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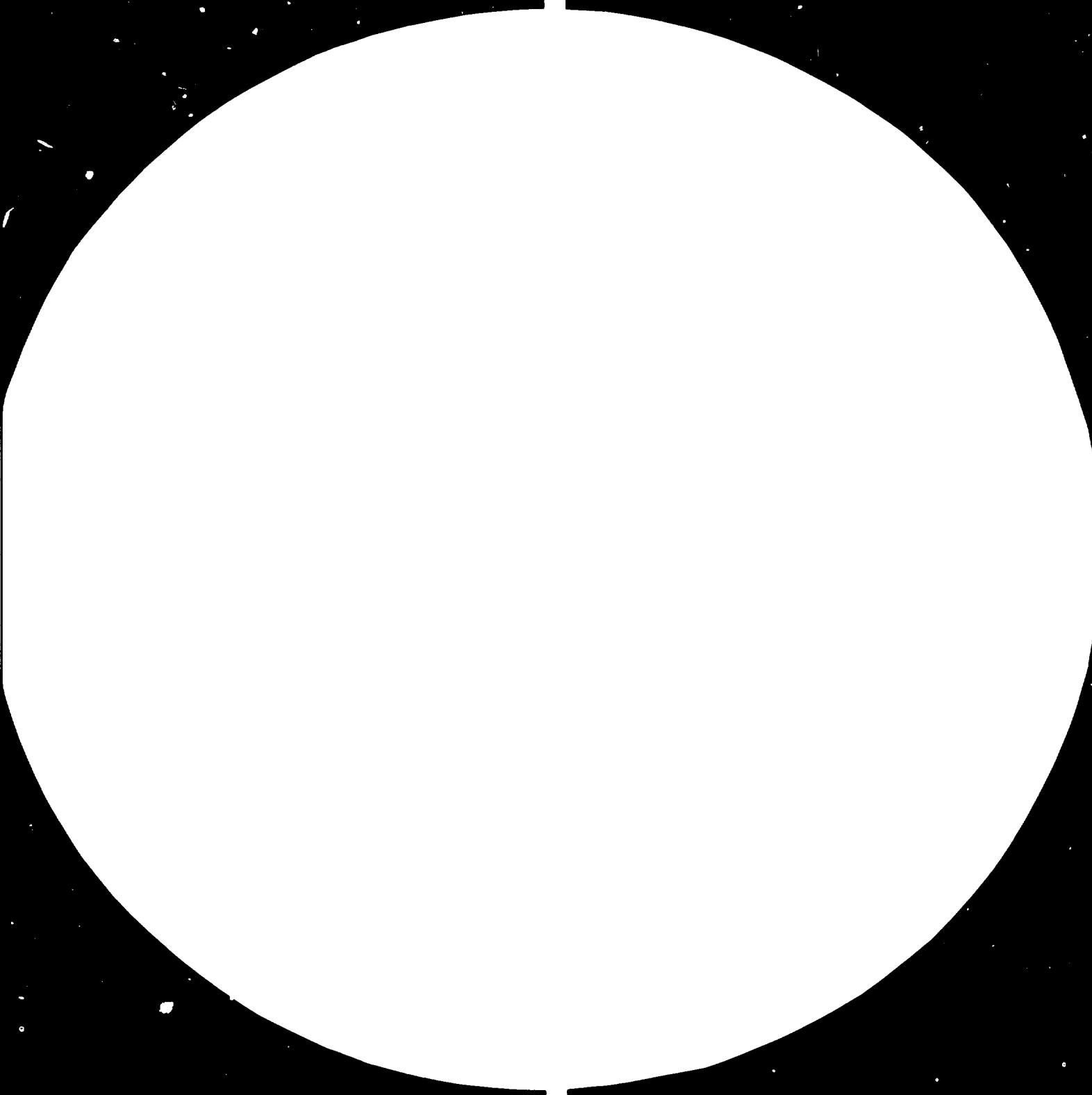
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Technical Consultations among Developing
Countries on Large-Scale Biogas Technology
in China

Beijing, China, 4 - 19 July 1980

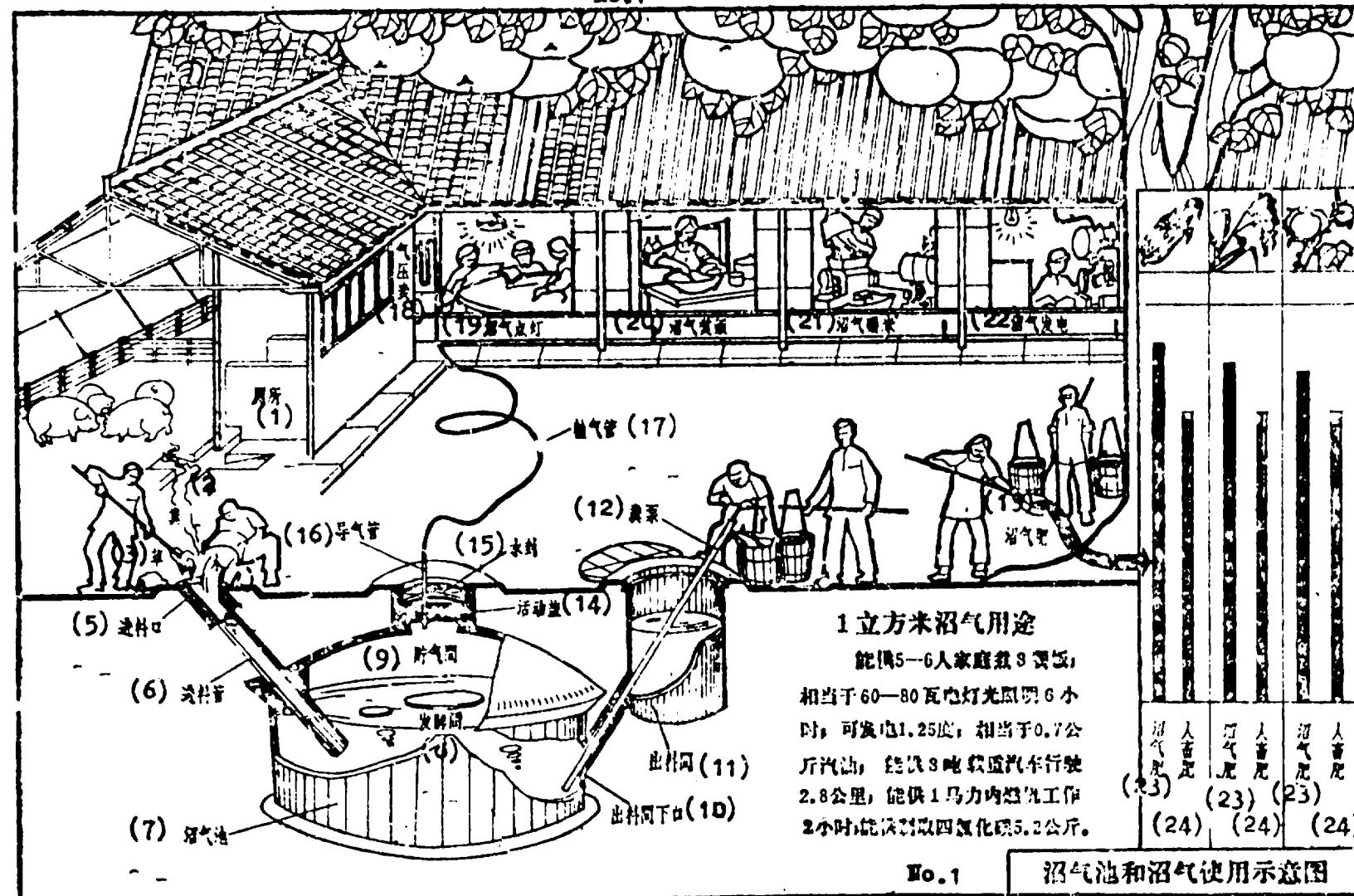
COLLECTION OF SIMPLE BIOGAS DIGESTER DESIGNS *

prepared by

the Southwest Architectural Designing Institute
Sichuan, China

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No. 1



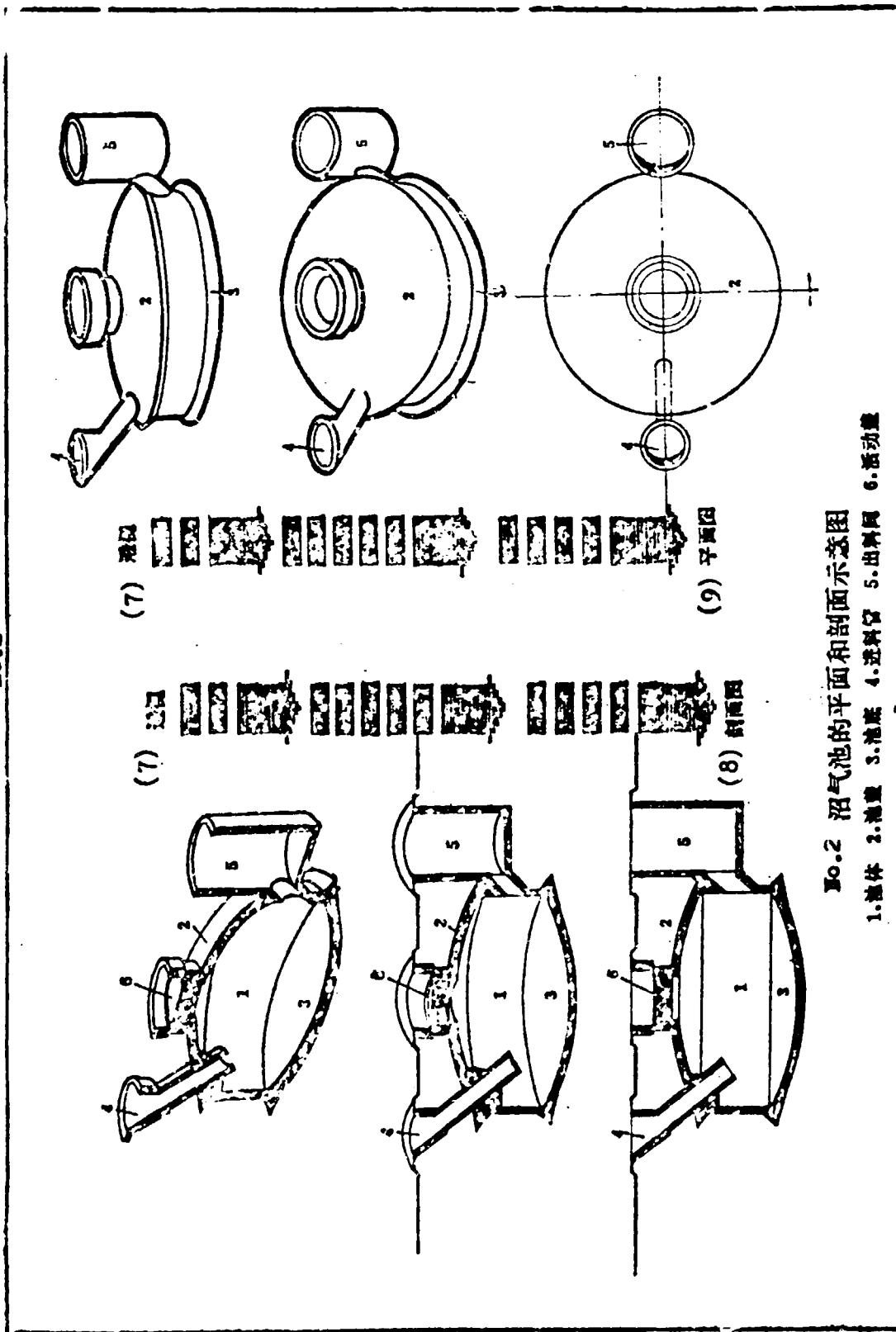
No. 1 Schematic view of a digester and the uses of biogas

- (1) Latrine
- (2) Manure
- (3) Weeds
- (4) Water
- (5) Inlet opening
- (6) Inlet pipe
- (7) Digester tank
- (8) Fermentation space
- (9) Gas storage space
- (10) Lower opening of outlet room
- (11) Outlet room
- (12) Manure pump
- (13) Digester manure
- (14) Removable cover
- (15) Water seal
- (16) Gas conduct
- (17) Gas pipeline
- (18) Gas meter
- (19) Household lighting
- (20) Household cooking
- (21) Rice hulling
- (22) Power-generating
- (23) Digester manure
- (24) Human excrements and animal manure

What can be done by 1m³ of biogas?

It can provide energy for cooking three meals a day of a family with 5-6 members; for driving a truck of 3 - tons to run 2.8km. or an engine of 1 horse power to work 2 hr., that is equivalent to 0.7kg. of gasoline; and for producing CCl₄ 5.2kg..

