltd.

United Catalyst India Ltd.

#### INDONESIA

#### 1. Training facilities

#### P.T. Pupuk Kujang

- (b) In-house training programme for staff at all levels;
- (d) Outside trainees accepted; languages of instruction: Indonesian and English; training fees depending upon programme requested.
- P.T. Pupuk Sriwidjaja (P.T.PUSRI)
- (a) Fully equipped training centre including plant models (ammonia and urea), universal process trainer, Carmody Simulators, Foxboro Simulators;
- (b) Training programmes for: operators (ammonia, urea, offsite facility), foremen, plant maintenance (mechanical, instrumentation, electrical), laboratory chemical analysis, upgrading for engineerrs, supervisory management, management development;
- (c) Classroom and on-the-job training;
- (d) Outside trainees accepted; languages of instruction: Indonesian and English; training fee approximately US\$ 1,000 to \$ 3,000 per month per trainee, depending on type of training and level of trainee.

#### 3. Fertilizer production

#### P.T. Asean Aceh Fertilizer

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	1	Year Production Started
Ammonia			330,000	Kellogg	Natural	1984
Urea	•		500,000	Mitsui Toatsu	gas	1984
	i i	:	<u>!</u>		1	

## INDONESIA (cont'd)

## P.T. Petrokima Gresik

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	70,000			Haldor Topsoe	Fuel oil	1972
Urea	45,000					1972
Ammonium Sulphate	150,000		+ 250,000 (1984-85)			1972
TSP	390,000		+ 550,000 (1984-85)			1979
DAP	80,000					1979
NPK	50,000					1979
Phosphoric acid	! ! !		160,000			1984-85

## P.T. Pupuk Iskandar Muda

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia Urea			330,000 570,000	Kellogg Mitsui Toatsu		1984 1984

## P.T. Pupuk Kalimantan Timur (KALTIM)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia			495,000	Lurgi		••••
Urea			560,000	Stamicarbon		1983

#### INDONESIA (cont'd)

#### P.T. Pupuk Kujang

Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1982) tons/vear	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
330,000		:	Kellogg	Natural gas	1979
570,000	514,103	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Mitsui Toatsu		1979
	tons/year	tons/year Production (1982) tons/year 330,000	tons/year Production Expansion (1982) tons/year 330,000	Production Expansion Used  (1982) tons/year Sons/vear  330,000 Kellogg  570,000 514,103 Mitsui	Production (1982) tons/year   Expansion   Used   Materials    330,000   Rellogg   Natural   gas    570,000   514,103   Mitsui

#### P.T. Pupuk Sriwidjaja (PUSRI)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	940,000			Girdler, Kellogg	Natural gas	1963, 1974, 1977, 1978
Trea	1,600,000		+ 570,000	Toyo Koatsu Mitsui Toatsu		1963, 1974, 1977, 1978

#### (d) Use of domestic engineering services

Plant erection: P.T. Barata, P.T. Boma Bisma Indra, P.T. Kelsri and PUSRI Construction Division

#### 4. Domestic engineering contractors

#### P.T. Rekayasa Industri (PERSERO)

Incorporated in 1981, the company has the task of expanding and developing national capabilities in the fields of engineering and plant construction in order to help promote the country's industrial development. Projects in which the company has participated include: the Iskandar Muda Fertilizer Plant at Aceh, the anmonium nitrate plant at Cilacap and fertilizer bagging plants at several locations in Indonesia.

#### P.T. Tri-Patra Engineering

Pre-project, project engineering and project management services.

## KOREA, Dem. People's Rep.

## 3. Fertilizer Production

Government (fertilizer plants at a number of locations)

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	1,200,000					1961, 1966 1976, 1980
Urea	1,400,000					1961, 1966 1976, 1980

## KOREA, Rep. of

## 1. Training facilities

(b) In-house training for operators, foremen, maintenance engineers; outside training for engineers, management and marketing personnel.

#### 3. Fertilizer production

Chin Hae Chemical Co., Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	100,000			ICI Naphtha Steam Reforming	Naphtha	1967
Urea	125,006			Toyo Koatsu		1967
Phosphoric acid	58,060			Prayon		1967
NPK	165,000			TVA		1967

## Chosun Fertilizer Industrial Co. Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
NPK	99,000			blending		1968

#### Hankook Caprolactam Corporation

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium Sulphate	142,000			Recovered during caprolactam production		1974

## Korea Fertilizer Co., Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	195,000			ICI Naphtha Steam Reforming	Naphtha	1967
Urea	330,000			Mitsui Toacsu		1967

## Kyunggi Chemical Industrial Co., Ltd.

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production
	tons/year					Started
SSP	83,000			Saktting process		1975
Fused Magnesium Phosphate	51,000			Open hearth process		1966
NPK	115,000			High pressure briqueting process		1977
Potassium Sulphate	24.000			Chisso		1982

## Namhae Chemical Corporation

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia Urea	600,000			Kellogg Mitsui Toatsu	Naphtha	1977 1977, 1980
Phosphoric acid	218,000			Prayon		1977
NPK	713,000			CHEMICO		1977
Nitric acid	180,000		-	CHEMICO		1977
Ammonium nitrate	30,000			CHEMICO, Sumitomo		1977, 1979

# (d) <u>Use of domestic engineering services</u> Delim Engineering, Korea Engineering

## Pung Nong Fertilizer Co. Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Fused Magnesium Phosphate	119,000			Open hearth process		1967
NPK	90,000			High pressure briqueting process		1977

#### KOREA, Rep. of (cont'd)

#### Yong-Nam Chemical C., Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	100,000			ICI Naphtha Steam Reforming	Naphtha	1967
Urea	125,000			Toyo Koatsu		1967
Phosphoric acid	115,000			Prayon		1967
NPK	330,000			TVA		

## Korea General Chemical Corporation (KGCC)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	300,000			ICI Naphtha Steam Reforming	Naphtha	1973
Urea	231,000			Stamicarbon		1973

## 5. Domestic manufacturers of equipment, spare parts and catalysts

Korea Fertilizer Co. Ltd. (K.F.C.)

Products: pressure vessels, columns, towers, strippers, separators, heat exchangers, storage tanks, gas holders and bunkers.

## 3. Fertilizer production

## Chemical Company Malaysia Berhad

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
CAN	200,000					1967
NPK	260,000			ICI		1967

#### Esso Malaysia Berhad

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	50,000			ICI	Refinery gas	1966

#### Malaysia Acid Works, Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium Sulphate	67,000					1970, 1976

## ASEAN Bintulu Fertilizer Plant

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammon i.a			347,000	UHDE		1985
Urea			500,000	Stamicarbon/		1985

## MALAYSIA (cont'd)

## 4. Domestic engineering contractors

Inter Chem Alpha:

Management consultancy, pre-project, project engineering and project management.

#### PAKISTAN

#### 1. Training facilities

Pakarab Fertilizers Ltd. (PFL) Multan

(b) Training programmes for engineers, plant operators and technicians.

National Fertilizer Corporation (NFC)

- (a) NFC Technical Training Centre Multan will be completed by end 1984;
- (b) Training programmes for engineers and operators will be available;
- (c) Language of instruction: English; training fees will be Rs. 10,000 per person per month for engineers and Rs. 7,000 per person per month for operators.

#### 3. Fertilizer production

Dawood Hercules Chemicals Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	205,000			Kellogg	Natural gas	1971
Urea	345,000			Mitsui Toatsu		1971

#### EXXON Chemicals Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	107,000				Natural gas	1970
Urea	173,000			Mitsui Toatsu		1970

## PAKISTAN (cont'd)

#### Fauji Fertilizer Company

Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
330,000			Haldor Topsoe	Natural gas	1980
557,000	·		Snam- progetti		1982
	330,000	tons/year Production 330,000	Production Expansion  330,000	Production Expansion Used  330,000 Haldor Topsoe  557,000 Snam-	Production Expansion Used Materials  330,000 Haldor Topsoe gas  557,000 Snam-

National Fertilizer Corporation of Pakistan Ltd. (NFC) is the Government-owned fertilizer company with the following six subsidiaries:

#### Lyallpur Chemicals and Fertilizers Ltd. (LC & FL) Faisalabad

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	20,000				imported	1957

# Lyallpur Chemical and Fertilizer Ltd. (LC & FL) Jaranwala

Product	Capacity tons/year	Ī	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	80,000				imported	1968, 1975

#### Pak-American Fertilizers Ltd. (PAFL)

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	25,000			Steam reforming	Natural gas (previously coal)	1958, 1968
Ammonium sulphate	90,000				ICI	1958, 1968

#### PAKISTAN (cont'd)

#### Pakarab Fertilizers Ltd. (PFL) Multan

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	300,000			Kellogg	Natural gas	1979 (old plant shut down)
Urea	59,000		+ 33,000	French process		1962
CAN	495,000			UHDE		1979
NP	330,000			UHDE		1979

#### (b) Major problems encountered

- Heat exchanger in ammonia plant damaged soon after commissioning because cooling water system not adequately designed for protection against corrosion.
- Modifications to NP and CAN units carried out to correct design defects that prevented rated production from being achieved
- Brain drain of professional managers and trained manpower.

