



OCCASION

This publication has been made available to the public on the occasion of the 50th anniversary of the United Nations Industrial Development Organisation.

TOGETHER

for a sustainable future

DISCLAIMER

This document has been produced without formal United Nations editing. The designations employed and the presentation of the material in this document do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the Secretariat of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO) concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries, or its economic system or degree of development. Designations such as "developed", "industrialized" and "developing" are intended for statistical convenience and do not necessarily express a judgment about the stage reached by a particular country or area in the development process. Mention of firm names or commercial products does not constitute an endorsement by UNIDO.

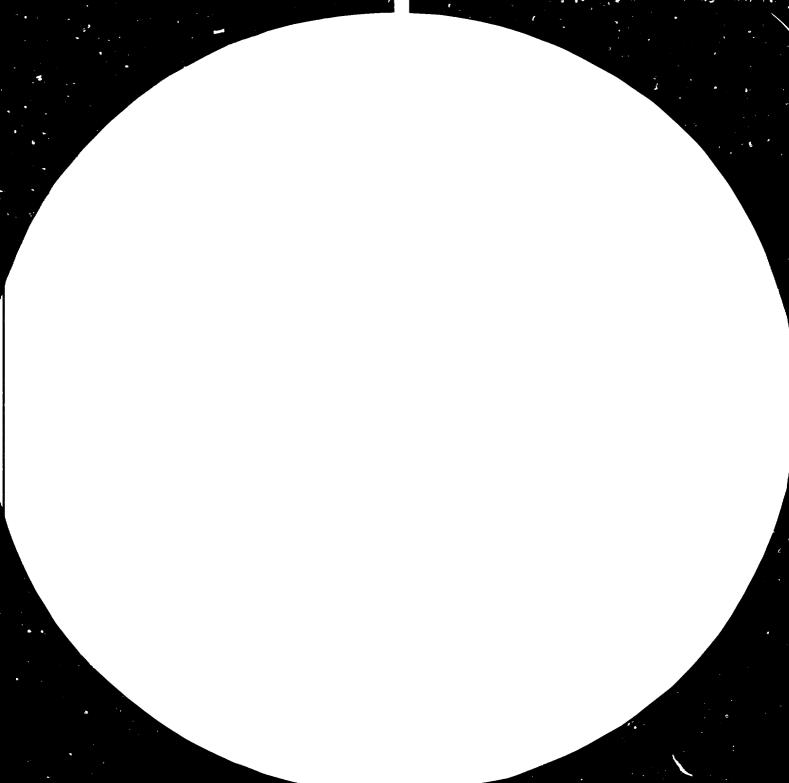
FAIR USE POLICY

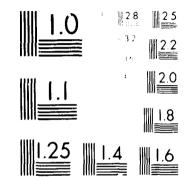
Any part of this publication may be quoted and referenced for educational and research purposes without additional permission from UNIDO. However, those who make use of quoting and referencing this publication are requested to follow the Fair Use Policy of giving due credit to UNIDO.

CONTACT

Please contact <u>publications@unido.org</u> for further information concerning UNIDO publications.

For more information about UNIDO, please visit us at <u>www.unido.org</u>





 $|\mathbf{y}|$, we can also be group to $t_{\mathbf{x}}$, the transmission of the transmission $t_{\mathbf{x}}$



10571





Distr. LIMITED ID/WG.329/11 23 June 1981 ENGLISH

Second Seminar-Worksnop/Study Tour in the Development and Application of Technology for Mini-Hydro Power Generation (MHG) Hangzhou, China, 17 October - 2 November 1980 Manila, Philippines, 3 - 8 November 1980

MICRO-HYDEL PROJECT IN NEPAL*

Ъу

Shatrughna N. Chaturvedi --

99E. ...

V.81-27025

^{*} The views expressed in this paper are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views of the secretariat of UNIDO. This document has been reproduced without formal editing.

^{**} Superintending Engineer, Department of Electricity, Darbar Marg, Kathmandu, Nepal.

The Kingdom of Nepal with about fourteen million people, covers an area of 140.700 sq.km. The country rises steeply from about 75 m in the southern Terai to high Himalayan Ranges (Mt. Everest 8886 m) in a short stretch of about 180 km. It receives high rain fail from south west monsoon mostly concentrated auring the months from June to September. Also it has perennial snow fed rivers like Karnall, Koshi, Gandaki, with enormous discharge of water. The total run-off in the Kingdom amounts to about 170 million m³/year. The perpectual snow-line is about 5,000 m above mean level. This natural gift with the Himalayan topography is a boon for us in generating hydro-power at a cheaper rate, which in turn, could be transmitted from place to place, in the country, for various types of development works. As such, if this natural resource of power could be harnessed in a planned way duly co-ordinated with other spheres of development in the country, we have no doubt that our country will soon come at par with the other daveloping countries of the world.