No.2



No.2 沼气池的平面和剖面示意图
1.池体 2.池盖 3.池底 4.进料管 5.出料管 6.活动窗

No. 2 Schematic view showing the plan and cutaway of a digester

- (1) Tank body
- (2) Tank cover
- (3) Tank bottom
- (4) Inlet pipe
- (5) Outlet room
- (6) Removable cover
- (7) Perspective
- (8) Cutaway
- (9) Plan

一、总说明

几年来，我们四川省广大农村大办沼气的热潮，是在毛主席和华主席亲切关怀下出现的，现在很多县、区、公社和大队已经基本实现沼气化。广大群众在修建沼气池的实践中，创造了许多好经验。本图集就是在深入调查，总结经验的基础上，根据“三结合”、“圆、小、浅”、“活动盖”、“直管进料”、“中层出料”、“出料口加盖”等群众的建池经验，结合四川地区的情况而编制的。

（一）沼气简介

沼气是利用人畜粪便、植物茎叶和垃圾等有机物质作原料，在一定温度、湿度和密闭的条件下，经过微生物发酵而产生的一种可燃气体。人工制取沼气具有重大的政治和经济意义，它为农村煮饭、点灯、发电和开动机器提供了廉价的能量，可为国家节约大量的煤、电和油料，支援工业建设；又可提高肥效，扩大肥料来源，发展农业生产并能消灭害虫，改善环境卫生，促进人畜健康。

人工制取沼气，除应合理修建沼气池外，还应注意合理配料，进行科学管理。发酵原料的适宜配料比例（重量比）是：人粪便（包括水分）10%+牲畜粪便、植物茎叶40%+清水50%。料液的温度在10—55℃间均可发酵产气，在这个温度范围内，温度越高，产气率也随之提高。一般常温发酵温度为10—30℃。作物秸秆（桔秆）、青草、植物茎叶等应铡成1寸左右（30至40毫米）短节，经过短期堆沤发酵或不经堆沤发酵

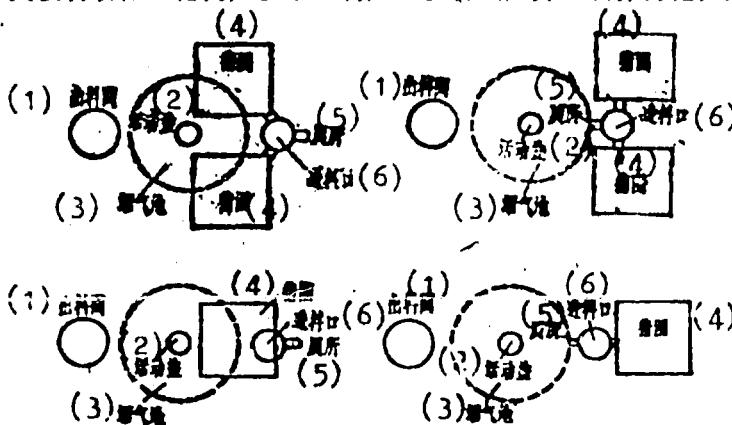
均可下池。第一次投料，应占池体容积90%。使用过程中应经常添加新料，取出旧料，保持适宜温度并勤于搅拌。

使用沼气和沼气池维修，必须注意安全，要防火、防爆、防止窒息事故。下池出料或检修，应先驱尽池内残留的沼气，并先放小动物（如鸡、兔）入池试验。严禁明火入池。

（二）沼气池设计条件

1. 建池原则 本图集体现了“三结合”、“圆、小、浅”、“活动盖”、“直管进料”、“中层出料”、“出料口加盖”等建池原则。

“三结合”是指在选择池基时，要靠近厕所、牲畜圈、使粪便自动流入池内，便于进料，方便管理，并有利保持池温。



No.3 四1—1 沼气池“三结合”布置示意图

No. 3 Layouts of a triplet digester

- (1) Outlet room
- (2) Removable cover
- (3) Digester
- (4) Pigsty
- (5) Latrine
- (6) Inlet opening

No.4

提高产气率，改善环境卫生（图1—1）。

“圆、小、浅”的池型，用料较少，受力合理，施工简便，便于管理，发酵液面较大，利于产气。但池上应有一定覆土厚度，利于保持池温。

“活动盖”便于清除沉渣及排出余气，维修池体时，灯光好，当气管堵塞时，也起安全阀门作用。

“直管进料”，施工方便，进料顺畅，利于搅拌料浆。

“中层出料”即出料口下口不直达池底，设在池壁中缝，这样进池为省工省料，利于沉降带生虫卵。

“出料口加盖”，能防止人畜跌入池内，改善环境卫生，利于冬季保温。

2. 设计池型（图1—2）本图是较常采用的池型设计，池体埋没在地面以下，由主池、进料管、出料管三部分组成。主池池身选用短圆柱体池身，正侧球拱形池盖，反侧球拱形池盖（图1—1）。主池下部为斜坡发料门，上部为贮气间。 \bar{h}_{ar} ，气体对池体最大压力取1000公斤/平方米，池体按无砂矩型池计算，因此池壁与池盖应相互隔开，池壁与池底连接处应作成饺链，

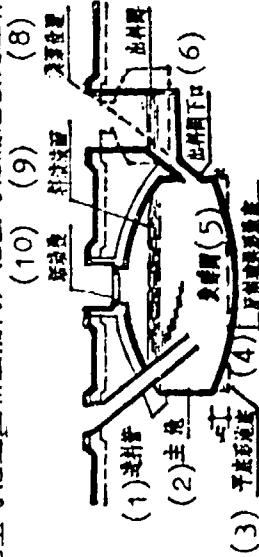


图1—2 沼气池池型

设座粪斗直接传至池盖，减轻池盖负荷。
反侧球拱形池盖，适用于有地下水及无地下水的地质条件，当池盖于地下水位以上时，也可采用平底形池底，此时只需适当增加池壁高度（h），即可满足建池容积需要。

进料管安装在池盖顶部上部，使进料直达池中，并能节约用地，当条件适宜时也可改装在池壁中部。

出料口应有一定容积，以便容纳由于池内气压增加而挤出的部分料浆，其容积（即主池内料槽容积达到30%时，液面上的容积分），按主池净容积的5—10%计算。出料口下口设计成合缝式使用。图页73为搅拌器和搅拌器示意图供制作参考。

3. 设计容积 设计容积分为6、8、10、12、50、100立方米六档，一律按主池净容积计算。沼气农村家用总饭、照明使用的沼气池容积，可按每人1.5—2.0立方米考虑。在发展取料充足，管理正常的情况下，每立方米容积每天产气约0.15立方米。2人以下的家庭可建6立方米，4—5人可建8立方米，6人左右可建10立方米，7—10人可建12立方米。一般5—7人的家庭，一日做三餐饭，点一盏沼气灯，平均每天耗气量约1立方米（1000公升）。

50、100立方米池型，供社队企业使用。如容积不够，可采用成组并联方式建池，施工简便，易于管理和检修。

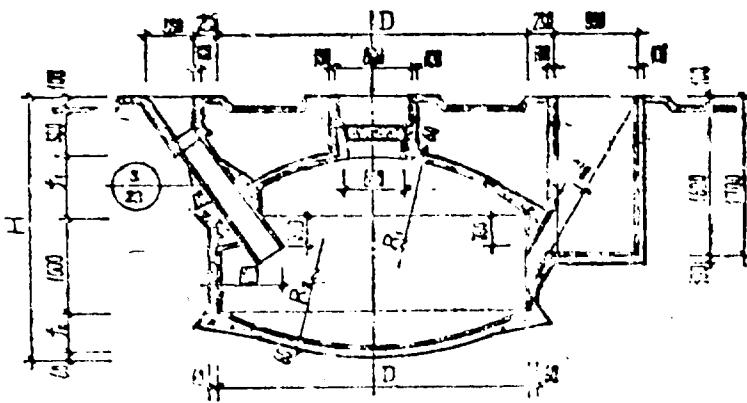
4. 材料、结构类型 本图集设计的结构类型，包括灰土、三合土、掺塑化剂（石灰、粘土）的低标号混凝土、炉渣、矿渣等。

• 在选用气压表时，水柱量应控制在100毫米以内。

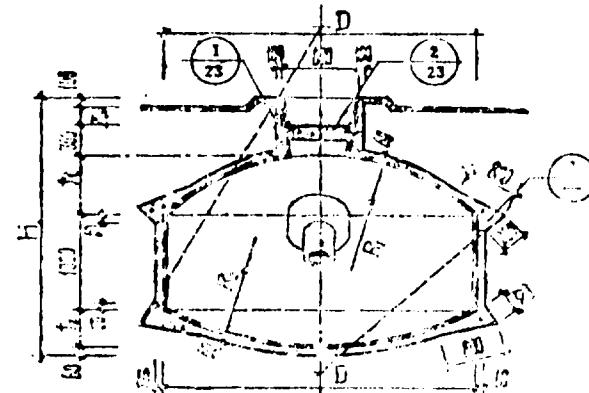
No. 4 Pattern of a digester

- (1) Inlet pipe
- (2) Main tank
- (3) Plan bottom
- (4) Domial bottom
- (5) Fermentation space
- (6) Lower opening of outlet room
- (7) Outlet room
- (8) Manure pump
- (9) Liquid level
- (10) Removable cover

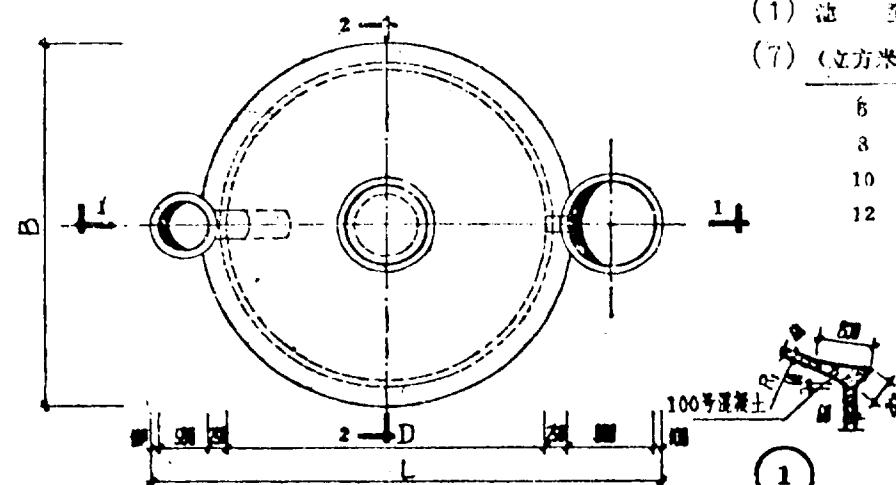
No. 5



(10) 1-1 長面圖



(10) 2-2 剖面圖



(11) 平面圖

(1) 池 空 (7) (立方米)	(2) 用 地 范 围		埋置 深度 H	池壁内 直径 D (B)R ₁	池盖拱 高 (9)f	池盖供 式 半径 (8)R ₂ (9)R ₃
6	4580	2880	2440	2400	1710	480
8	4880	3180	2540	2700	1960	540
10	5180	3480	2640	3000	2180	600
12	5380	3780	2700	3200	2320	640

注：1. 池蓋、池壁、池底用 30 号混凝土，当池蓋采用
100 号混凝土时，见詳圖①。
2. 进料口、出料閥用灰土材料。

No. 5

6、8、10、12立方米混凝土沼气池

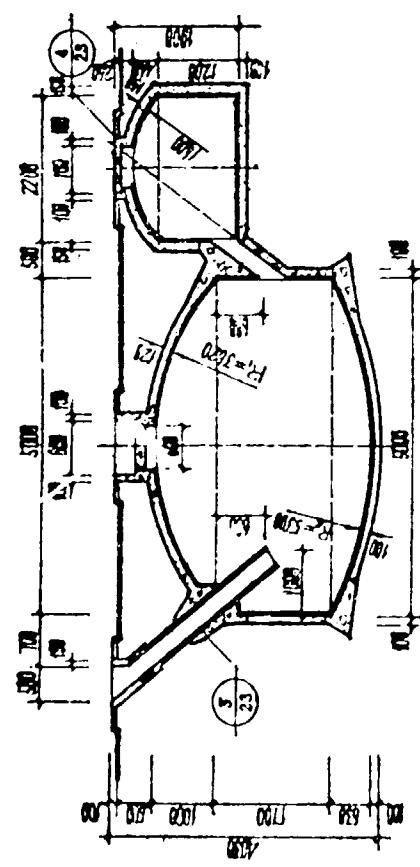
No. 5 Concrete digester of 6, 8, 10, 12m³

- (1) Volume of tank
- (2) Area
- (3) Height of burial
- (4) Inside diameter
- (5) Dome of cover
- (6) Dome of bottom
- (7) (m³)
- (8) Radius
- (9) Rise
- (10) Cutaway
- (11) Plan

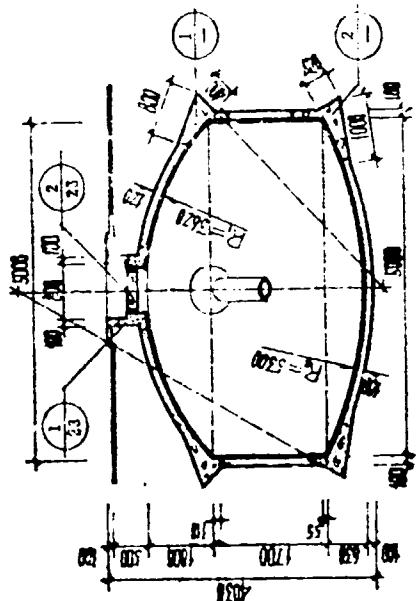
Note: 1. No. 30 concrete is used for cover, wall and bottom; in case No. 100 concrete is used for cover, reference should be made to details (1).