#### (d) Use of domestic engineering services

#### Civil Contractors:

M/s. Conforce Ltd.

M/s. Macdonald Layton and Co. Ltd.

M/s. Interham Ltd.

M/s. Hameed Masood Ltd.

M/s. Foundation Engineers Ltd.

M/s. Deep Well Corporation Ltd.

M/s. Boremaster Ltd.

M/s. Highway Contractors

M/s. Builders Associates Ltd.

M/s. Wahid Engineers

M/s. New Construction Co. Ltd.

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#### PAKISTAN (cont'd)

#### Mechanical, Electrical Instrument and Inspection Cor ractors:

M/s. Industrial Inspection Consultants

M/s. Industrial Power & Development Organization

M/s. Industrial Power and Development Organization

M/s. Associated Engineering Concern Ltd.

M/s. Industrial Automation Ltd.

M/s. Industrial Goods and Services Ltd.

M/s. King Corporation

M/s. Zelin Ltd.

M/s. Descon Ltd.

M/s. Mechanical Erection and Construction Co.

M/s. Premier Engineer (Pakistan) Ltd.

M/s. Technical Associates

M/s. Potential Engineers Ltd.

M/s. Central Air Conditioning

## Pak-China Fertilizers Ltd. (PCFL)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	53,000			Steam reforming	Natural Gas	1982
Urea	96,000			Chinese process		1982

## (d) Use of domestic engineering services

#### Civil Contractors:

M/s. Aurangzeb Khan Khattak

M/s. A. Ghaffor Abdullah Khan and Co.

M/s. Builders Associate Sarhad Ltd.

M/s. Builder Associate Ltd.

M/s. Badi-Uz-Zaman and Co.

M/s. Fida Mohammad Khan andCo.

M/s. Khalid Waheed Associates

M/s. Ghulam Hussain and Co.

M/s. Ghulam Farid Janjua and Co.

M/s. Khurshid and Co. Ltd.

M/s. Jiacco Pak Ltd.

M/s. K.E.D.C. Ltd.

#### PAKISTAN (cont'd)

M/s. Mirza Ghulam Qadir

M/s. Izhar Ltd.

Naeem Treading Co. Ltd.

#### Electrical Contractors:

M/s. Industrial Goods Services Ltd.

M/s. Industrial Power Engg.

M/s. Imperial Electro Company

#### Instrument Contractors:

M/s. Industrial Goods Service Ltd.

## Mechanical Construction and Erection Contractors:

Descon (Design) Engineering Services and Contstruction Ltd.

I.F.C: (Industrial Fabrication Corporation)

Ravi Engineering Ltd.

M/s. Joint Venture

Jiacco Pak Ltd.

#### Paksaudi Fertilizers Ltd. (PSFL)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	330,000			Haldor Topsoe	Natural gas	1980
Urea	574,000			Snam- progetti		1980

## (b) Major problems encountered

- Emergency feed waterpump inadequate, resulted in damage to one waste heat boiler;
- Refractory failed after two months operation, was replaced;

#### PAKISTAN (cont'd)

- Over-designed vent valve at discharge of CO, compressor led to complete damage of compressor's high pressure casing
- High pressure water cooler on ammonia synthesis loop and ammonia cooler on urea plant both failed and had to be replaced by new ones made of a different material;
- Electronic instruments evidently not designed for the local environmental conditions, causing, e.g. unwanted trippings on auxiliary boilers; extensive modifications were necessary to make the system operational; now functioning reliably;
- Cooling water: temperature of 32% too high during hot seasons; cooling towers inadequately designed; treatment with zinc phosphonate and dispersant mixture not effective causing scaling problems in heat exchangers;
- Inert gas generator under-designed;
- Antifoam chemical was unsatisfactory; changed to new one;
- Frequent stoppages affect the life and activity of catalysts in the ammonia plant; the primary reforming furnace should remain in operation even when auxiliary boilers fail, but it does not do so.

#### (c) Major achievements

In the third year of production the company achieved 109% of designed capcity.

#### (d) Use of domestic engineering services

#### Civil Contractors:

M/s. Builders Associates Ltd.

M/s. Soil Mechanics Ltd.

M/s. Izhar Limited

M/s. Continental Engineers Ltd.

M/s. Mechanised Construction of Pakistan

M/s. Soil Tecknic Limited

#### Electrical Contractors:

Al-Bario Construction Co.

Imperial Construction Company

Associated Engineering Concern Ltd.

Construction Electric Ltd.

#### PAKISTAN (cont'd)

#### Instrument Contractors:

M/s. Industrial Goods and Services Ltd.

M/s. Zelin Limited

M/s. Industrial Automation Ltd.

#### Mechanical Contractors:

Mechanical erection and fabrication was carried out by a consortium of Manesmann Inventa and Mann through local manpower.

# 5. Domestic manufacturers of equipment, spare parts and catalysts

(1) Standard equipment: air compressors, cooling towers, filters, materials handling equipment, etc.

Climax Engineering Company

Haamid Engineering Company
Haseen Habib Corporation Ltd.

(2) Fabricated equipment: pressure vessels and reactors, columns, heat exchangers, furnaces, waste heat boilers, storage tanks, gas holder, etc.

Climax Engineering Company Haamid Engineering Company Heavy Mechanical Complex

Karachi Shipyard and Engineering Works, Ltd.,

Nowshera Engineering Company, Ltd.

(3) Rotating equipment: compressors, fans, blowers, pumps, etc.

Bela Engineers, Ltd.

Climax Engineering Company

General Fan Company

K.S.B. Pumps Company, Ltd.

Pakistan Engineering Company Ltd.

Spinning Machinery Company of Pakistan Ltd.

(4) Power generation: boilers, steam turbines, power generators, transformers, motors, etc.

Adamjee Deutz Limited

AEG Telefunken (Pak) Engineering Ltd.

Allwin Engineering Industries

Bela Engineers Limited

Imperial Electric Company Limited

#### PAKISTAN (cont'd)

Karachi Shipyard and Engineering Works Ltd.
Metropolitan Steel Corporation Ltd.
Nayadaur Motors Limited
Pak Elektron Limited
Pakistan Cable Limited
Pakistan Engineering Co., Ltd.
Ravi Engineering Limited

- (5) Instrumentation: electronic and pneumatic
  AEG Telefunken (Pak) Engineering, Ltd.
  Carrier Telephone Industries
  Electric Equipment Manufacturer Co., Ltd.
  Telephone Industries of Pakistan
- (6) Bulk supply materials: pipes and tubes, forgings, pipe fittings, valves, castings, etc.

K.S.B. Pumps Company Ltd.

Nowshera Engineering Company Limited

Special Steel of Pakistan Limited

Wah Industries Limited

#### PHILIPPINES

# 1. Training facilites

Atlas Fertilizer Corporation

(b) In-house training; outside training; observation tours abroad

Planters Products Inc.

(b) In-house training; outside training; training abroad

#### 3. Fertilizer Production

Atlas Fertilizer Corp.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid	12,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>					1958, 1964, 1969
Ammonium Sulphate	86,000					1958
SSP/TSP	10,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>					1961
NPK	100,000					1961

# Maria Cristina Fertilizer Corp.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	33,000			CHEMI CO		1954, 1966
Ammonium Sulphate	50,000					1954

# PHILIPPINES (cont'd)

# Philippines Phosphate Fertilizer Corp. (PHILPHOS)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid			394,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>	Prayon	phosphate rock (domestic and im- ported)	1984
Ammonium Sulphate			169,000	Struthers- Wells		1984
NPK/MAP/DAP			935,000	Cros/Bear- den Potter		1984
<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>

# Planters Products Inc.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	100,000			Steam reforming	Refinery gas, Naphtha	1966
Urea	( 65,000)			Stamicarbon		1966 currently shut down
Phosphoric Acid	69,000 100 <b>7</b> P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			Dorr-Oliver		1966
NPK	330,000			TVA		1965, 1980

#### SRI LANKA

#### 1. Training facilities

State Fertilizer Manufacturing Corp.

(b) In-house training; training abroad for plant engineers and plant operators

#### 3. Fertilizer Production

State Fertilizer Manufacturing Corp.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	180,000			Kellogg (Naphtha reforming)	Naphtha	1981
Urea	310,000			Stamicarbon		1981

#### (b) Major difficulties encountered

Delays in commissioning and start-up owing to equipment failures;

"Brain drain" - departure of skilled technical personnel.

#### Eppawala Phosphate Ltd.

	Capapcity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid			•••		phosphate rock (domestic)	•••
DAP/TSP			••••			••••

#### THAILAND

# 1. Training facilities

Thai Central Chemical Co., Ltd. (TCCC)

(b) In-house training.