Thousands of Kholac (streams) flowing in the almost hilly regions of the country, are capable of producing electricity for fulfilling short term and continuous requirement of hilly district headquarters and mainhilly places through mini-micro-hydel schemes. Supply of power through these schemes of capacity ranging 30 KW to 500 KW is more cheaper than that through long transmission line in the hilly regions. Also, it avoids, the difficult and costly maintenance of the transmission line. The development of small hydel plants are planned on the basis of development growth axis. The main features of some of the small hydel projects under completion and under construction are given as follows:

1. Doti Small Hydel project

To electrify Doti, one of the district headquarters of the Seti Zone, situated in the far-western hilly regions of the country, a small hydel project site in Sallena Gad Khola (stream) was selected. It is under construction and after completion of it it will generate 200 KW.

2. Namche small Hydel project

To electrify Namche Bazar the rout and the camp area of Mt. Everest, situated in the Eastern hilly regions of the country, a small hydel project site in Dudh Koshi River at about 3,300 m above mean sea level has been selected. The power station will generate 780 KW which will be used in electrifying as well as room heating of the pazar.

- 1 -

3. Dhading Micro-Hydel Froject

To electrify Dhading one of the district headquarters of Bamati Zone, situated in the central hilly regions of the country a small hydel project site in Arbung Khola was selected. It is under completion and will generate 32 K 32 KM. The estimated cost of the project is about Rs 1,140,900.

4. Gorkhe Micro-Hydel Project

This project is planned to electrify Gorkhe Bazar Paupati Nagar and Fikal, the small village bazars of Illam district in the Mechi Zone in the Eastern hilly region of Nepal. This project is under completion. After completion of the project it will generate 90 KW of electric power with the water head of 19 m and design discharge of 300 L/ces. The estimated cost of the project is Rs 2,220,400.

5. Darchula Micro-Hydel Project

This project is located in the far western hilly region of the country, at Darchula, one of the district headquarters of Mahakali Zone. This project is under construction in Lasku Gad (stream). Power station generates 100 KW (2x50 KW). The cost of the project is estimated as Rs 35,40,000.

6. Syanja Micro-Hydel Project

To electrify Syanja, the district headquarter of Gandaki Zone situated in the western hilly region of the country, a hydel project is planned in the Seti Dovan Kholz (stream) with lesign discharge of 500 L/sec and net head of 15.5 m. The installed capacity of the scheme will be 120 KW (3 units-each 40 KW). The estimated cost of the project is 3,540,000.

7. Manang Micro-Hydel Project

To electrify Manange, Tnki-Hanang, Braga, Ghyaru, Khangsar, the villages of Manang district in Gandaki Zone in the western development region near the Chinese border, a small hydel project is planned in the sabche Khola (stream) design discharge of 390 L/sec and net head of 34.2 m, the scheme will generate 80 KW (with 2 units each 40 KM).

The capacity of the projects under construction and under Report preparation ranges from 30 KW to 50 KW. Estimated cost per KW of such plant ranges from Rs. 25,000 to 35,000 depending upon the ascessibility of the project.

- 2 -

MICRO-HYDEL PLANTS

(30 KW to 500 KW)

Projects under construction

1.	Darchula	2.	Doti
3.	Jumla	4.	Dandeldhura (Ruplagad)

Western region

5. Jomsom

- 7. Shyanja
- 9. Dhading

- 6. Baglung
- 8. Gorakha

12. Helambu

10. Baglung (Kusma Shera)

Central region

11. Manang

Eastern region

13.	Namche	14.	Phidim
15.	Gerkhe	16.	Taplejung
17.	Khandbari	18.	Bho jpur
19.	Okhaldunga	20.	Ramechhap

Projects unuer report preparation for western region

24	Bajura	22.	Accham
	Kalikot	24.	Jajerkot
25.	Pyutnan	26.	Rukum
27.	Humla	28.	Rolpa
29.	Salyan	30.	Kalikote
31.	Baitadi	32.	Dolpa
33.	Bajnang	34.	Mugu

Western region

4

35. Nawal Parashi	36. Parbat
37. Arghakhachi	38. Myagdi
39. Tanahu	40. Gulmi

41. Lamjung

Central region

42. Rasuwa

43. Sindhuli

Eastern region

44. Udaipur

e

.

- 46. Chainpur
- 48. Panchthar

- 45. Khotang
- 47. Walenchok

•

۱ ۴ ٤