2. Lime-clay material is used for inlet opening and outlet room.

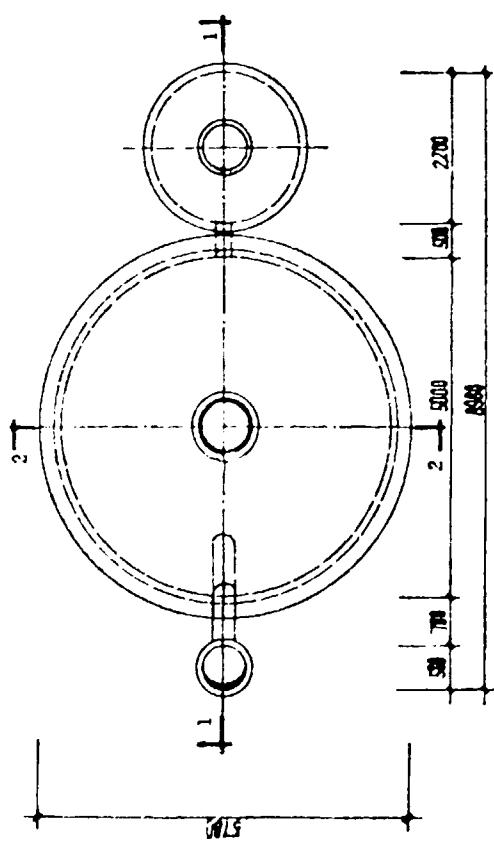
No.6



(1) 1-1 剖面图



(1) 2-2 剖面图



(2) 平面图

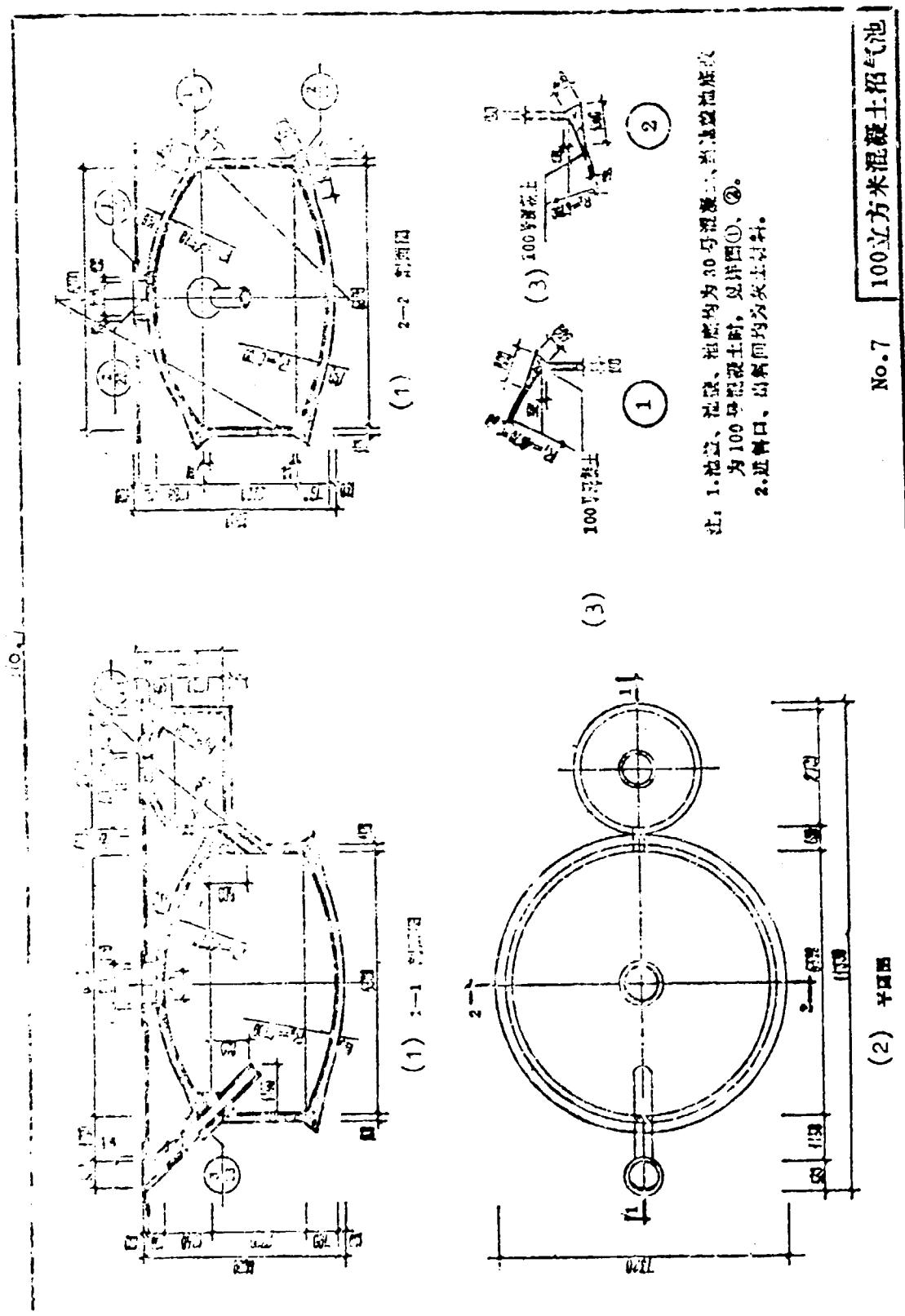
注：1.池壁、池盖、池底均为30号混凝土，当池盖、池底选用其他材料时，见详图①、②。
2.进料口、出料闸为灰土材料。

No.6 50 立方米混凝土沼气池

No. 6 Concrete digester of 50m³

- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) No. 100 concrete

Note: 1. No. 30 concrete is used for cover, wall and bottom;
in case other material is used for cover and bottom,
reference should be made to details (1), (2).
2. Lime-clay is used for inlet opening and outlet room.



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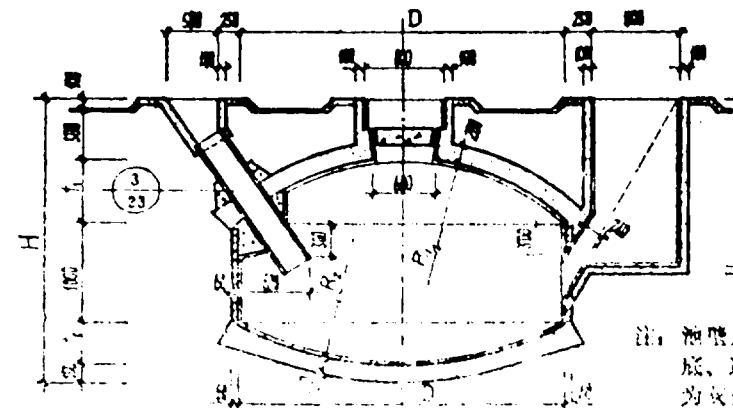
M . 7 Concrete digester of 100m³

- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) No. 100 concrete

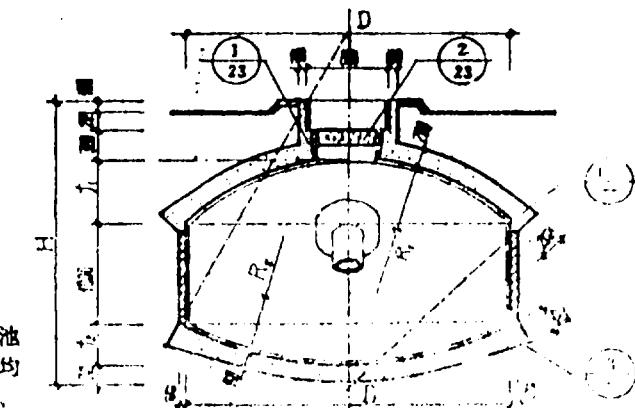
Note: 1. No. 30 concrete is used for cover, wall and bottom;
in case No.100 concrete is used for cover and bottom,
reference should be made to details (1), (2).

2. Lime-clay is used for inlet opening and outlet room.

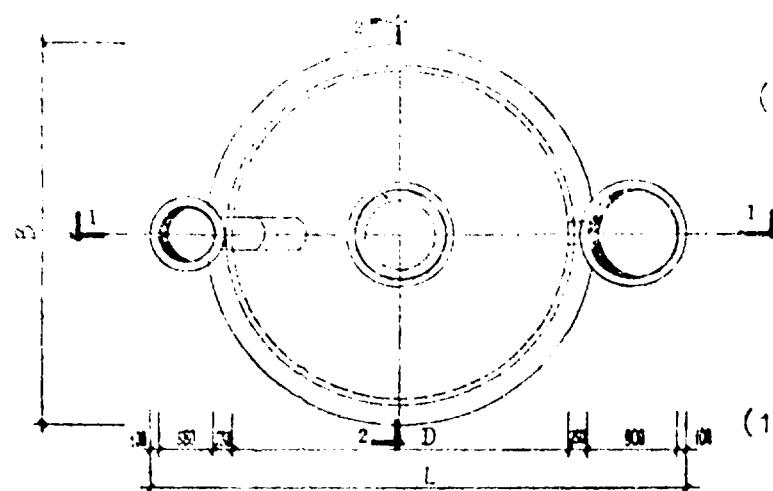
No.8



(1) 1-1 剖面图

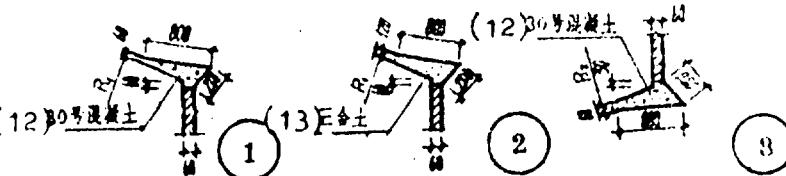


(1)2-2 剖面图



(2) 平面图

池型 (立方米)	用地范围		埋置 深度 H	池壁高 度 D (100 111)	池底坡 度 坡 度 (100 111)	池 盖 重 量 (100 111)	
	L	B					
6	1580	2830	2530	2400	1710	480	2500
8	4830	3130	2630	2700	1960	510	2860
10	5180	3480	2730	3000	2180	600	3180
12	5380	3680	2790	3200	2320	640	3400



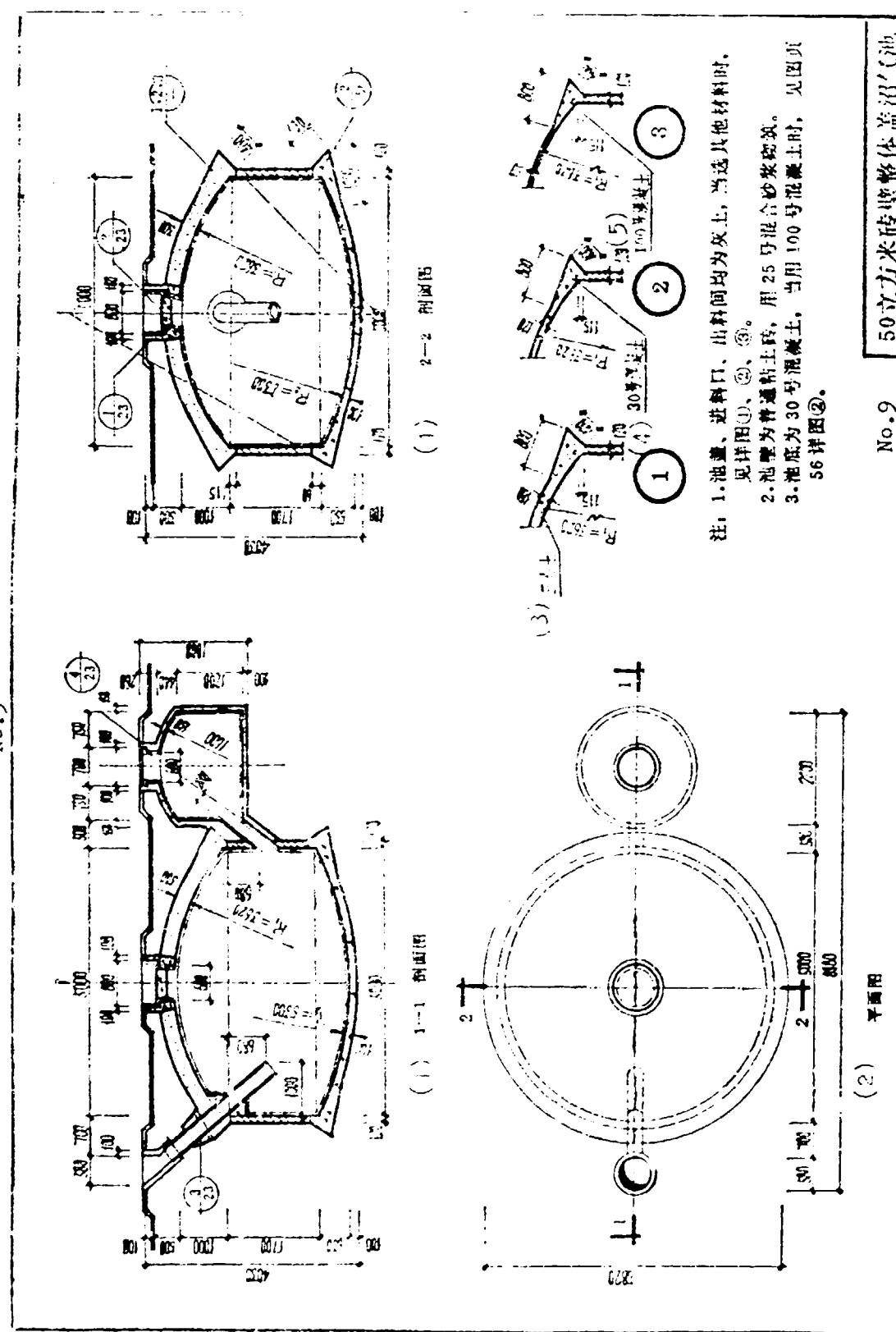
No.8 6、8、10、12 立方米砖壁整体盖沼气池

No. 8 Brick-walled digester with integral cover of 6, 8, 10, 12 m^3

- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) Volume of tank
- (4) Area
- (5) Height of burial
- (6) Inside diameter
- (7) Dome of cover
- (8) Dome of bottom
- (9) (m^3)
- (10) Radius
- (11) Rise
- (12) No.30 concrete
- (13) Lime concrete

Note: wall is laid by bricks. Lime-clay is used for cover, bottom, inlet opening and outlet room; in case other materials are used for cover and bottom, reference should be made to details (1), (2), (3).