#### 3. Fertilizer Production

Asia Chemical Fertilizer Ind.Co., Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Mixed fertilizers	24,000					

# Burapha Fertilizer Co., Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	1	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Mixed fertilizers	9,000					

#### Siam Chemical Co., Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	1	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Mixed fertilizers	6,000					

# Siam Chemical Fertilizer Industries, Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Year Production Started
Mixed fertilizers	6,000				

# THAILAND (cont'd)

# Thai Central Chemical Co., Ltd.

Product	Capapcity tons/year	Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started	
NP/NPK mixed fertilizers	350,000		600,000 (1984)	steam granu- lation	imported	1975	

# Thai Farmer Chemical Fertilizer Co., Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Froduction	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Mixed fertilizers	12,000					

# Ministry of Industry

Product	Capapcity	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia			400,000		natural gas	detailed feasibility study being conducted
Urea			578,000			
Phosphoric Acid			210,000			
MAF						
NPK			650,000		1	}

# VIET NAM

# 3. Fertilizer Production

# Government (fertilizer plants at several locations)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	66,000				Coal	1979
Urea	120,000					1979
SSP	400,G00				Phosphate rock (domestic)	
Ammonia			200,000		Coal	••••
Urea	1		270,000			••••
Ammonium Nitrate			100,000			
SSP			<u> </u>	USSR		

# L A T I N A M E R I C A

# ARGENTINA

#### 3. Fertilizer production

# Dirección General de Fabricaciones Militares

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia Ammonium Nitrate	8500			Casale	Coke oven gas	1960 1960

#### Petrosur S.A.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	83,000			CHEMICO	Natural Gas	1968
Ammonium Sulphate	76,000					1968
Urea	89,000					1968
NPK Mixed Fertilizers	40,000					
Ammonia			2x700,000	Haldor Topsoe		1982

# (d) Use of domestic engineering services

Civil Engineering: Techint S.A.

# BOLIVIA

# 3. Fertilizer production

# Yacimientos Petroliferos Fiscales Bolivianos

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia			165 t/d	Haldor Topsoe	Natural gas	1986
Urea			250 t/d	•••••		1986

#### BRAZIL

#### 1. Training facilities

Centro de Studos de Fertilizantes do Instituto de Pesquisas Tecnologicas do Estado de Sao Paulo

- (a) Facilities include granulating pilot plant as well as chemical analysis, control and bench scan laboratories;
- (b) Training programmes for: operators/foremen, and plant maintenance engineers (mechanical, electrical, instrumentation). Specialized training for NPK granulation plants;
- (c) In-plant training and plant visits; ratio of theoretical to practical training time 70:30%;
- (d) Outside trainees accepted; language of instruction: Portuguese; course duration: 2 weeks for process technology and 1 week for plant maintenance engineers.

#### 3. Fertilizer production

Araxa S.A. Fertilizantes e Productos Químicos (ARAFERTIL) (associated with PETROFERTIL)

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
	tons/year		tons/year	<b> </b>	ļ	
				į	1	
SSP			200,000		1	1981
				•	1	
TSP			174,000			
			(1983)	!		
	1	ļ	+174,000			
			(1985)			
Phosphoric			110,000			1985
Acid		1	P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>	1		1,35
			1 2 3		}	1
MAP		1				1985

# Caraíba Metais, S.A. Indústria e Comércio

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid	167,942 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			·		1931

#### Companhia Brasileira de Fertilizantes

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Plannec Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP/TSP			204,000			1982 (planned)

# Companhia Petroquimica Brasileira (COPEBRAS)

Product	Capacity	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion (1979)	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
	tons/year	tons/year	tons/year			
Phosphoric Acid	100,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			NISSAN		1975
DAP	198,000			MINIFOS (FISONS)		1975
MAP	130,000	100,000				1975
TSP	180,000	207,000				1968
Super- phosphate 30	50,000	30,000				1975
SSP	250,000	135,685				1967
Mixed fertilizers	120,000					1975
			ļ			

# Companhia Riograndense de Adubos (CRA)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/vear	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
TSP	120,000	95,000	+ 240,000 (1982)			1962
SSP	240,000	18,000				1962
МАР	160,000	46,700	+ 100,000 (1983)			1978
NPK Mixed fertilizers						1958, 1973, 1974, 1978

# Companhia Rio-Grandense de Nitrogenados (CRN) (associated with PETROFERTIL)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia		••••		Coal Gas	Pilot phase

# Empresa de Produtos Ouimicos e Fertilizantes S.A. (PROFERTIL)

Product		Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	60,000	12,000				

# Fertilizantes Basicos S.A. (FERTIBASE)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
TSP	50,000	4,000 35,000				

# Fertilizantes Beker Ltda. (subsidiary of Beker Comercio e Industría Fertilizantes Ltda.)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
TSP	300,000	98,000				

# Fertilizantes Capuava S.A. (FERTICAP)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
MAP DAP TSP SSP	48,000 25,000 40,000 160,000	10,000 110,000				1980 1980

#### Fertilizantes do Sul S.A. (FERTISUL)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP TSP DAP	70,000 300,000 85,000	43,000 108,000 21,600		Heurtey	imported	1973 1974
MAP Mixed fertilizers	216,000	53,000 540,000		Heurtey	imported	1973, 1977

# Fertilizantes Fosfatados S.A. (FOSFERTIL) (associated with PETROFERTIL)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid	310,000 P <sub>2</sub> 05		+ 155,000 (1985)			1980
TSP	365,000					1980
MAP	330,000					1980

# Fertilizantes Mitsui S.A. Indústria e Comércio

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Thermophos- phate	150,000	143,000	+ 180,000 (1981-1985)			

# Fertilizantes Nitrogenados do Nordeste S.A. (NITROFERTIL)

(controlled by PITROFERTIL)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1982) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	665,000	381,742		Steam- reforming process	Natural Gas	1971, 1978, 1982
Urea	710,000	.326,592				1971, 1978, 1982
Nitric acid	29,700			Grande Paroisse		1980

# Fertilizantes União

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
MAP	50,000					1981
Mixed fertilizers	250,000	80,000				
TSP	110,000	52,000				
SSP	220,000	131,000				

# IAP S.A. Indústria de Fertilizantes (Indústria Agro Pecuaria Ltda.)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium Sulfate	146,400	107,400				
TSP	150,000	72,000				
SSP	320,000	244,000				

# Indústria Carboquímica Catarinense (ICC) (controlled by PETROFERTIL)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid	119,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			Rhône Progil		1980

# Industrias Luchsinger Madorin S.A. (ILM)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP TSP Mixed fertilizers MAP	170,000 170,000 600,000 330,000	40,000 96,000 300,000 51,200		Fisons	imported imported	1975 1975

# Manah S.A.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
TSP	120,000	118,000	+ 40,000 (1980)			
SSP	77,500	70,000				
Mixed fertilizers	155,500	68,000	+ 122,000 (1980)			

#### Nitrocarbono S.A.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium Sulphate	61,500	35,340	+ 61,500 (1984)			1978

# Paskin S.A. - Industrias Petroquimicas

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium Sulphate	25,000	23,800				1972

# PETROBRAS Mineracao S.A. (PETROMISA)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Potassium Chloride			80,000 (48,000 K <sub>2</sub> 0)			1983/84 (initial production)
			500,000			1988/89 (final capacity)

# Produtos Químicos Elekeiroz S.A.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	90,000	77,000	+ 90,000 (1981 planned)			

# Química Indústrial Brasileira S.A. (QUIMBRASIL)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid	70,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			Fisons		1974
MAP	130,000	112,000		Fisons		1974
SSP	370,000	290,000		<u> </u>		
TSP	14,000	8,000				
NPK Mixed fertilizers	465,000					1974, 1975
Ammonium Sulphate	4,600					1980
L						

#### Sotave Nordeste

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium Phosphate (MAP/DAP)			300,000			••••
SSP	150,000					1980
SSP/TSP			300,000			

# <u>Ultrafertil S.A. - Indústria e Comércio de Fertilizantes</u> (controlled by PETROFERTIL)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used •	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	576,000			UHDE/Haldor Topsoe	Refinery Gas,	1970, 1982
Urea	495,000			Stamicarbon	Asphalitic Residue	1970, 1982
Nitric Acid	73,000			Grande Paroisse		1983
Phosphoric Acid	79,000 P <sub>2</sub> 05					
Ammonium Nitrate		216,900	+ 400,000 (1984)	Kaltenbach		1970
Ammonium- Calcium Nitrate		157,800				1970
DAP	253,440	273,800				1970

#### 4. <u>Domestic engineering contractors</u>

Paulo Abib Engeharia S.A.

Brastechnip

Davy Projetos Industrias Ltd.

Haldor Topsoe S.A.

Internacional de Engenharia

Inter-Uhde Enenharia Quimica Ltda.

Krebs do Brasil Engenharia Ltda.

Lurgi do Brasil, Instalacoes Industriais, Ltda.