No.9



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No. 9 Brick-walled digester with integral cover of 50m³

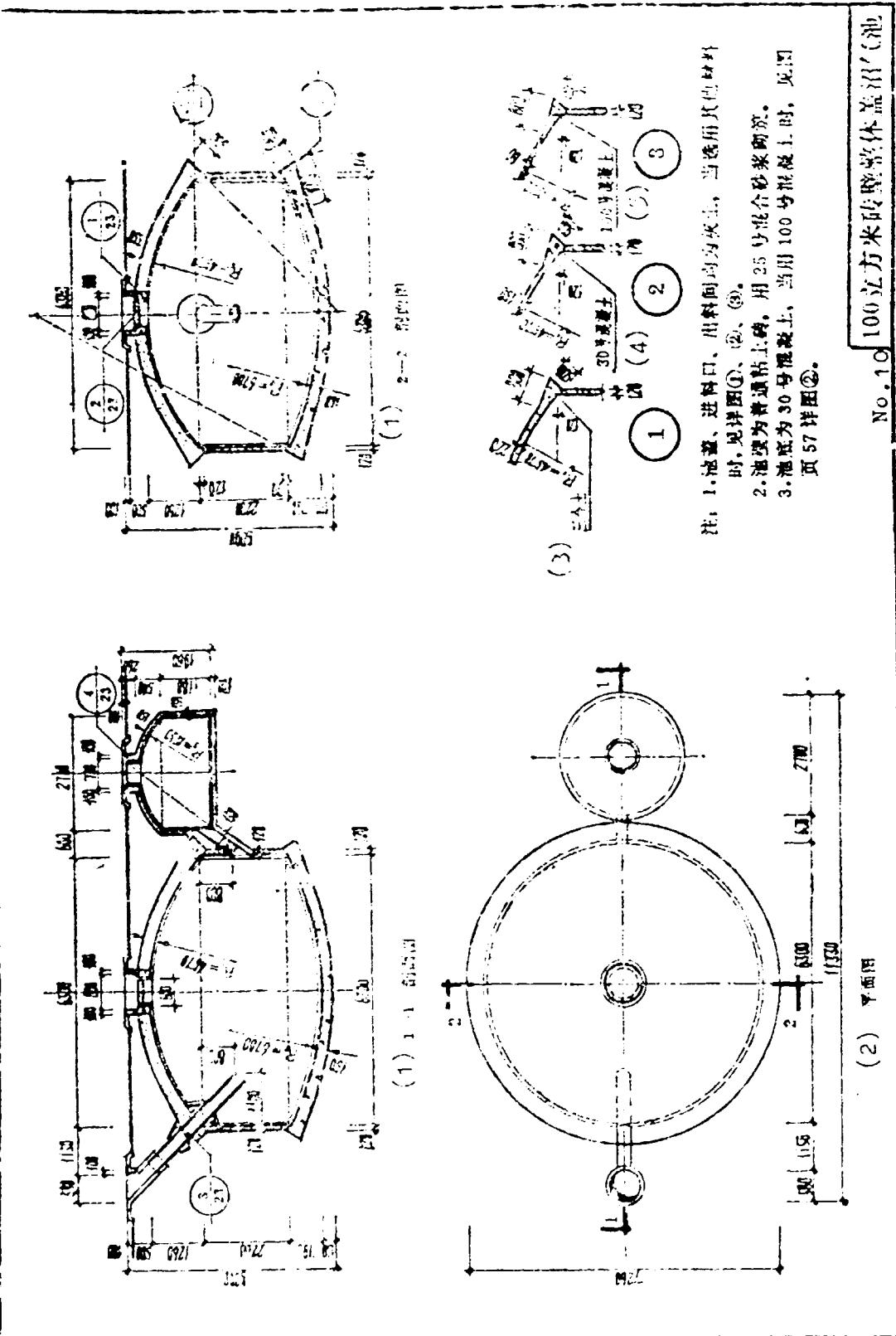
- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) Lime concrete
- (4) No.30 concrete
- (5) No.100 concrete

Note: 1. Lime-clay is used for cover, inlet opening and outlet room; in case other materials are used, reference should be made to details (1), (2), (3).

2. Wall is laid by clay bricks with composite plaster No.25.

3. No.30 concrete is applied for bottom; in case No.100 concrete is applied, reference should be made to details on page 56 (2).

No. 10



No. 10 100立方米砖壁整体盖沿池

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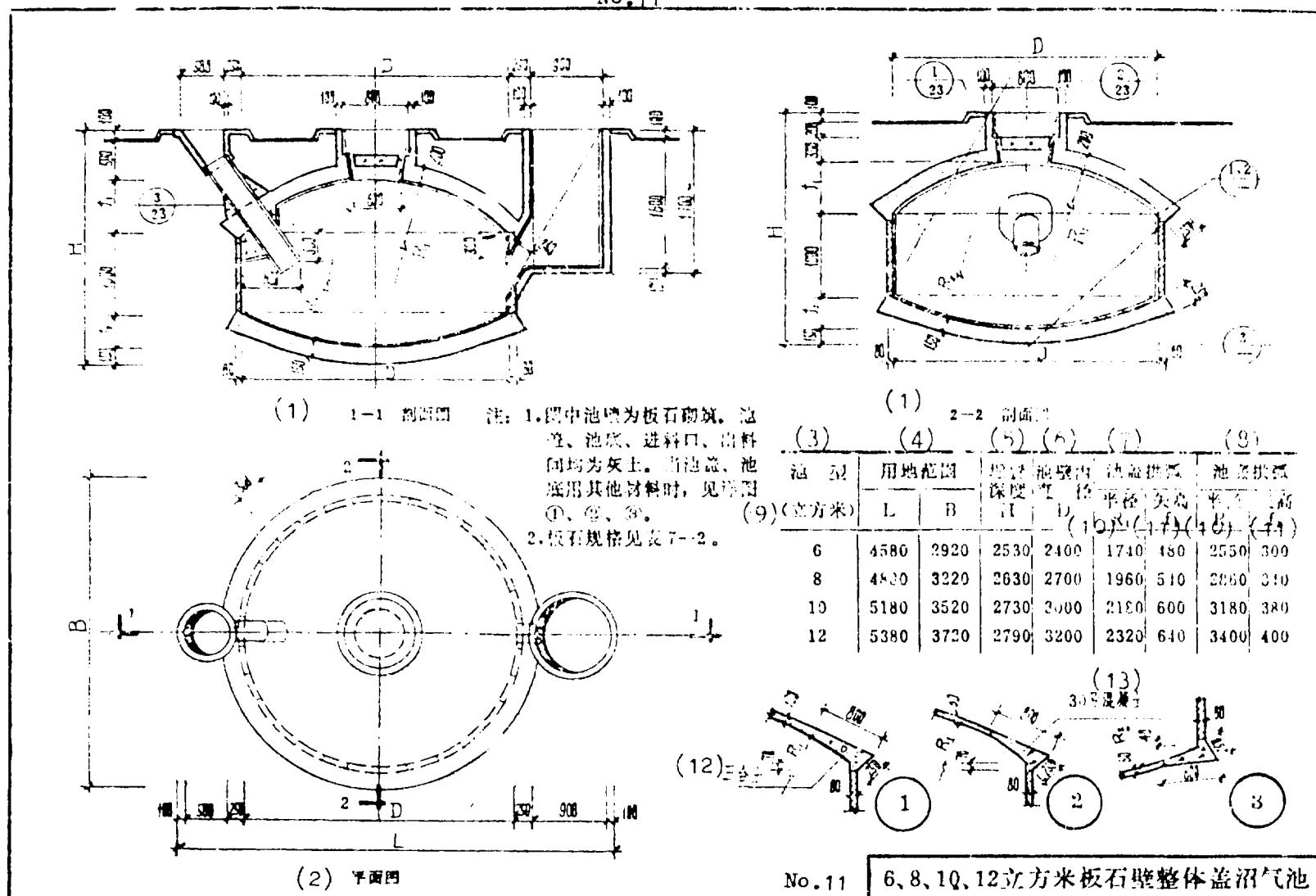
No. 10 Brick-walled digester with integral cover of 100m³

- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) Lime concrete
- (4) No.30 concrete
- (5) No.100 concrete

Note: 1. Lime-clay is used for cover, inlet opening and outlet room; in case other materials are used, reference should be made to details (1), (2), (3).

- 2. Wall is laid by clay bricks with composite plaster No.25.
- 3. No.30 concrete is applied for bottom; in case No.100 concrete is applied, reference should be made to details on page 57 (2).

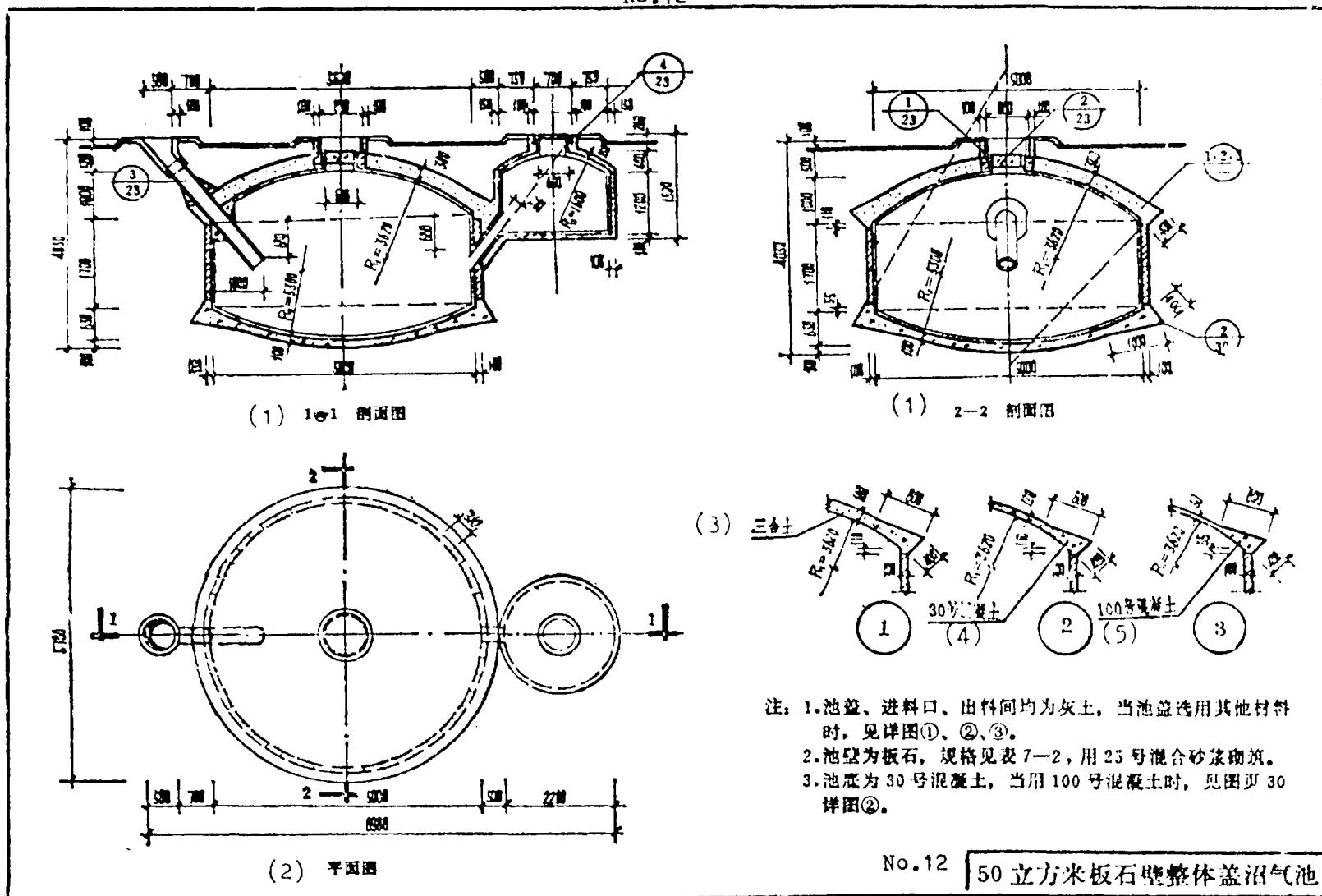
No. 11



No. 11 Slate-block-walled digester with integral cover of
 6, 8, 10, 12m³

- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) Volume of tank
- (4) Area
- (5) Height of burial
- (6) Inside diameter
- (7) Dome of cover
- (8) Dome of bottom
- (9) (m³)
- (10) Radius
- (11) Rise
- (12) Lime concrete
- (13) No.30 concrete

Note: 1. Wall is laid by slate blocks. Lime-caly is used for cover, bottom, inlet opening and outlet room; in case other materials are used for cover and bottom, reference should be made to details (1), (2), (3).
2. For specifications of slate blocks, see Table 7-2.



No. 12 Slate-block-walled digester with integral cover of
 50 m^3

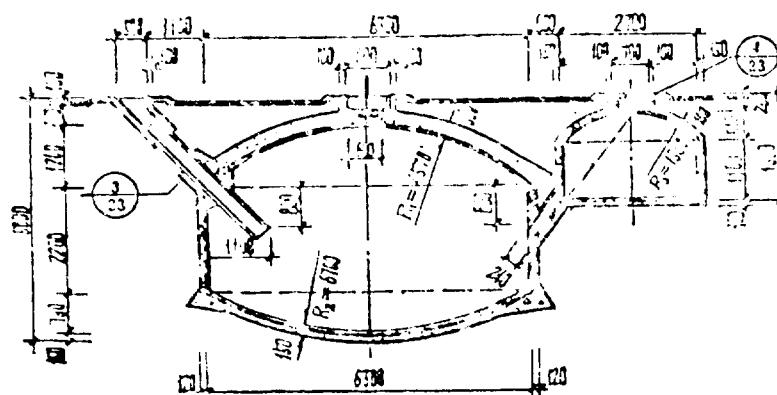
- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) Lime concrete
- (4) No.30 concrete
- (5) No.100 concrete

Note: 1. Lime-clay is used for cover, inlet opening and outlet room; in case other materials are used for cover, reference should be made to details (1), (2), (3).

2. Wall is laid by slate blocks with composite plaster No.25. For specifications of slate blocks, see Table 7-2.

3. No.30 concrete is applied for bottom; in case No.100 concrete is applied, reference should be made to details on page 30 (2).

No.13



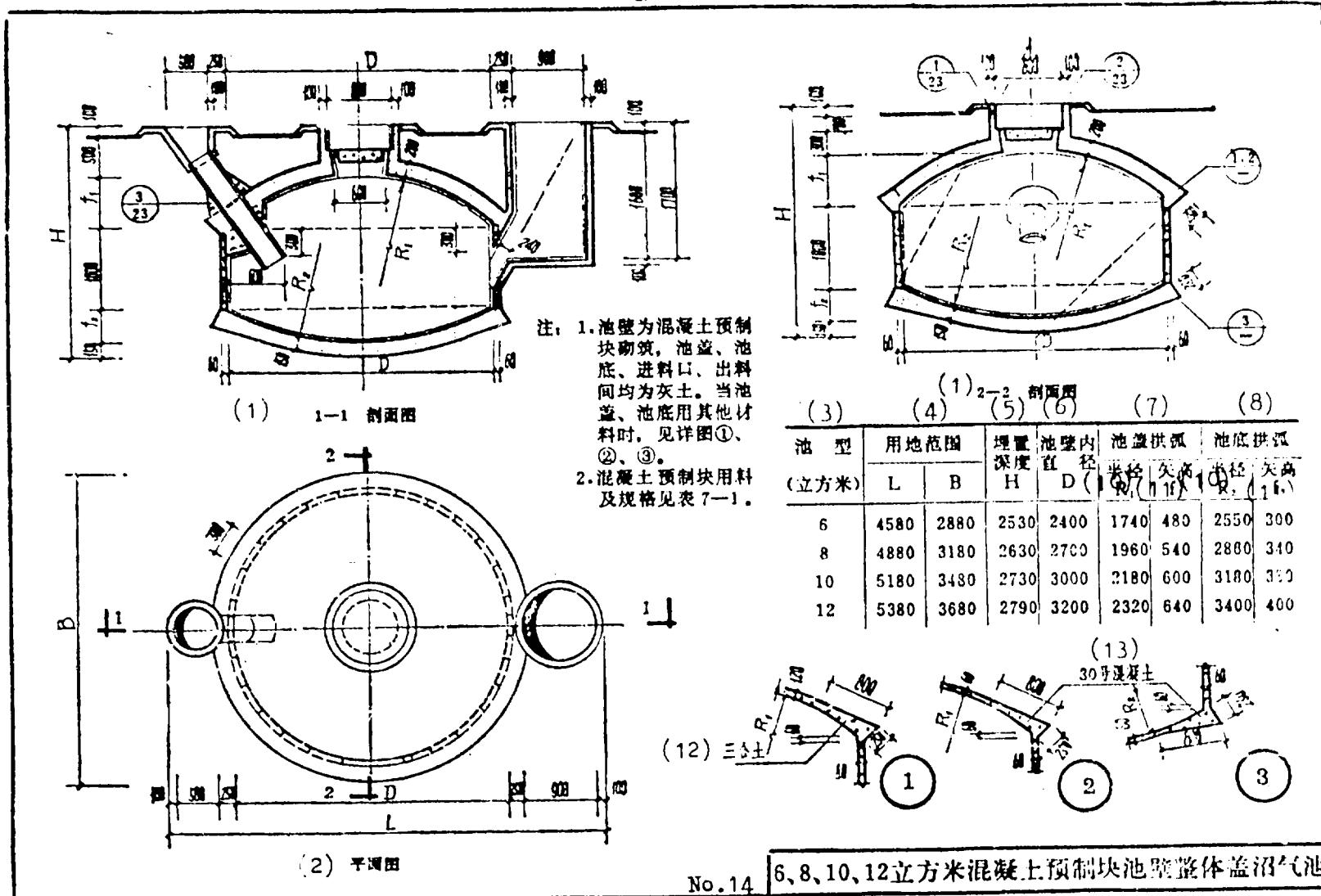
No. 13 Slate-block-walled digester with integral cover of 100m³

- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) Lime concrete
- (4) No.30 concrete
- (5) No.100 concrete

Note: 1. Lime-clay is used for cover, inlet opening and outlet room; in case other materials are used for cover, reference should be made to details (1), (2), (3).

2. Wall is laid by slate blocks with composite plaster No.25.

3. No.30 concrete is applied for bottom; in case No.100 concrete is applied, reference should be made to details on page 57 (2).



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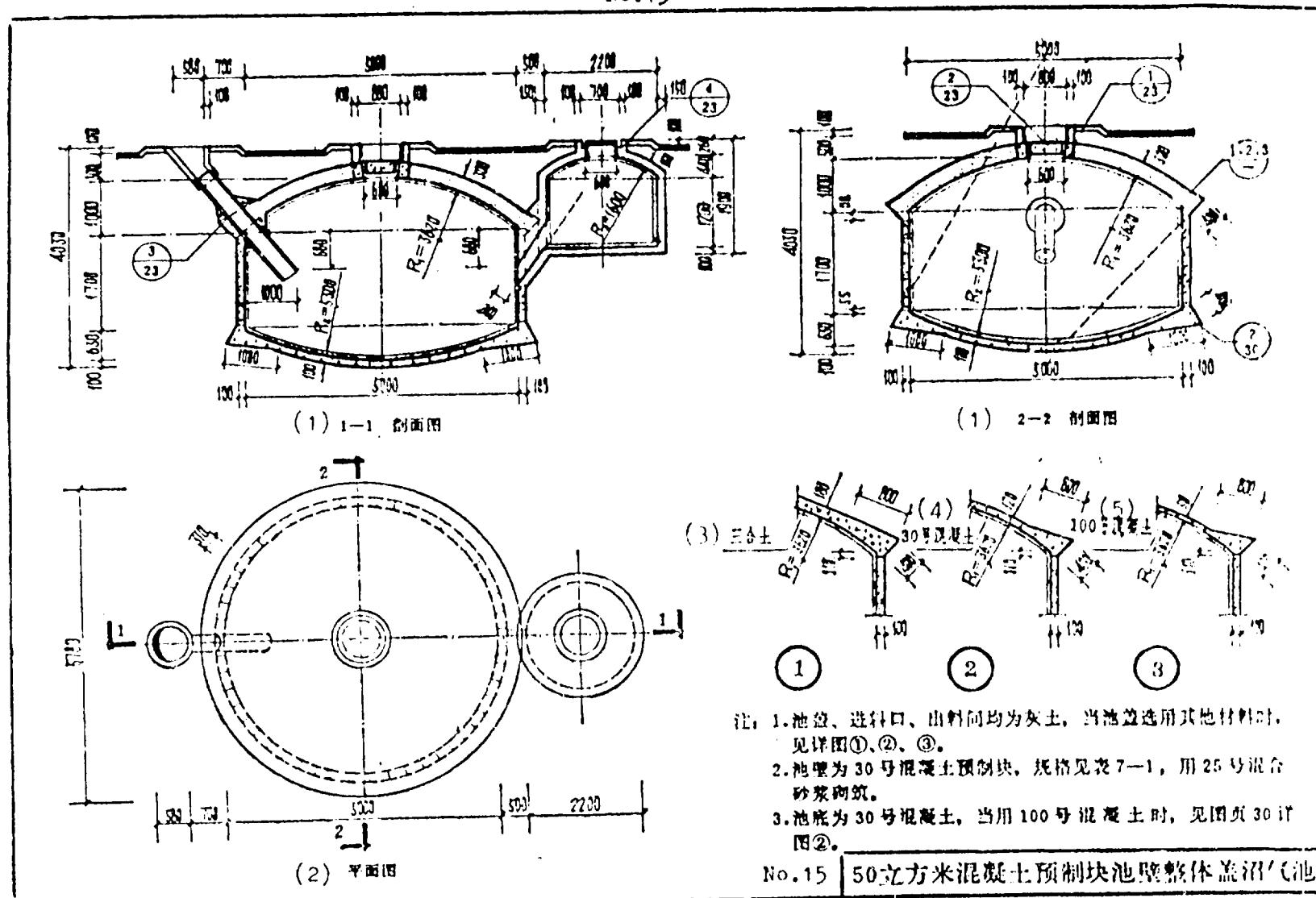
No. 14 Concrete-block-walled digester with integral cover of
6, 8, 10, 12m³

- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) Volume of tank
- (4) Area
- (5) Height of burial
- (6) Inside diameter
- (7) Dome of cover
- (8) Dome of bottom
- (9) (m³)
- (10) Radius
- (11) Rise
- (12) Lime concrete
- (13) No. 30 concrete

Note: 1. Wall is laid by concrete blocks. Lime-clay is used for cover, bottom, inlet opening and outlet room; in case other materials are used for cover and bottom, reference should be made to details (1), (2), (3).

2. For specifications and formulations of concrete blocks, see Table 7-1.

No.15



- 注：1.池底、进料口、出料口均为灰土，当池底选用其他材料时，见详图①、②、③。
2.池壁为30号混凝土预制块，规格见表7-1，用25号混合砂浆砌筑。
3.池底为30号混凝土，当用100号混凝土时，见图页30详图②。

No.15 50立方米混凝土预制块池壁整体盖沼气池

No. 15 Concrete-block-walled digester with integral cover of 50m³

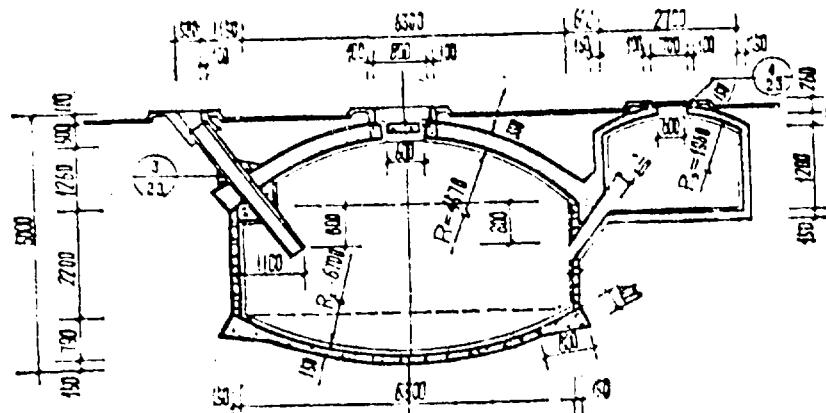
- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) Lime concrete
- (4) No.30 concrete
- (5) No. 100 concrete

Note: 1. Lime-clay is used for cover, inlet opening and outlet room; in case other materials are used for cover, reference should be made to details (1), (2), (3).

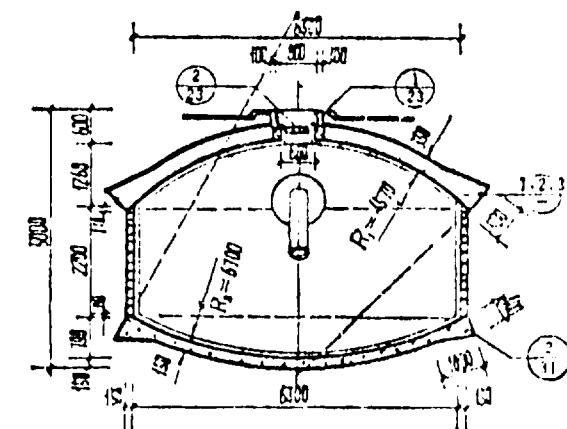
2. Wall is laid by No.30 concrete blocks with composite plaster No.25. For specifications of concrete blocks, see Table 7-1.

3. No.30 concrete is applied for bottom; in case No.100 concrete is applied, reference should be made to details on page 30 (2).

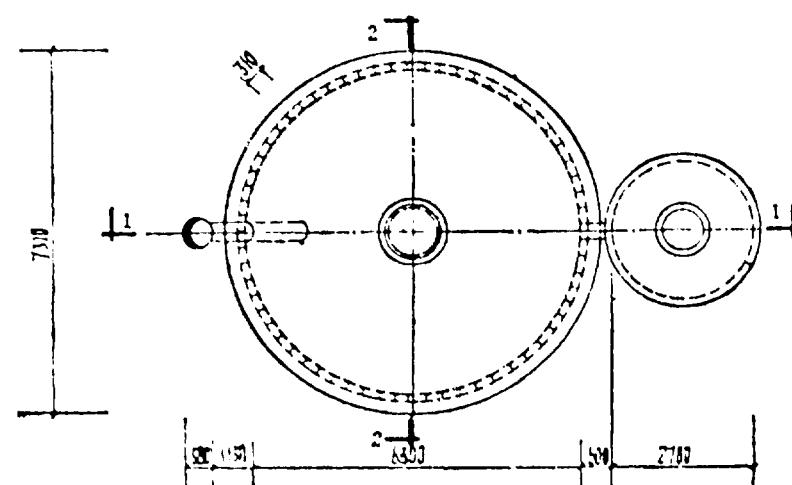
No. 16



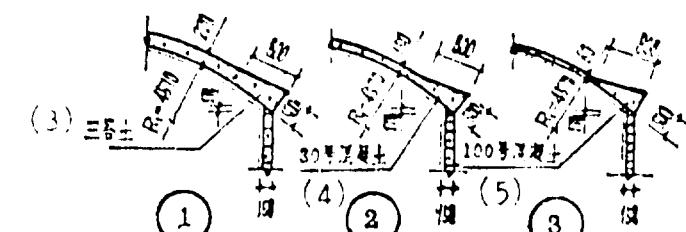
(1) 1-1 剖面图



(1) 2-2 剖面图



(2) 平面图



- 注：
1. 池盖、进料口、出料口均为灰土，当池盖选用其他材料时，见详图①、②、③。
2. 池壁为30号混凝土预制块，规格见表7-1，用25号混合砂浆砌筑。
3. 池底为30号混凝土，当用100号混凝土时，见图页31详图2。

No. 16 | 100 立方米混凝土预制块池壁整体盖沼气池

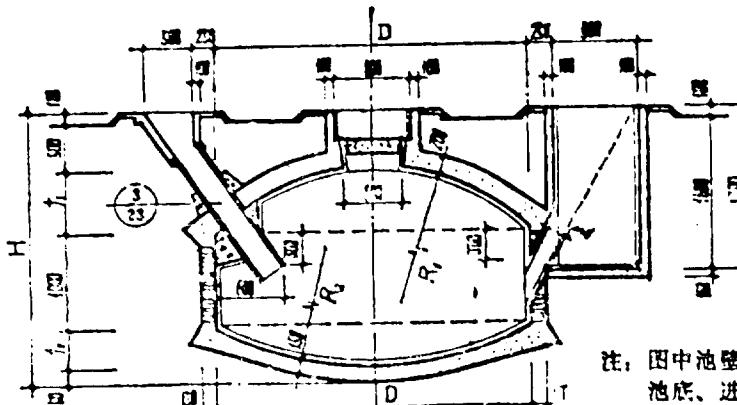
No. 16 Concrete-block-walled digester with integral cover of
 $100m^3$

- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) Lime concrete
- (4) No.30 concrete
- (5) No.100 concrete

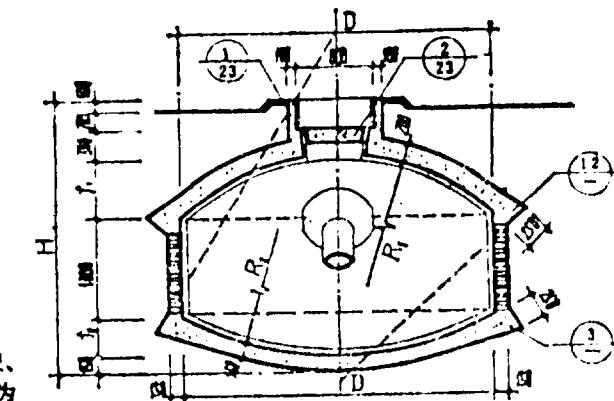
Note: 1. Lime-clay is used for cover, inlet opening and outlet room; in case other materials are used, reference should be made to details (1), (2), (3).