Montreal Engenharia S.A.

Natron Consultoria e Projetos S.A.

Nordon Indústrias Metalurgicas S.A.

Dr. C. Otto do Brasil, Instalacoes Industriais

Promon Engenharia S.A.

Setal Instalacoes Industriais S.A.

Snamprojetos EngenhariaS.A.

Technit-Companhia Técnica Internacional

Tenenge - Técnica Nacional de Engenharia S.A.

Themag

. Zanini - Foster Wheeler Ltda. Engenharia e Desenvolvimento

5. Domestic manufacturers of equipment, spare parts and catalysts used in the fertilizer industry

One source of information is:

Annário ABDIB, a directory of companies that build plants and manufacture equipment for basic industries, published annually by:

ABDIB, Associação Brasileira para o Desenvolvimento das Indústrias de Base Rua General Jardin, 645 - 4º andar - Conj. 41 CEP 01223 - São Paulo - SP Brazil

#### CHILE

# 3. Fertilizer Production

# Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. (SOQUIMICH)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials/ Inputs	Year Production Started
Sodium Nitrate Potassium Nitrate	790,000	700,000				

# Companía Sud Americana de Fosfatos S.A. (COSAF)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials/ Inputs	Year Production Started
Triple Super- phosphate	100,000				Phosphate	1968
Normal Super- phosphate	40,000				Rock (imported)	1958
Phosphoric Acid	35,000			Dihidrato		1968

# Empresa Nacional de Explosivos

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium Nitrate			50,000	Kaltenbach- Thuring		1982
Nitric Acid			43,000	Davy McKee		

#### COLOMBIA

#### 1. Training facilities

Abonos Colombianos S.A. (ABOCOL)

- (b) In-house training; Training abroad for management and technical personnel;
- (d) Training provided by company for university students.

Monómeros Colombo Venezolanos S.A.

- (a) Carmody simulator (partial)
- (b) Training abroad for engineers and supervisors.

# 2. Fertilizer process technologies available for transfer

Monómeros Colombo Venezolanos S.A. (MONOMEROS)

(a) MONOMEROS carried out some modifications to the original technology acquired from Stamicarbon (Netherlands). The original process was modified to permit the use of MAP as a raw material in order to produce formulas with a higher P2O5 content.

A second important modification made it possible to produce formulas with a very low P205 content, such as 18-6-18-2, used for fertilizing coffee.

Further, MONOMEROS has just completed the erection of a plant for recovering Ammonium Sulfate which it designed on the basis of a pilot plant which it had also constructed.

(b) Although these technologies have not been transferred to any other company, MONOMEROS has provided technical assistance to the firms NITROVEN, PEQUIVEN, PETROPLAS and FERRALCA in Venezuela.

# - 136 - COLOMBIA (cont'd)

#### 3. Fertilizer Production

#### Abonos Colombianos S.A. (ABOCOL)

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
NPK complex fertilizers	420			Potasse et engrais chimique	P-acid, MAP, DAP, KCl, KS	1962
Nitric acid	60			Mitsui	ammonia	1962
Ammonia	340			Mitsui	natural gas	1962
Urea			164,000 tons/year		803	
bulk blending plant planned	-7		100,000 tons/year			••••

#### (a) Equipment adaptation, etc.

Ammonia plant capacity increased from original 200 t/d to 340 t/d through operations optimization plus equipment modification.

Energy savings achieved by optimizing use and design of heat exchangers and utilizing steam that was formerly lost.

#### (e) Domestically produced equipment or spares

(Addresses listed in the Company Index)

boilers: DISTRAL S.A.

high-pressure tubing: Union Industrial y Astilleros S.A. (UNIAL)

#### COLOMBIA (cont'd)

# Fertilizantes Colombianos S.A. (FERTICOL)

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
AN	130			Montecatini	Ammonia, N-acid	1963
Urea	50			C.I.Girdler	Ammonia	1967
Nitric acid	80			Montecatini	Ammonia	1963
Ammonia	65			C.I.Girdler	Natural gas	1967

# Monômeros Colombo Venezolanos S.A. (MONOMEROS)

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
NPK complex fertilizers	910			Stamicarbon	N-acid,AS, ammonia, kaolin, P-acid, MAP, DAP P rock, KCl, KS	1973
Nitric acid	226			Stamicarbon	Ammonia	1973
AS	120			Monómeros		1982

# (a) Equipment adaptation, etc.

Modification of original process in order to produce formulas with a higher and lower  $P_2O_5$  content. Design of a plant for recovering Ammonium Sulfate.

#### COLOMBIA (cont'd)

(d) Use of domestic engineering services

Maximum use was made of the services of local companies such as Foster Wheeler Andina S.A. and Compancol in the construction of the Ammonium Sulfate plant.

(e) Purchase of domestically produced equipment or spares

Equipment was purchased from the following firms (see section 5 for lists of equipment): Distral S.A., Forjas de Colombia, A. Johnson de Colombia S.A., Siemens S.A., Tissot, Unión Industrial y Astilleros S.A. (UNIAL).

4. Domestic engineering contractors

Foster Wheeler Andina S.A.

Compancol

- 5. Domestic manufacturers of equipment, spare parts, and catalysts
  - (2) Fabricated equipment: pressure vessels, columns, heat exchangers, furnaces, storage tanks.

Distral S.A.

A. Johnson de Colombia S.A.

Tissot

Union Industrial y Astilleros S.A. (UNIAL)

(4) Power generation

Siemens S.A. (Colombia)

(6) Bulk supply materials: forgings, tubing

Forjas de Colombia

Unión y Astilleros S.A. (UNIAL)

# COSTA RICA

# 1. Training facilities

# Fertilizantes de Centro America (Costa Rica) S.A. (FERTICA)

(b) In-house training programme for all categories of staff

# 3. Fertilizer production

Fertilizantes de Centro America (Costa Rica) S.A. (FERTICA)

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Nitric acid	450				imported A	
Ammonium nitrate	350					
Ammonium sulphate	150					ceased production
Compound fertilizers	700					

#### **CUBA**

#### 1. Training facilities

All fertilizer producing companies in the country have training programmes for operators, maintenance, instrumentation, foremen, etc. suited to their own needs.

#### 3. Fertilizer production

#### Empresa Fertilizantes Completos Cubanitro

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	35,500			Shell partial oxidation of petroleur		1968
Nitric Acid	36,500			Chemical and Industrial Internationa High Pressure	1	1959
Complex Fertilizers	115,000			PEC Sulphonitric (France)	P Rock KC1 N Acid A S Acid	1960
Granular Fertilizers	150,000			TVA (U.S.)	AS SSP TSP KC1 N solution S Acid	1966
Mixed Fertilizer	197,000			Bulk Blending	AS TSP SSP KC1	1959 (1914)

<sup>(</sup>b) <u>Major Problems</u>: Construction of the installation was begun in 1958 but not completed by the original contractors. Completion of construction and erection was difficult due to lack of resources.

# CUBA (cont'd)

#### Empresa de Fertilizantes Nitrogenados de Cienfuegos

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	231,000			Steam re- forming of naphtha (COPSOE)		1973
Nitric Acid	223,000			Stamicarbon medium pressure		1973
Ammonium Nitrate	277,000			Stamicarbon		1973
Urea	182,000			Stamicarbon total recyc	i e	1973

(b) Major problems: Design problems made it necessary to carry out changes in the construction of the installation.

#### Empresa de Fertilizantes "Revolución de Octubre"

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	110,000	ė		steam reforming of naphtha (ONIA pro- cess)		1975
Nitric Acid	192,000			GIAP design (USSR)		1975
Ammonium Nitrate	220,000			GIAP design		1975
Urea	35,000			GIAP Project partical recycle		1975

# Empresa de Fertilizantes Mezclados Felton

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Mixed Fertilizers	344,500			bulk blending	AS SSP TSP KC1	1973

# Fertilizantes Mezclados Habana

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Mixed Fertilizers	766,000 (total for four plants)			bulk blending	AS SSP TSP KC1 KS	1914, 1948 and 1972

# **ECUADOR**

# 3. Fertilizer production

# Fertilizantes Ecuatorianos S.A.

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
NPK complex fertilizers	120	28,000		TVA	U(imported A( - " -) KCl (MOP) (imported AS DAP PAcid	1965/1966
SSP (21% P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub> )	80	9,412			S-Acid P-Rock (imported)	1968
Phosphoric Acid						
(30% P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub> )	10-20					1968
TSP Aluminium Sulphate			34,000 t/y 20,000 t/y			••••
Ammonium Sulphate			15,000 t/y	<b>†</b>		••••

# Corporacion Estatal Petrolera Ecuatoriana (CEPE)

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/day	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia			1,000		Natural Gas	preliminary studies
Urea			1,500			

# EL SALVADOR

# 3. Pertilizer Production

# Fertilizantes de Centro America S.A. (FERTICA)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979/80) tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium Sulphate	148,000	15,000 N				1976
SSP	33,000	2,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>				
Complex fertilizers	100,000					1964, 1976

#### **GUATEMALA**

#### 1. Training

Productora y Distribuidora de Fertilizantes y Agroquimicos S.A. (DISFERSA)

(b) In-house training

Productora y Distribuidora de Fertilizantes y Agroquimicos del Atlantico S.A. (FERTILASA)

(b) In-house training

Fertilizantes Mexicanos (Tecún Umán) S.A.

(b) In-house training with instructors from parent company in Mexico.

#### 3. Fertilizer production

Productora y Distribuidora de Fertilizantes y Agroquimicos S.A. (DISFERSA)

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
NPK mixed fertilizers	- 3,600				85% imported 15% domestic	1979

#### (b) Major problem areas

Shutdowns caused by insufficient raw materials due to lack of foreign exchange

# Productora y Distribuidora de Fertilizantes y Agroquimicos del Atlantico S.A. (FERTILASA)

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
NPK mixed fertilizers	1,200			Sackett	imported	1982

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#### GUATEMALA (cont'd)

#### (b) Major problem areas

Lack of foreign exchange to import raw materials

(d) Use of domestic engineering services

Civil engineering, plant erection, funnel construction: SEPLACOSA

#### Productora Guatemalteca de Fertilizantes S.A. (PROFESA)

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
NPK mixed fertilizers		95,000 t/yı				

(b) Lack of qualified personnel in the area of production.

#### Fertilizantes Mexicanos (Tecún Umán) S.A.

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
NPK mixed fertilizers		56,000 t/yr		Sackett	A, U P Acid KCl	1980

#### (b) Major problem areas

Lack of qualified personnel; difficult in procuring inputs, lack of raw materials in the area.

(d) Use of domestic engineering services

Plant erection: A.P.S.A deGuatemala

#### 4. Domestic engineering contractors

A.P.S.A. de Guatemala

SEPLACOSA

#### MEXICO

#### 1. Training facilities

Fertilizers Mexicanos, S.A. (FERTIMEX)

- (a) Training facilities at general offices include simulator equipment;
   further facilities at 13 industrial units throughout the country;
- (b) Training programmes for staff members at all levels include induction courses, technical training and instruction, personal development, executive development and instructor training programmes;
- (c) On-the-job and classroom training; ratio of theoretical to practical training time 1:3;
- (d) Language of instruction: Spanish.

#### 3. Fertilizer Production

Fertilizantes Mexicanos, S.A. (FERTIMEX)

This Government-owned company has ll industrial units in Mexico (as well as one in Guatemala, q.v.) that produce fertilizers. The table below gives the total capacity of all 11 domestic units as of April 1983, the production figures for 1982 and planned capacity expansion.

# FERTIMEX (cont'd)

	DIEX (COILE	<u> </u>		<del>,</del>		
Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production
	tons/year	tons/year				Started
Ammonia	22,000	1982				1951
Nitric Acid	155,000	155,000	+ 430,000 (1984) + 260,000 (1985)	Société		1959, 1961
Phosphoric Acid	419,600	420,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>	+ 198,000 (1984) + 198,000 (1985)	Dorr-Oliver, Rhône-Pou- lenc, Pechiney- Saint Gobain Prayon	•	1962, 1965, 1969, 1982
Urea	1,258,000	1,137,000	+ 495,000 (1984)	Toyo Koatsu Lonza Lummus Snampro- getti, Stamicarbon	,	1963, 1972 1978, 1982
Ammonium Nitrate	168,000	315,000	÷ 400,000 (1984)	Saint Gobain, Canada Development Inc.		1959, 1962
Ammonium nitrate solution			215,000			1985
UAN solution			350,000			1985
Ammonium sulphate	1,673,000	1,443,000		Chemico, Struthers Wells		1951, 1966, 1969, 1973, 1978
DAP	228,300	216,000	+ 275,000 (1984)	Dorr-Oliver		1970, 1975
NPK	206,000	206,000	+ 250,000 (1984)	PEC, TVA		1962, 1968
DAP/NPK			+ 425,000 (1984) + 286,000 (1985)	1		
SSP	482,500	437,000		Surrenvant, Saint Gobain, Superflosko	eç	1947, 1950 1978
TSP	176,500	146,000	+ 150,000 (1985)	Dorr-Oliver		1962, 1965, 1969, 1978

# FERTIMEX (cont'd)

#### (b) Major problems encountered

Transport problems, specifically insufficient availability of railroad cars;

Difficulties with supplies of raw materials, particularly ammonia, carbon dioxide and sulphur;

Difficulties with supplies of machinery and equipment;

Certain difficulties deriving from the imported technology.

#### (c) Main achievements

In order to improve productivity, the company established more efficient systems of maintenance, acquisition of supplies and equipment, control of raw materials and products, training, security, information and labor relations.

The projected production in 1982 of 4,752 thousand tons of intermediate products represents 87% of installed capacity and of 3,600 tons of final products represents 81.4% of installed capacity.

With the completion of the new industrial complex at Lázaro Cárdenas - Las Truchas, the company will be able to satisfy amply the requirements of the country's agricultural sector.

While many of the existing plants are 15 or more years old and therefore use outdated technology, the company is continuing to use them to produce fertilizer to meet the country's needs while in the process of replacing them by constructing plants using the most advanced technology.

#### Petroleos Mexicanos, S.A. (PEMEX)

This Government-owned company, which has plants at Camargo, Minatitlán and Salamanca, supplies ammonia to FERTIMEX for the manufacture of fertilizers.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	2,985,000	1982 2,118,000			Natural gas	1961, 1962, 1968, 1975, 1977

#### Univex, S.A.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium sulphate	190,000			Stamicarbon		1972

#### 5. Domestic manufacturers of equipment, spare parts and catalysts

(1) Standard equipment: cooling towers, air compression, refrigeration, etc.

Jacuzzi Universal, S.A. Mayekawa de México, S.A. Torres Marmex, S.A. de C.V.

(2) Fabricated equipment: pressure vessels and reactors, columns, towers, heat exchangers, furnaces, storage tanks, etc.

Avante, S.A. Ingenieros
Consorcio Industrial, S.A.
C.S.R. de México, S.A.
Ecología, S.A.
Fabricaciones de Acero Inoxidable, S.A.
Inductomex, S.A.de C.V.
Mexicana de Bienes de Capital
Pfauder, S.A.
Swecomex, S.A.
Tanques de Acero Trinity, S.A.
Tecnotanques del Noroeste, S.A.
Trinox Manufacturera, A.S.

(3) Rotating equipment: compressors, fans, pumps, etc.

GEM, S.A.
Industrías Ingersoll Rand, S.A.
Industrías Guillermo Murguía, S.A.
Máquinas de Proceso, S.A.
Worthington de México, S.A.

(4) Power generation: biolgers, steam turbines, power generators, transformers, motors, etc.

Babcock and Wilcox de México, S.A. de C.V. Ce-rrey, S.A.
Clayton de México, S.A.
Cleaver Broods de México
Industrias IEM, S.A. de C.V.
Industrias Ingersoll Rand, S.A.
Industrias Pesadas, S.A. de C.V.
Manufacturera Fairbanks Morse, S.A. de C.V.

(4) Power generation (cont'd)

Megatek, S.A. Motores U.S. de México, S.A. Reliance de México, S.A. West Instruments de México, S.A.

(6) Bulk supply materials: pipes, forgings, castins, etc.

Ascomática, S.A.

Dezurid de México, S.A. de C.V.

EMCA, S.A. de C.V.

Mibco de México, S.A.

OYM, S.A.

Puriti, S.A.

Senkowski Control Definidos, S.A.

#### PERU

# 1. Training facilities

#### Fertilizantes Sintéticos S.A.

(b) Classroom training; programmed instruction courses (from E.I. Du Pont de Nemours and Co.) translated into Spanish for training supervisors and maintenance personnel; outside training for supervisors and supervising engineers.

#### Industrial Cachimayo S.A.

(b) Outside training for operators, maintenance personnel, office personnel

# Petróleos del Peru S.A.

(b) In-house training; training abroad

# 2. Fertilizer process technologies available for transfer

#### Fertilizantes Sintéticas S.A.

- (a) The company designed and built a caustic regeneration unit rated at 1.5 t/8 hr 100% sodium hydroxide in which carbonated caustic soda from the absorber (in the ammonia plant elimination of 0.1% to 0.2% CO2 from the feed synthesis gas is accomplished by sodium hydroxide scrubbing) is treated with slaked lime and the resulting precipitated calcium carbonate is separated. This original design works satisfactorily.
- (b) Has not yet been transferred to other companies, but might be available for transfer.

#### Industrial Cachimayo S.A.

- (a) The company designed a siphon draining arrangement for its 300,000 m³/year water treatment plant. Previously it took 20 men to clean up manually the sludge that accummulated from the process of adding slaked lime to the water to eliminate temporary hardness followed by the addition of ferric chloride to flocculate the resulting solids.
- (b) Has not been transferred to other companies, but might be available for transfer to similar plants.