2. Wall is laid by No.30 concrete blocks with composite plaster No.25. For specifications of concrete blocks, see table 7-1.

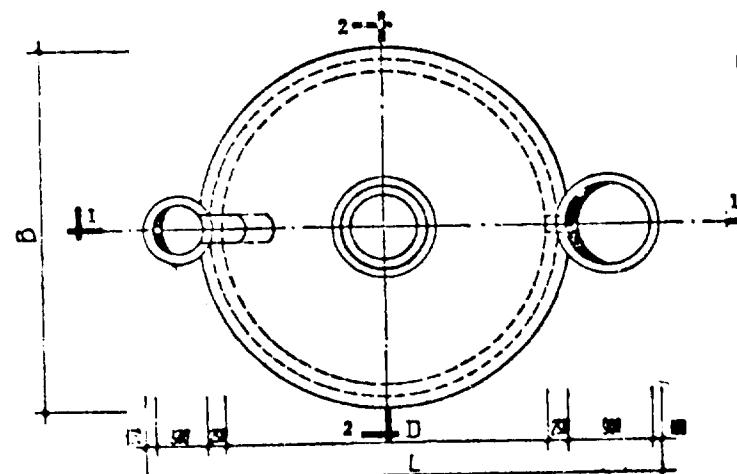
3. No.30 concrete is applied for bottom; in case No.100 concrete is applied, reference should be made to details on page 31 (2).



(1) 1-1 剖面图



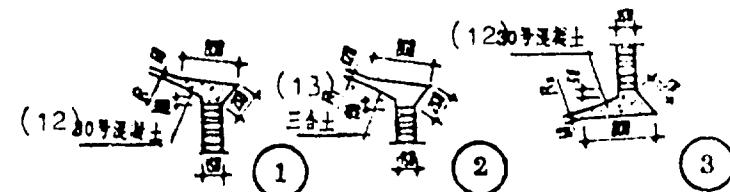
(1) 2-2 剖面图



(2) 平面图

注：图中池壁为卵石砌筑，池盖、池底、进料口和出料口均为灰土。当池盖、池底选用其他材料时，见详图①、②、③。

(9) 池型 (立方米)	用地范围		埋置 深度 H	池壁内 径 D(池盖拱弧		池底拱弧 半径 矢高 (115)
	L	B			半径 R	矢高 H	
6	4580	3060	2530	2400	1740	480	2550 300
8	4880	3360	2930	2700	1960	540	2860 340
10	5180	3660	2730	3000	2180	600	3180 380
12	5380	3860	2790	3200	2320	640	3400 400

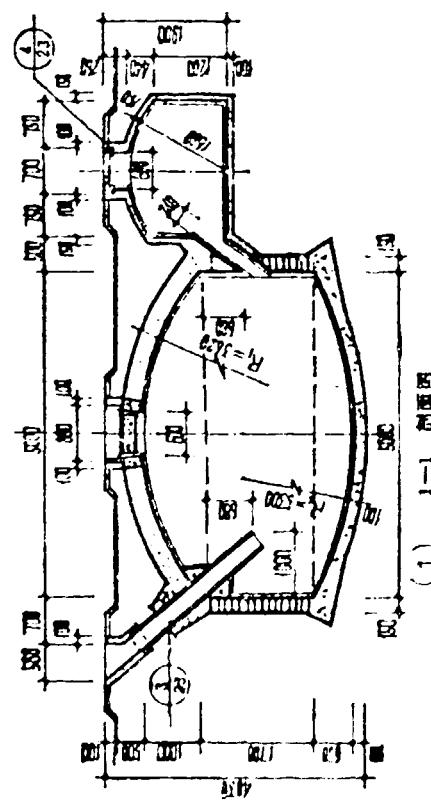


No. 17 Cobble-stone-walled digester with integral cover of
6, 8, 10, 12m³

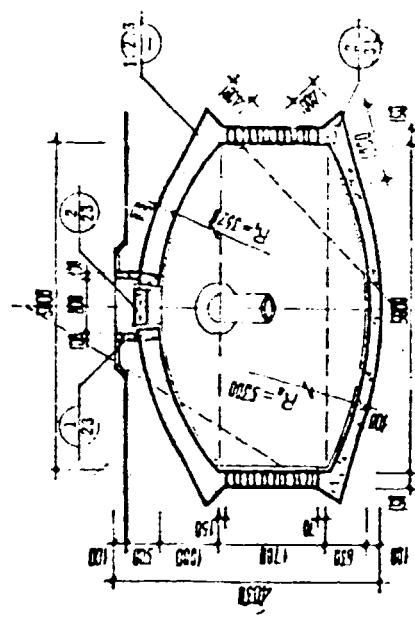
- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) Volume of tank
- (4) Area
- (5) Height of burial
- (6) Inside diameter
- (7) Dome of cover
- (8) Dome of bottom
- (9) (m³)
- (10) Radius
- (11) Rise
- (12) No.30 concrete
- (13) Lime concrete

Note: Wall is laid by cobble stones. Lime-clay is used for cover, bottom, inlet opening and outlet room; in case other materials are used for cover and bottom, reference should be made to details (1), (2), (3).

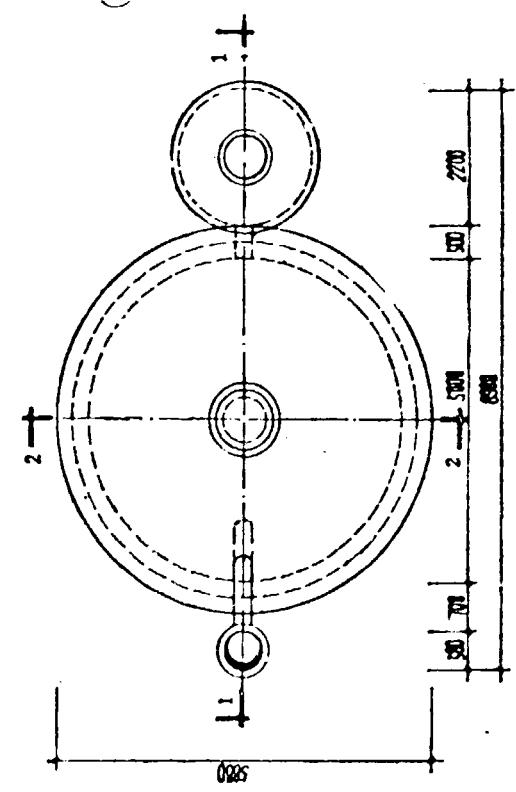
No. 18



(1) 1-1 前面图



(1) 2-2 侧面图



(2) 平面图

注：1.池盖、进料口、出料口均为灰土，当池盖选用其他材料时，见详图①②、③。
2.池壁为卵石、粘土浆砌筑。
3.池底为30号混凝土，当用100号混凝土时，见图页31详图④。

No. 18 50 立方米卵石池整体盖浇池

— 52 —

No. 18 Cobble-stone-walled digester with integral cover of 50m³

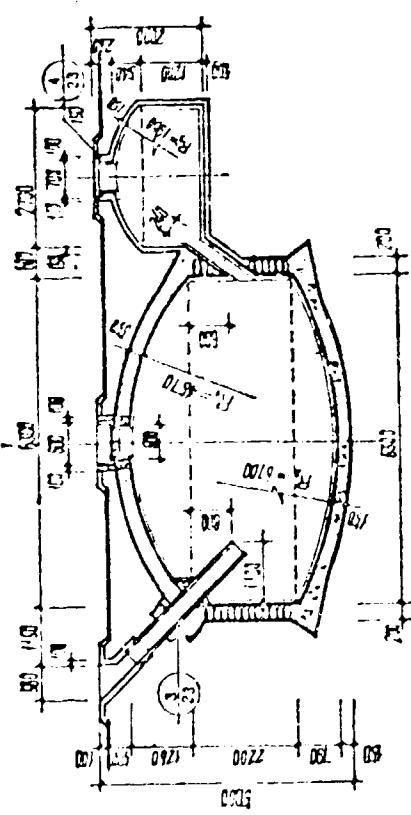
- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) Lime concrete
- (4) No.30 concrete
- (5) No.100 concrete

Note: 1. Lime-clay is used for cover, inlet opening and outlet room; in case other materials are used for cover, reference should be made to details (1), (2), (3).

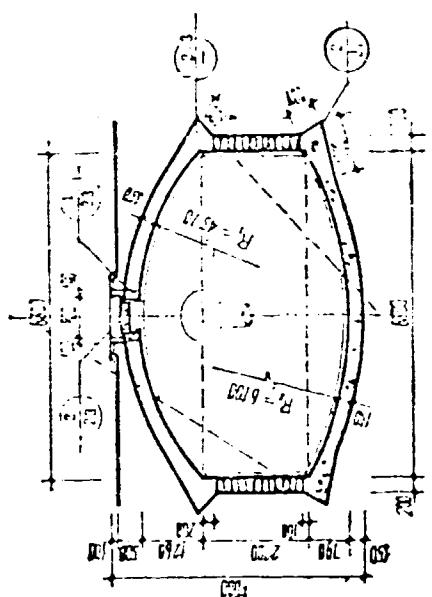
2. Wall is laid by cobble stones with clay mortar.

3. No.30 concrete is applied for bottom; in case No.100 concrete is applied, reference should be made to details on page 31 (2).

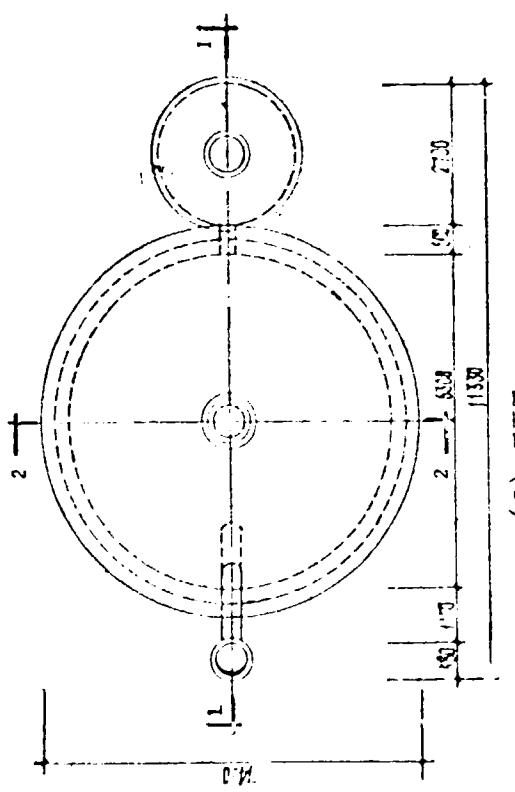
No.19



(1) 1-1 平面图



(1) 1-2 剖面图



(2) 平面图

注：1.池盖、进料口、出料口均为铁皮，当池盖选用其他材料时，
见详图①、②、③。
2.池壁为砾石、粘土或砂砾。
3.池底为30号混泥土，当用100号混凝土时，见图2-27；
图2。

No.19 100立方米卵石池壁整体混凝土池

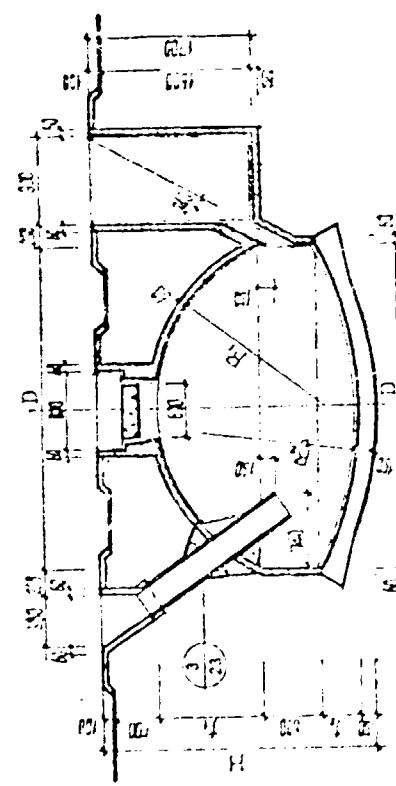
No. 19 Cobble-stone-walled digester with integral cover of 100m³

- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) Lime concrete
- (4) No.30 concrete
- (5) No.100 concrete

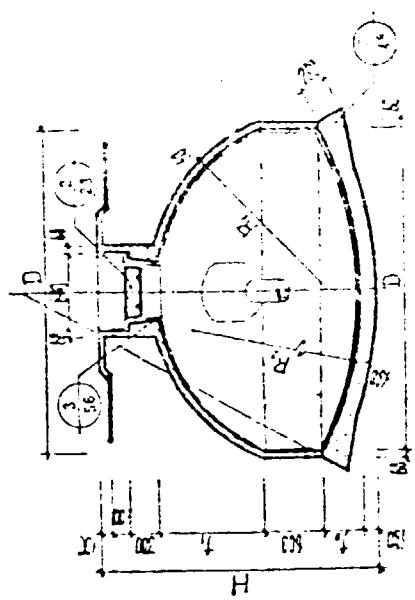
Note: 1. Lime-clay is used for cover, inlet opening and outlet room; in case other materials are used for cover, reference should be made to details (1), (2), (3).

2. Wall is laid by cobble stones with clay mortar.

3. No.30 concrete is applied for bottom; in case No.100 concrete is applied, reference should be made to details on page 27 (2) .



(1) 4-1 蓝图

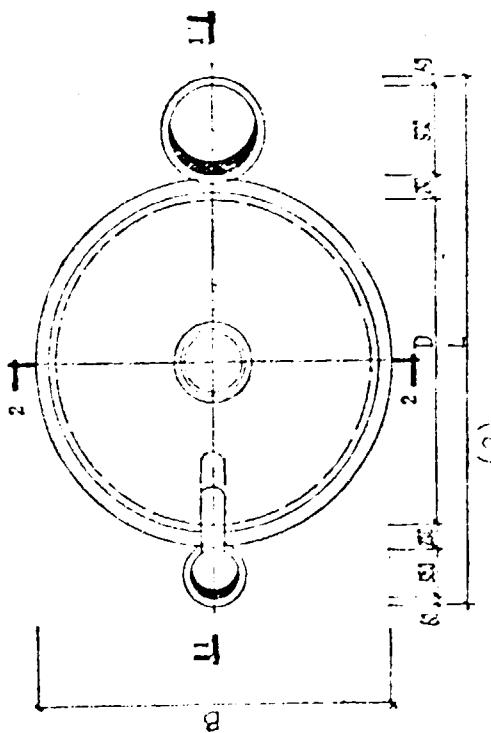


(1) 2-2 蓝图

池型 (D) (立方米)	(2)			(4)			(5)			(6)			(7)			
	用地范围 L.	埋置深度 H	贮油量 W													
6	4,700	3,080	2,550	2,600	1,410	876	2,760	3,360								
8	4,900	3,280	2,630	2,800	1,510	936	2,980	3,90								
10	5,200	3,580	2,770	3,100	1,680	1,030	3,300	3,30								
12	5,400	3,780	2,870	3,300	1,730	1,100	3,510	4,10								

注：除池底用灰土材料外，均用砖砌，当地筑时30%的灰土，3%

图48 蓝图



(2) 蓝图

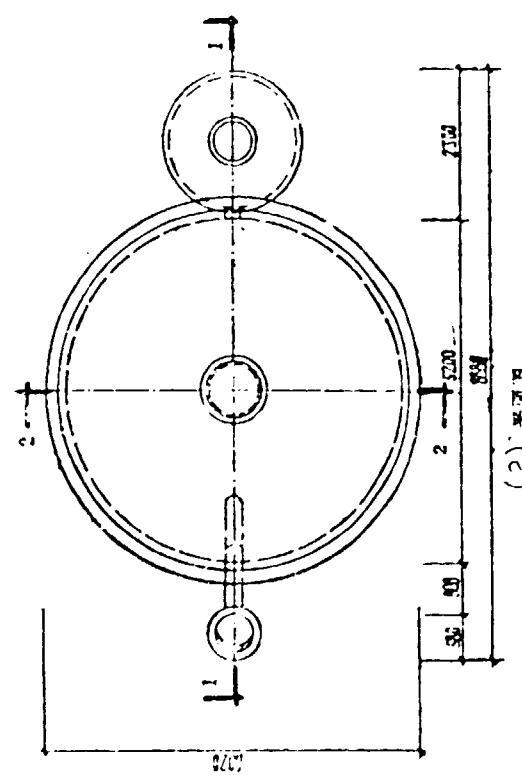
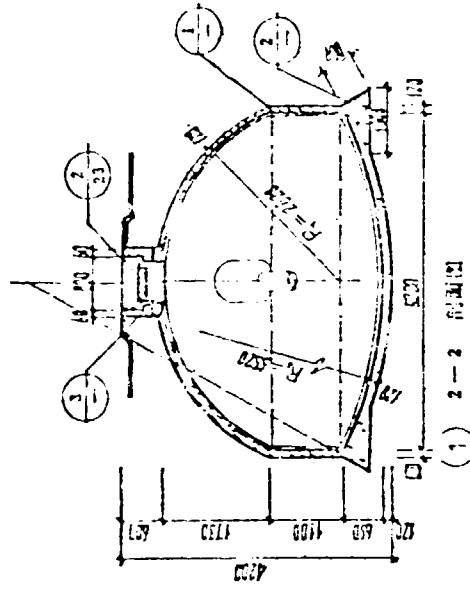
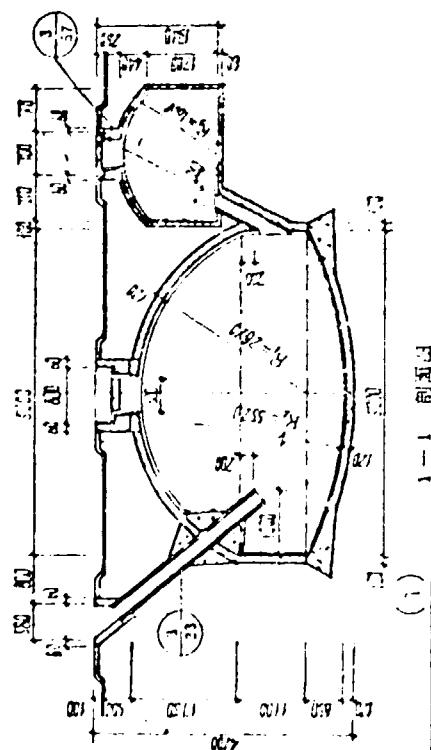
No.20 6、8、10、12 立方米砖溶池(池)

No. 20 Brick digester of 6, 8, 10, 12m³

- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) Volume of tank
- (4) Area
- (5) Height of burial
- (6) Inside diameter
- (7) Dome of cover
- (8) Dome of bottom
- (9) (m³)
- (10) Radius
- (11) Rise

Note: All parts are laid by bricks except the bottom which
is applied by lime-clay; in case No. 30 concrete is
applied for bottom, reference should be made to
details on page 48 (3).

No.21



注：1. 基池底为30号混凝土，其他均为砖砌，当池底为100号砖
时，见详图②。
2. 砖砌每米水深不小于1平方米压重。

50 立方米砖池基础

No.21

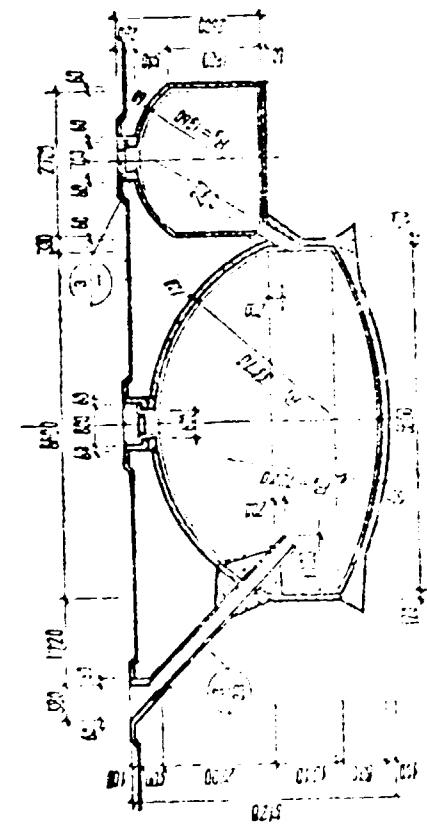
No. 21 Brick digester of 50m³

- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) No.100 concrete
- (4) 5 Bamboo reinforcements

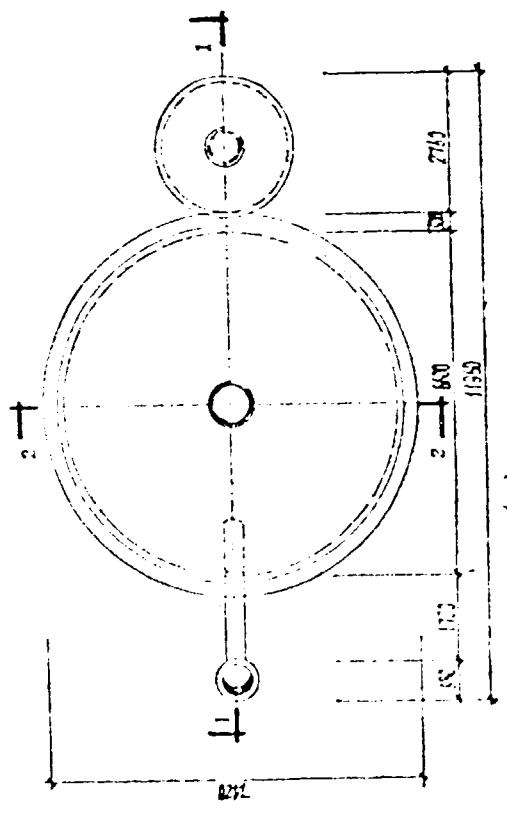
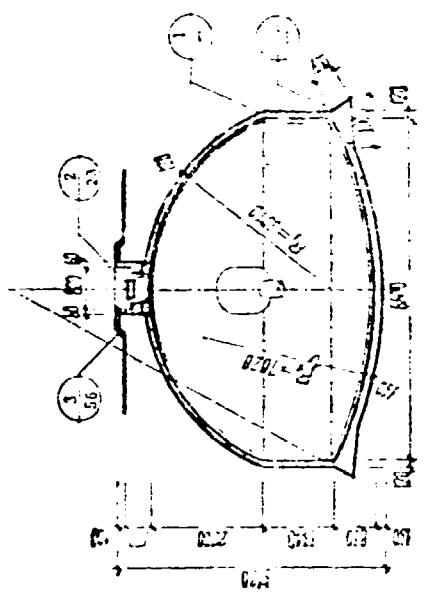
Note: 1. All parts are laid by bricks except bottom which
is applied by No.30 concrete; in case No.100
concrete is applied for bottom, reference should
be made to details (2).

2. The cross section of each bamboo reinforcement
should not be less than 1cm².

No.22



(1) 2-2 断面图



注：1.除池底为30号混凝土外，其他均为砖砌。当池底为100号
混凝土时，见详图2。
2.每束竹筋截面不小于1平方厘米。

100号混凝土砖沿池

No.22

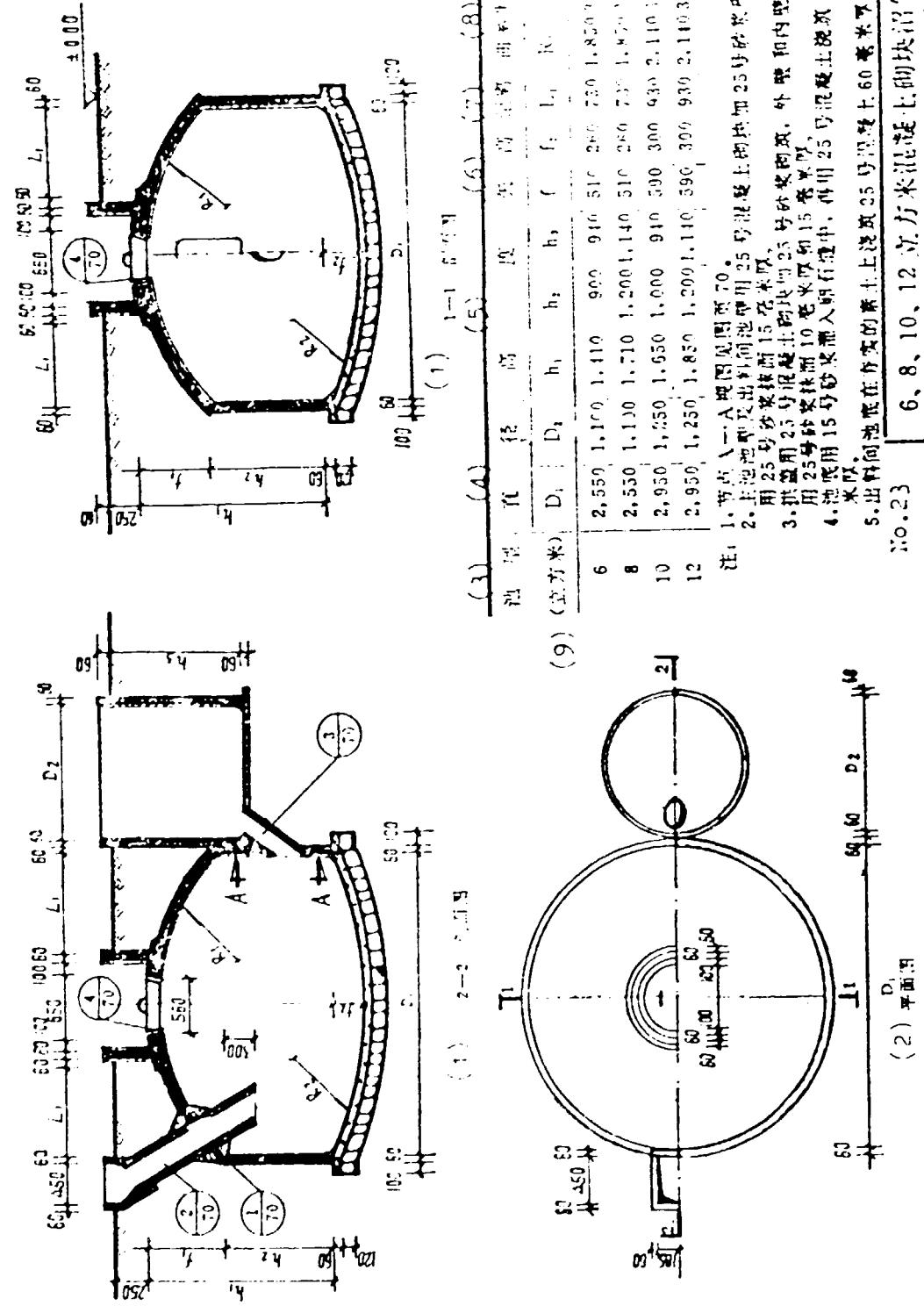
No. 22 Brick digester of 100m³

- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) 6 Bamboo reinforcements
- (4) No.100 concrete

Note: 1. All parts are laid by bricks except bottom which
is applied by No.30 concrete; in case No.100
concrete is applied for bottom, reference should
be made to detail (2).