#### Industrias Químicas S.A.

- (a) SSP was produced in a fully lead-coated funnel reactor which frequently plugged up causing considerable down time. The company replaced about 90% of the funnel's inner lead lining with refractory bricks and has not had any plug-ups since then.
- (b) Has not been transferred to other companies, but might be available for transfer.

#### 3. Fertilizer production

#### Fertilizantes Sintéticos S.A.

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium Sulphate (20,5% N)	50			Montecotini	A S Acid	1960
Ammonium Nitrate (33% N)	140			Montecotini	A N Acid	1960
Nitric Acid (53%)	200			Montecotini	A	1960
Nitric Acid (987)	4			Montecotini	A	1960
Ammonia	75			Montecotini	H from oil Nitrogen	1960
Nitrogen	2700 Nm <sup>3</sup> /1			Linde air separation		1960

## (a) Equipment adaptation, etc.

Built caustic regeneration unit described under Section 2.

## (b) Major problem areas

Power house condenser tubes corroded by contaminated sea water used for cooling and abraded because the sand level has increased near the intake. Will switch to ground water cooling to avoid this. Modifications were necessary to the cracker and boiler burners.

# (d) Use of domestic engineering services

Civil engineering (structural design and construction): Flores y Costa (no longer in existence) and Groña y Montero.

Mechanical and electrical erection: Martínez y Linares and Ingenería Industrial.

# (e) Purchase of domestically produced equipment and spare parts

Spare parts are purchased from the following companies (addresses in the Company Index): AIRTEC, Atlas Copco, Compresoras Andinas, COSAPI, Delcrosa, Hidrostral, IMG, Incomet, MAGENSA, Mecánica Industrial, Metal empresa, Reconsa, SIMA, Talleres Elisa, Talleres Grieve.

#### Industrial Cachimayo S.A.

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion (1985) tons/day	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonium Nitrate	118		220	Uhde	A N Acid	1965
Nitric Acid	140		280	Uhde	A	1965
Ammonia	50		100	Uhde	electro- lytic hydrogen N	1965
Nitrogen	2500Nm <sup>3</sup> /h			Uhde	air separation	1965

# (b) Major problem areas

Insufficient electric power (hydroelectric) to operate at "full" capacity, often causing shut-downs in summer months.

# (d) Use of domestic engineering services

Civil engineering, mechanical and electrical erection: Martinez y Linares.

# (e) Purchase of domestically produced equipment and spares

Spare parts are purchased from the following companies (addresses in the Company Index): Hidrostal, Reconsa, SIMA, Talleres Breso, Talleres Elisa.

## Industrias Químicas S.A.

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP (18% P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>r</sub> )	140			Brookfield	conc. P205 ore Zn ore, S Acid	1964
NPK complex fertilizers	270			TVA	A,AN,SSP, S Acid, KCl, DAP	1964

#### (a) Equipment adaptation, etc.

Replacing lead lining of funnel reactor bricks as described in Section 2.

#### (b) Major problem areas

SSP caking due to too short curing time because of sales pressure.

#### (d) Use of domestic engineering services

Civil engineering, mechanical and electrical erection: Graña y Montero.

# (e) Purchase of domestically produced equipment and spares

Spare parts are puchased from the following companies (addresses in the Company Index): APIN, FAMIA, Gilardi Gamarra.

#### Petróleos del Perú S.A.

Product	Capacity tors/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Urea	510	126,609 t/yr		CHEMICO	A	1975
Ammonia	300	76,056 t/yr	,	Mitsui Toatsu	Natural gas	1975
Urea			600 t/d		Natural gas	prefeasibility studies

#### (b) Major problem areas

Desalination plant: corrosion (solved by replacing spray nozzle with one made of titanium).

Urea and ammonia plants: corrosion, maintenance, insufficient electric energy, insufficient gas (a greater problem in the years 1979-1980 than in 1981-1982).

#### (d) Use of domestic engineering services

Mechanical and electrical erection: COSAPI,, Martinez y Linares

# (e) Purchase of domestically produced equipment and spares

Spare parts are purchased from the following companies (addresses in the Company Index): FAMESA, MAGENSA, Martinez y Linares, Metal Empresa.

## 4. Domestic engineering contractors

COSAPI

Graña y Montero

Ingenería Industrial

Martinez y Linares

# 5. Domestic manufacturers of equipment, spare parts and catalysts

1. Standard equipment: air compressors

Atlas Copco

Compresoras Andinas

2. Fabricated equipment: columns, heat exchangers, storage tanks

COSAPI

INCOMET

**MAGENSA** 

Martinez y Linares

Metal Empresa

Talleres Grieve

3. Rotating equipment: compressors, fans, blowers, pumps

**AIRTEC** 

**FAMESA** 

**Hidrostal** 

IMG

MAGENSA

Mecánica Industrial

Reconsa

SIMA

Talleres Brero

Talleres Elisa

4. Power generation: boilers, motors

APIN

COSAPI

Delcrosa

Metal Empresa

5. Instrumentation

Talleres Elisa

Other: spare parts for bucket elevators and screw conveyors:

Gilardi Gamarra

**FAMIA** 

#### - 157 -TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

## 1. Training facilities

## Fertilizers of Trinidad and Tobago Limited (FERTRIN)

- (b) In-house training (program designed by an outside firm); training in similar plants abroad.
- (d) Company also provides training to university students.

# 3. Fertilizer production

# Federation Chemicals Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	610,000			Stamicarbon	Natural gas	1960,1966, 1977
Urea	90,000			Stamicarbon		
Ammonium sulphate	88,000			Stamicarbon		

# Pertilizer of Trinidad and Tobago Ltd. (FERTRIN)

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	2000			Kellog	Natural gas	1981

# National Energy Corporation of Trinidad and Tobago

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Urea			1620 t/d	Snamprogett		1983

# TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO (cont'd)

# National Agro Chemicals Ltd.

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
NPK mixed fertilizers				domestic and imported		

# 4. <u>Dowestic engineering contractors</u>

Brisco Ltd.

Damus

George S. Williams and Co. Ltd.

George Wimpey Caribbean Ltd.

# URUGUAY

# 3. Fertilizer production

# Fosfatos Tomás

Product	Capacity tons/year	1	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
NPK	95,000					1972, 1974

#### VENEZUELA

# 1. Training facilities

Petroquímica de Venezuela S.A. (PEQUIVEN) (also includes NITROVEN fertilizer complex at El Tablazo)

(b) In-house training; outside training; training abroad for upper echelon engineers, management and marketing personnel.

# 3. Fertilizer Production

Petroquímica de Venezuela S.A. (PEQUIVEN) - fertilizer complex at Morón

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
DAP	800			Dorr Oliver	A P Acid (imported)	1976
NPK complex fertilizers	920			- " -	A, U, AS, S Acid, P Acid, KC1, KS	1976
Urea	750			Snam- progetti	A	1963, 1974
Ammonium Sulfate	240			Montecatini	A S Acid	1963
Ammonia	600			CHEMICO/ Mitsubishi	Natural Gas	1963, 1974
Nitric acid (53%)	185			Montecatini	A	1963
Phosphoric acid	290			Dorr Oliver		not operating
TSP			400 t/c	Dorr Oliver		on standby
Urea prilling unit			750 t/d	I		1985
bulk blending	8		1,000 t/e			1985

#### VENEZUELA (cont'd)

## (a) Equipment adaptation, etc.

The company enlarged the diameters of the lines in the medium pressure section of the urea plants to solve the problem of ammonium carbamate plugging up the lines.

#### (b) Major problem areas

Ammonia plant: higher than design temperatures in reformer; too long transfer lines causing fires and line ruptures; insufficient ammonia condensing capacity; necessity of using 40 t/hr boiler to supply additional steam.

Urea plant: centrifuges not operating properly.

NPK plant: excessive dust penetrating into motors and mechanically driven parts and causing them to stop frequently.

#### (d) Use of domestic engineering services

Civil engineering: Guinand and Brillembourg C.A., Ratio C.A. Mechanical erection: Fromiconi and Lei C.A., Van Dam Industrias Metalúrgicas, S.V.E.C.A.-S.A.E., Sade S.A. Electrical erection: S.V.E.C.A.-S.A.E., Sade S.A.

# (e) Purchase of domestically produced equipment or spares

Equipment and spare parts have been purchased from the following firms (see section 5 for lists of equipment): Eleazar Gómez, Formiconi and Lei, IMOSA, Indein, Siemens, Talleres Hispania, Van Dam, Westinghouse.

#### Petroquímica de Venezuela S.A. - NITROVEN fertilizer complex at El Tablazo

Product	Capacity tons/day	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Urea	2400			Toyo Toatsur	A	1972
Ammonia	1800			C.I.Girdler	Natural Gas	1972

## (b) Major problem areas

Design and equipment problems

# (d) Use of domestic engineering services

Civil engineering: Guinand and Brillembourg C.A.
Mechanical and electrical erection: Formiconi and Lei C.A.

## VENEZUELA (cont'd)

#### (e) Purchase of domestically produced equipment or spares

Equipment and spare parts have been purchased from the following firms (see section 5 for listsof equipment): Formiconi and Lei, Indein, Siemens S.A., Westinghouse de Venezuela S.A.

#### 4. Domestic engineering contractors

Formiconi and Lei C.A.

Guinand and Brillenbourg C.A.

Industrias Metalúrgicas Van Dam C.A.

Ratio C.A.

Sade S.A.

S.V.E.C.A.-S.A.E.

# 5. Domestic manufacturers of equipment, spare parts, catalysts

- Standard equipment: cooling towers
   Indein Venezuela S.A.
- Fabricated equipment: columns, heat exchangers, boilers, liquid and refrigerated storage tanks
   C.M. Eleazar Gómez Sucursales C.A.
   Formiconi and Lei C.A.
   Industria Mecánica Orión S.A. (IMOSA)
   Talleres Hispánia C.A.
- Power generation: small transformers
   Siemens S.A.
   Westinghouse de Venezuela S.A.

Industrias Metalúrgicas Van Dam C.A.

6. Bulk supply materials: pipes and tubes Siderurgica Occidental C.A. (SIDEROCA)

# M I D D L E E A S T

# **AFGHANISTAN**

# 3. Fertilizer production

# Government of Afghanistan

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	70,000				Natural Gas	1975
Urea	104,000					

# BAHRAIN

# 3. Fertilizer production

Gulf Petrochemical Industry (GPIC)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia			330,000	UHDE		1985

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#### EGYPT

# 1. Training facilities

Abu Oir Company for Fertilizers and Chemical Industries

- (b) Training programmes for: ammonia/urea plant managers, supervisors, operators/foremen, and maintenance engineers (mechanical, electrical, instrumentation);
- (c) In-plant training and plant visits; ratio of theoretical to practical training time 1:4;
- (d) Outside trainees accepted; language of instruction: English; course duration: 2 weeks for plant managers/supervisors, process technology, 4 weeks for plant maintenance engineers.

Abu Zaabal Fertilizer and Chemical Company

- (b) Training programmes for: phosphoric acid and TSP plant supervisors, operators/foremen, and maintenance engineers (mechanical and instrumentation)
- (c) In-plant training and plant visits; ratio of theoretical to practical training time 1:1.5;
- (d) Outside trainees accepted; languages of instruction: English and Arabic; course duration: 3 weeks for plant managers/supervisors, process technology, 4 weeks for maintenance engineers

Al Nasr Company for Manufacturing Coke and Chemicals

- (b) Training programmes for plant supervisors, operators/foremen, and maintenance engineers (mechanical, electrical and instrumentation)
- (c) In-plant training only
- (d) Course duration: 2 weeks for plant managers/supervisors, process technology and 3 weeks for plant maintenance engineers.

Semadco Training Centre for Chemical Industries at Talkha

- (a) Fully equipped training centre with process simulator and model projects for a variety of manufacturing processes;
- (b) Training programmes for plant operators/foremen and maintenance engineers (instrumentation); Specialized training for ammonia/urea, phosphate/phosphoric acid/TSP and Nitro-phosphate/NPK plants;
- (c) In-plant training and plant visits; ratio of theoretical to practical training time 1:1;
- (d) Outside trainees accepted; languages of instruction: Arabic and English; course duration: 20 weeks for process technology and 25 weeks for plant maintenance engineers.

# 3. Fertilizer production

# Abu Qir Company for Fertilizers and Chemical Industries

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	330,000			UHDE	Natural Gas	1979
Urea	495,000	104,657		Stamicarbon		1979
Calcium Ammonium Nitrate	120,000					1982

# Lbu Zaabal Fertilizer and Chemical Company

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	250,000					1946,1978
Phosphoric Acid	65,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			Fisons		1983
TSP	150,000			Fisons		1982

# Al Nasr Company for Manufacturing Coke and Chemicals, Helwan, Cairo

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	56,000			Haber Bosch	Coke-oven gas	1970
Nitric Acid	172,000		+ 16,500 (1985)			1964
Calcium Ammonium Nitrate	120,000	66,022		BASF		1971

# (b) Major problems encountered

Continuous decrease in real productive capacity until it reached 55% in 1979 made a revamping and de-bottlenecking necessary.

# Al Nasr Company for Fertilizers and Chemical Industries, Suez, Talkha

Product	Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	600,000			Haber Bosch,ICI	Refinery waste gas and natural gas	1952, 1975 1981
Urea	578,000			Stamicarbon		1981
Nitric Acid	460,000			CHEMICO, UHDE		1952 1975
Ammonium Nitrate/CAN	380,000			Stamicarbor		1975
Ammonium Sulphate	10,000					1964

# EGYPT (cont'd)

# The Egyptian Chemical Industries Company (KIMA), Aswan

Product	Capacity	Current Production (1979) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	150,000			electro- lysis of water		1960
Nitric Acid Ammonium Nitrate/CAN	510,000	298,290		UHDE		1960 1960

# (b) Major problems encountered

Production of hydrogen by electrolysis very expensive; feasibility study underway for converting to natural gas steam reforming process

# Egyptian Financial and Industrial Company

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Producti ¬	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
SSP	35,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>					1950, 1954, 1964, 1967

# IRAN

# 3. Fertilizer production

# Government of Iran - Shiraz Fertilizer Complex

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	46,000		+ 396,000 (1989)	Ammonia Casale ICI	Natural Gas	1963
Urea	54,000		+ 500,000 (1989)	Stamicarbon		1963
Ammonium Nitrate	30,000		+ 250,000 (1989)	Kaltenbach		
Nitric Acid			+ 196,000 (1989)	Grande Paroisse		

# IRAQ

# 3. Fertilizer production

# State Enterprise of Fertilizers

(under the State Organization for Chemical Industries)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	995,000			CHEMICO, Haldor Topsoe		1971, 1977, 1979
Urea	1,480,000			CHEMICO; Snamprogett	ļ L	1971, 1977, 1979
Ammonium Sulphate	140,000			CHEMICO		1971

# State Enterprise for Phosphates

(under the State Organization for Minerals)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid			400,000	Prayon		1983
TSP			600,000	Fisons		1983
MAP			250,000	Fisons		1983
NPK Mixed fertilizers			272,000	Fisons		1983
Ammonia			50,000	Howe Baker		1983

JORDAN

# 3. Fertilizer production

# The Arab Potash Co. Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Potash	1,200,000					1982
Potassium Chloride			720,000			1988
Potassium Sulphate			•••••			1988

# Jordan Fertilizer Industry Company Ltd.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid	410,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			Rhône- Poulenc	phosphate rock (domestic)	1983
DAF/MAP	726,000				P acid, Ammonia (imported)	1983

## KUWAIT

# 1. Training facilities

Petrochemical Industries Co. (PIC)

- (b) Training and retraining employees commensurate with technical background including training courses abroad;
- (c) Summer training courses held at the company for students from science and commerce colleges.

# 3. Fertilizer production

Petrochemical Industries Co. (PIC)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	660,000		330,000 (1984)	Ammonia Casale, Haldor Topsoe		1966, 1971
Urea	792,000					1966, 1971
Ammonium Sulphate	165,000					

# LEBANON

# 3. Fertilizer production

# Lebanon Chemical Co.

Capacity	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
tons/year			<b>!</b>		
100,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>					1972
300,000					1972
18,000					1966
22,000					1966
	100,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub> 300,000 18,000	Production  100,000 P205 300,000 18,000	Production Expansion  100,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub> 300,000 18,000	Production Expansion Used  100,000 P205 300,000 18,000	Production Expansion Used Materials  100,000 P205 300,000 18,000

# LIBYA

# 3. Fertilizer Production

# NAPETCO - Secretariat of Heavy Industries

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	660,000		+ 891,000	UHDE/ICI, Haldor Topsoe		1977, 1982
Urea	330,000		+ 578,000 (1984) + 574,000 ()	Stamicarbon		1982

# QATAR

# 3. Fertilizer production

# Qatar Fertilizer Co. (QAFCO)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	590,000			ICI, Haldor Topsoe	Natural Gas	1973, 1979
Urea	660,000			Mitsui Toatsu, Stamicarbon		1973, 1979

# SAUDI ARABIA

# 3. Fertilizer production

# <u>Al Jubail Fertilizer Co.</u> (Joint Venture of SABIC - Saudi Arabian Basic Industries Corporation)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	330,000			Kellogg		1983
Urea	545,000			Stamicarbon		1983
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# Saudi Arabian Fertilizer Co. (SAFCO)

Product	Cupacity tons/year	Current Production (1981) tons/year	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	198,000			CHEMI CO	Natural Gas	1970
Urea	300,000	342,289		CHEMICO		1970

# 1. Training facilities

General Fertilizer Company (GFC)

- (a) Vocational school, simulator training equipment;
- (b) 2-year training programme for operators, technical personnel, manintenance personnel.