2. The cross section of each bamboo reinforcement
should not be less than 1cm².

No.23

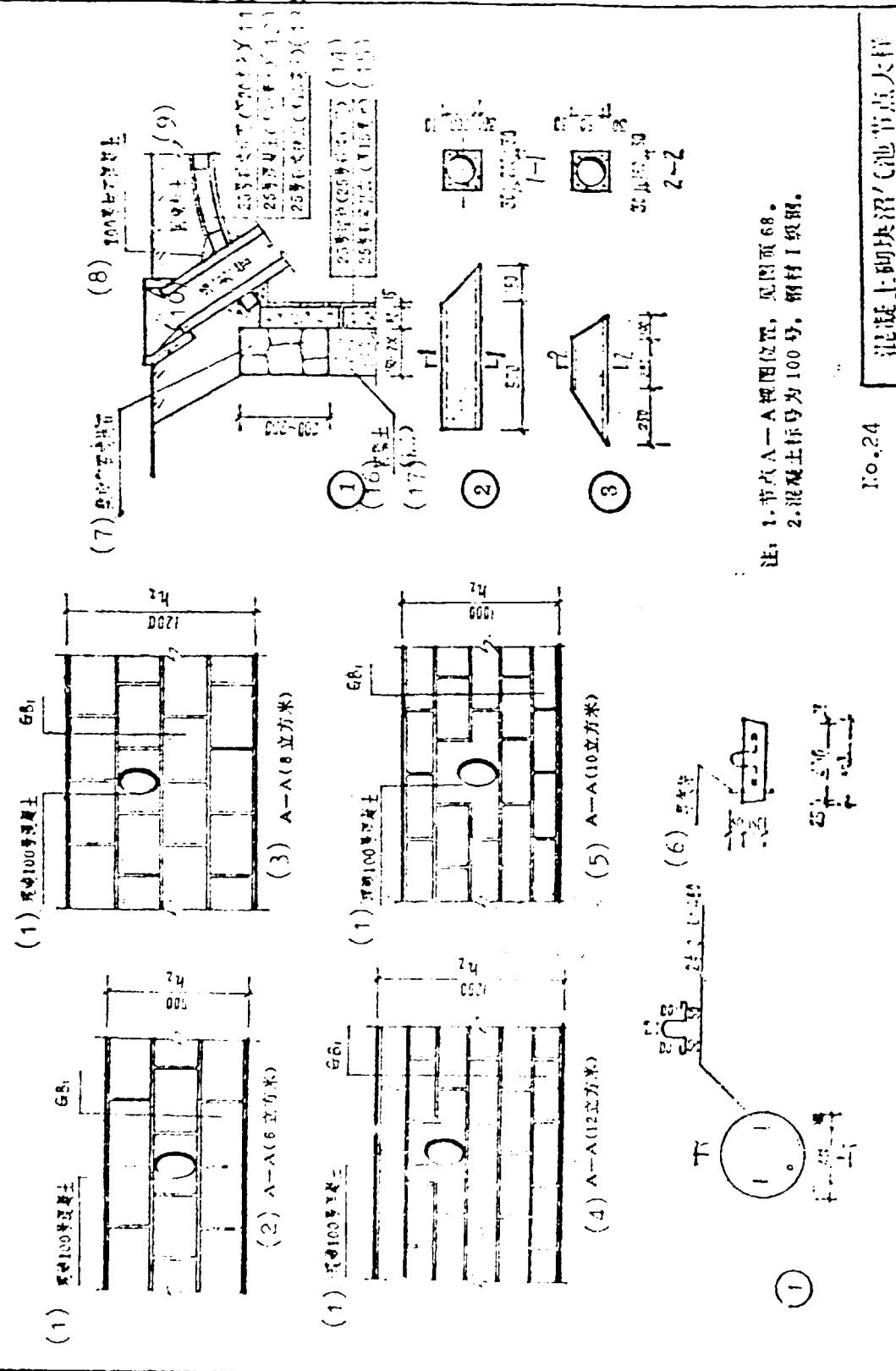


No. 23 Concrete block digester of 6, 8, 10, 12 m^3

- (1) Cutaway
- (2) Plan
- (3) Volume of tank
- (4) Diameter
- (5) Height
- (6) Rise
- (7) Distance
- (8) Curvature radius
- (9) (m^3)

- Note: 1. For location of section A - A, cross reference should be made to schematic views on page 69.
2. Walls of main tank and outlet room are laid by No.25 concrete blocks with No.25 mortar, the latter is also used for surface plastering to a thickness of 15mm.
3. Dome cover is laid by No.25 concrete blocks with No.25 mortar, and the outer and inner surfaces should be plastered by No.25 mortar to a thickness of 10mm and 15mm respectively.
4. Bottom is laid by cobble stones with No.15 mortar, and then No.25 concrete is cast to a thickness of 40mm.
5. Bottom of outlet room is cast, on the compacted natural soil, by No.25 concrete to a thickness of 60mm.

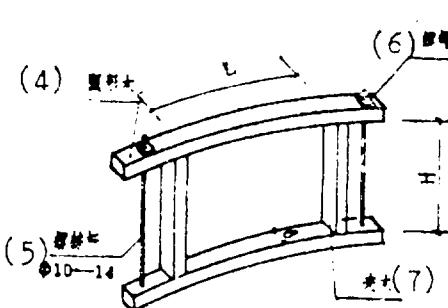
No.24



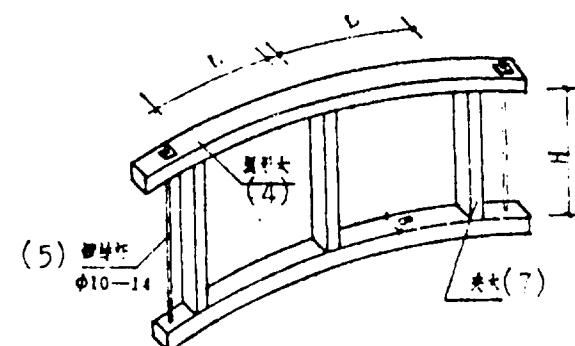
No. 24 Detail drawing showing various parts of concrete block digester

- (1) Cast No.100 concrete directly
- (2) A -A ($6m^3$)
- (3) A - A ($8m^3$)
- (4) A - A ($12m^3$)
- (5) A - A ($10m^3$)
- (6) Gas conduct
- (7) Laid by cobble stones or slate blocks with mortar
- (8) No.100 fine stone concrete
- (9) Backfilled earth
- (10) Inlet pipe
- (11) Surface plastered by No.25 mortar (20mm thick)
- (12) Cast with No.25 concrete (50mm thick)
- (13) Surface plastered by No.25 mortar (15mm thick)
- (14) Laid by No.25 concrete blocks (with No.25 mortar)
- (15) Surface plastered by No.25 mortar (15mm thick)
- (16) Backfilled earth
- (17) Compacted

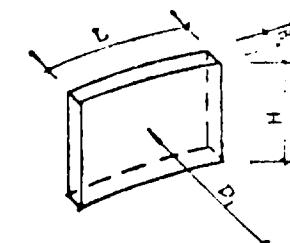
Note: 1. For location of section A - A, cross reference
should be made to schematic views on page 69.
2. No.100 concrete and grade I steel are used.



(1) 池墙砌块模板 (一)



(2) 池墙砌块模板 (二)



(3) 池墙砌块外形

(9)

池 型 号 米 方 池 墙 用 量 (块)	砌 块 位 置			说 明 (14)
	(10) 池 墙 用 量 (块)	(11) 池 墙 用 量 (块)	(12) 料 间 距 L × H × B (块)	
6	390×300×60 60		330×200×60 50	y _k , 60块 y _k , 50块
8	390×300×60 30		330×200×60 60	y _k , 80块 y _k , 60块
10		390×200×60 115	330×200×60 50	y _k , 115块 y _k , 50块
12		390×200×60 138	330×200×60 60	y _k , 138块 y _k , 60块

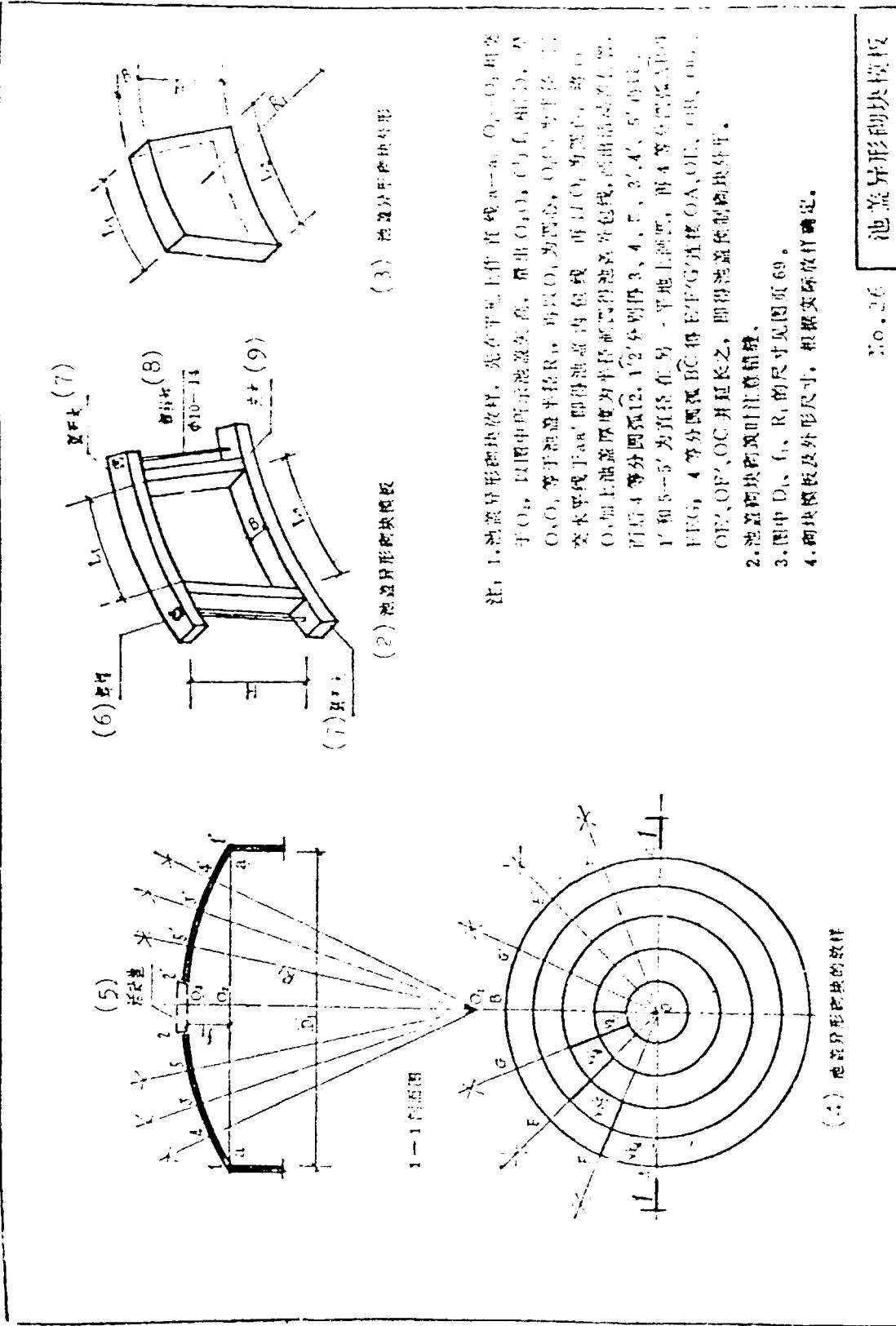
注：1.本图模板及砌块外形尺寸（弧长×高×宽=L×H×B），根据池墙直径 D₁ 放样，校核无误后进行下料制作。
2.模板用硬质木材制作，钢材采用 I 级钢。

No. 25 Wooden formwork for wall block

- (1) Wooden formwork for wall block (A)
- (2) Wooden formwork for wall block (B)
- (3) Appearance of block
- (4) Arc-shaped board
- (5) Screw pole
- (6) Nut
- (7) Wood clip
- (8) Volume of tank
- (9) (m³)
- (10) Block to be used
- (11) For wall of tank
- (12) For wall of outlet room
- (13) Amount
- (14) Remark

Note: 1. The formwork and its dimensions (arch length \times height \times width = L \times H \times B) should be made precisely according to the diameter D₁.

2. Hard wood and grade I steel should be used for the formwork.



No. 26 地盤矩形鋼板板

No. 26 Wooden formwork for block of special shape used on cover

- (1) 1 - 1 cutaway
- (2) Wooden formwork for block of special shape
- (3) Appearance of block of special shape
- (4) Lay out of block of special shape
- (5) Removable cover
- (6) Nut
- (7) Arc-shaped board
- (8) Screw pole
- (9) Wood clip

Note: 1. The lay out of block of special shape is: draw line a - a', crossing $O_1 - O_3$ at point O_2 on the ground. Take the rise of the cover as $O_2 O_3$ (equal to f_1) as shown in the figure. Let $O_3 O_1$ be the equal of R_1 (the radius of cover). Draw a circle with O_1 as the centre and $O_1 O_3$ as the radius, crossing the horizontal aa', thus comes the inside circle of the cover. Then take O_1 as the centre of the circle, take $O_1 - O_3$ together with the thickness of the cover as the radius, and draw the outside circle of the cover. Mark out the position of the removable cover, then divide the curve $\widehat{12}$, and $\widehat{1'2'}$ into four equal parts at points 3, 4, 5, $3'$, $4'$ and $5'$. Take 1 - 1' and 5 - 5' as the diameters and draw circles on the ground. Divide the curve \widehat{AB} into four equal parts at

points F, E, G, and the curve BC at E', F', G'. Extend the lines OA, OE, OB, OG', OE', OF', and OC. There comes the shape of the concrete blocks of the cover.

2. Be sure to interlacing between layers while laying the blocks.
3. The dimensions of D_1 , f_1 , and R_1 are shown on page 69.
4. The formwork and its dimensions should be determined according to the actual lay out.