Intermediate Institute for Chemical Industries of the Ministry of Industry

- (b) 24-month intermediate level course in fertilizer manufacturing technology to prepare operators, shift foremen and technical assistants;
- (d) Language of instruction: Arabic; outside trainees accepted.

#### 3. Fertilizer production

General Fertilizer Company (GFC)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	380,000			Ammonia Casale	Naphtha (domestic)	1972, 1981
Urea	315,000			Stamicarbon		1981
Nitric Acid	87,500			Neft Chempron		1971
·CAN	148,000			Technology from USSR		1971
Phosphoric Acid	160,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			Prayon	Phosphate rock (domestic)	1981
TSP	450,000			Romanian process		1981

#### (b) Major problems encountered

- High cost of naphtha plan to convert to natural gas in 1985
- Surplus ammonia only 60% ofproduced ammonia consumed in urea production, difficult to operate ammonia unit at less than 77% of name plate capacity studying plans to produce Ammonium phosphate with surplus ammonia and locally produced phosphoric acid
- Power failures;
- Water balance for phosphoric acid unit not in order;
- Heavy corrosion in some pumps and rubber coating, particularly in the phosphoric acid unit.

## TURKEY

# 1. Training facilities

Azot Sanayii T.A.Ş.

- (a) Laboratories (chemistry, electricity, mechanics, instrumentation); pilot plant with control panel
- (b) Training programmes for all technical disciplines: process operators, maintenance and instrumentation technicians, foremen, engineers
- (d) Language of instruction: Turkish; courses in English can be arranged; training fees not yet determined

# 3. Fertilizer Production

## Akdeniz Gübre Sanayii A.Ş.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid	71,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>			Prayon	imported	1972
DAP	148,500			Pechiney- Saint ' Gobain		1972
Nitric Acid						1972
Ammonium Nitrate/CAN	594,000			Stamicarbon		1972

# (d) Use of domestic engineering contractors

Tümaş

# Azot Sanayii T.A.Ş.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production tons/year	Planned Expansion tons/year	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	150,000				Coal	1961, 1968
Ammonium Sulphate	60,000			BASF	Ammonia, Gypsum (domestic)	1961
Nitric Acid	••••					1961, 1968
Ammonium Nitrate (20.5%)	50,000			BASF		1961
Ammonium Nitrate (26% N)	338,500			Kaltenbach		1968
CAN (26% N)	594,000			Stamicarbon		1979
Phosphoric Acid	178,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>					
TSP	220,000			SIAPE- Chemiebau		1971
SSP	220,000			Moritz		1970
DAP	227,000			Olin- Mathieson		1973

#### (b) Major problems encountered

Equipment: Coal screening and conveyor sustems, coal grinding and drying units, steam boilers, gasifiers and gas purification system, graphite pipes of exchangers in phosphoric acid unit

Caking of CAN - studies are under way to find solution

Dusting problems in fertilizer storage - already solved

# (d) Use of domestic engineering contractors

Eti Ltd. Şirketi TOKAR Vural Kollektiv

# Bandirma Gübre Fabrikalari A.S. (BAGFAS)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
TSP	160,000			Stamicarbon		1973
Ammonium Sulphate	200,000			Stamicarbon		1979
DAP	300,000			Stamicarbon		1979
NPK	165,000			Stamicarbon		1979

# Ege Gübre Sanayii A.Ş.

Product	Capacity tons/year		Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
NPK	306,500	L	Minifos- Fisons		1978

# (d) Use of domestic engineering services

Alarco Opak Tekfen Tümaş

# Gübre Fabrikalari T.A.Ş.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Phosphoric Acid	150,000 P <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>5</sub>					1974, 1976
TSP	370,000			Broadfield- Den		1954, 1974
NPK	200,000			ICI		1978

# (d) Use of domestic engineering services

Teksel

# Istanbul Gübre Sanayii A.Ş. (IGSAŞ)

Product	Capacity tons/year	•	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammonia	330,000			UHDE	Naphtha	1977
Urea	511,500			UHDE	-	1977

## (d) Use of domestic engineering services

Etmaş Terzibaşioglu

# Toros Gübre ve Kimya Endüstrisi A.Ş.

Product	Capacity tons/year	Production	l .	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
NPK	330,000			Fisons		1981

# (d) Use of domestic engineering services

Tekfen

# 4. Domestic engineering contractors

The engineering firms listed can design and erect a fertilizer plant according to given process data. They can also be responsible for the construction and commissioning of the plants.

- TOKAR Yapi ve Endüstri Tesisleri Imalat ve Montaj A.Ş.
- TEKFEN Endüstri Tesisleri Imalat ve Montaj A.Ş.
- KUTLUTAŞ HOLDING A.Ş.
- TÜMAŞ Türk Mihendislik Müsavirlik ve Müteahhitlik A.Ş.
- ENTE Endüstri ve Tesisat A.Ş.
- ENTES Endüstri Tesisleri Imalat ve Montaj A.Ş.

#### 5. Domestic manufacturers of equipment, spare parts and catalysts

#### (1) Standard equipment

#### (a) Cooling towers

Almüt-Alarko Gama Endüstri Tesisleri Imalat ve Montaj A.Ş. Sungurlar Isi Sanayii A.Ş. Tokar Yapi ve Endüstri Tesisleri ve Montaj A.Ş.

## (b) Water treatment

Alarko Gama Endüstri lesisleri A.Ş. Sungurlar Isi Sanayii A.Ş. Tekfen Endüstri Tesisleri Imalat ve Montaj A.Ş.

# (c) Filtration

Alarko
Apex Makina Endüstrisi
Form A.Ş.
Gürmal
Klinger-Yakacik Mak.Fab.
Yönat Teknik Endüstriyel ve Termik Cihazlar

## (d) Air conditioning

Alfa Emak Ente Endüstri ve Tesisat Gürmak

# (e) Separators

Enternasyonal Tic.Müh.Bürosu VMI Vibro Magnet-Izolasyon Imalat, Ihracat ve Mühendislik Yüksek Erkoc ve Orgagi Adi Kom.Sti.

# (2) Fabricated equipment: heat exchangers, boilers, tanks

Alamsaş-Alarko Agir Makina Sanayii A.Ş.

Demir-Çelik Iş Fabrikasi

Desa, Demir, Kazan ve Mak. San. A.Ş.

Ece Endüstri Tesisleri Isitma-Sogutma Cihazlari Sanayi ve Tic. A.Ş.

Erna Kollektif Şti.

Gama Endüstri Tesisleri Imalat ve Montaj A.Ş.

Habas Endüstri Tesisleri

Karma San.

Sungurlar Isi Sanayii A.Ş.

Teba Isitma Sogutma Klima Cihazlari San. ve Tic. A.Ş.

Tekfen Imalat ve Mühendislik A.Ş.

Türkiye Seker Fabrikalari A.Ş. Ankara Mak.Fab.

# (3) Rotating equipment: fans, pumps

Alarko
Alpom Pompa ve Motor Imalat Müessesesi
Genel Makina Sanayi LTD. Şti.
Layne-Bowler Dik. Türbin Pom. San. ve Tic. A.Ş.
Samsun Makina Sanayii
Sungurlar Isi San. A.Ş.
Tekfen Imalat ve Mühendislik A.Ş.
Türbo San, Türbo Mak. San. ve Tic. A.Ş.
Türkiye Seker Fabrikalari A.Ş. Eskisehir Mak.Fab.

# (4) Power generation: generators, motors

AEG Telefunken Genel Elektrik Türk A.Ş. Brown-Boweri Cengiz Elektrik Motorlari Fabrikasi Etaş Gamak Makina Sanayii A.Ş. Simko

# (6) Bulk supply materials: pipes, pipe fittings, valves

Apex Makina Endüstrisi Borusan Boru Sanayi A.Ş. Ergat Fer-Döküm Sanayii Gürmal Valf ve Fitting Sanayii A.Ş. Haymak Döküm ve Fitting Sanayii A.Ş. Izsal Döküm Sanayii A.Ş.

Klinger Yakacık Makina Fabrikası Döküm Valf San. ve Tic. A.Ş. Manesman-Sümerbank Bory Endüstrisi T.A.Ş. M.K.E. Çelik Boru Çekme Fabrikası Ümran Boru Fab. Vastaş

# UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

# 3. Fertilizer production

Abu Dhabi National Oil Co. (ADNOC) - Ruwais Fertilizer Industries (FERTIL)

Product	Capacity tons/year	Current Production	Planned Expansion	Technology Used	Raw Materials	Year Production Started
Ammon ia			330,000	Haldor Topsoe	Natural gas	1983
Urea			495,000	Stamicarbon		1983

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#### Errata

# Page 79

Page 79 should read page 69. The following pages should be changed accordingly.

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