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SAFETY INSPECTION REPORT

CFC - Phase out project

Report No.: Uniw0502/BUR/BRU

Final Version Vol. 02

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PARS MONARK ELE. CO.

Factory Location: Inspection dates:

YAZD, IRAN 12.10.1998

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1 Abstract

According to the definitions of the contract No. 98/184 a safety inspection of the converted plant using cyclopentane as blowing agent should guarantee the correct implementation and installation of safety procedures and systems. This inspection should be based on international standards and documented in a safety inspection report.

The scope of the inspections is specified in clause 4 of the "terms of reference" from 18 June 1998.

For that purpose an inspection visit was executed on 12. October 1998 on the production site of Pars Monark in Yazd. The results of this inspection are stated in detail in the following report. Faults and deviations to the applicable international standards are listed related to the main areas and systems. Under the term "corrective action" the possibilities to eliminate each inadequacy or incompleteness are mentioned.

Most of the machinery and equipment in Pars Monark is supplied by Cannon, Italy. The storage tank and the distribution piping to the mixing units is produced by locally companies. The production equipment consists of an underground storage tank (single wall) inside of a reinforced concrete basin, an partially underground distribution piping and one premixing and mixing unit. The foaming process shall be performed with two mixing heads arranged in one safety box (cabinet and door foaming will be separated by a partition wall).

At the inspection dates some principal installations and most of the main supplies have not been finished. Due to the fact, that all necessary supplies have not been connected, calibration gases and a lot of installations have not been completed at inspection date, there has been no possibility to perform the functional tests of safety relevant systems and components.

In order to issue a positive safety report the deviations had to be fixed, the missing installations had to be completed and the functional tests had to be performed.

During several missions to Iran, UNIDO's Project Manager has had the opportunity to check the plant site and confirmed (acc. to UNIDO-FAX dated 01-12-04 / 14:38:40) that all corrective actions required in this report have been taken care of and completed by the contractor (CANNON) and the local counterpart (PARS MONARK ELE. CO).

A final inspection by the inspection body of TUV Austria to verify the proper correction of all deviations mentioned in our draft report Uniw0375/BUR/BRU, Vol. 1, has not been executed, therefore all results are based on the information of UNIDO (as mentioned above).

Note: A list of all deviations as collected during the inspection visit in 1998, an inspection protocol and a measurement protocol is provided with the draft report, Vol. 1!



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2 INTRODUCTION

2.1 General test procedures

All inspections and tests mentioned in this report are carried out in the same manner.

- A) Theoretical check of planning documents, certificates, schedules etc.
- B) Practical tests (visual inspection and/or measurements)
- C) Verification of test results according to international standards

2.2 Scope of inspections

The tests are performed in order to make a safety certification of the new installed refrigerator production plant possible. Therefore the safety relevant aspects of each part of the production line has to be carefully inspected and the safe function has to be verified.

The parts of the production line(s) under surveillance during the safety inspection are:

- A) General safety relevant systems
- B) Storage facilities for cyclopentane (storage tank, filling station etc.)
- C) C5-distribution piping to premix area
- D) Premix area
- E) Cabinet and door foaming area (Safety box)

2.3 Description of Assessment results

For any clause of this report there is provided first a brief description of the existing equipment and a requirement list for all deviations existing at the inspection date in 1998.

Referring to the latest information of UNIDO (Dez. 2001), all points of the requirement lists have been corrected and inspected by the UNIDO Project Manager after completion of the converted plant.

The results of measurements and a list of basically international standards are mentioned in the final clauses of the report.

As there could no national regulations for the handling and storage of cyclopentane be provided by the recipient company, relevant technical rules and the engineering standard of developed countries was taken under consideration for the assessment of the safe design and function of the converted refrigeration plant.



2.4 Abbreviation list

C5 Cyclopentane

O₂ Oxygen N₂ Nitrogen

LEL Lower Explosion Limit

app. Approximately

ESD Emergency Shut Down

EEx d Explosion protection type "flameproof enclosures - d"

EEx e Explosion protection type "Increased safety - e"
EEx i Explosion protection type "intrinsic safety - i"

3 Safety relevant systems

Safety relevant systems in general shall provide a suitable degree of protection against all dangers which can occur from the handling and storage of an easy flammable liquid (cyclopentane). This includes a safe design under consideration of the hazards of fire, explosion and leakage's.

3.1 Explosion protection

GENERAL DESCRIPTION:

The explosion protection system is based on primary and secondary protection equipment. Primary protection is the prevention of the occurrence of potentially explosive atmospheres by means of ventilation and inertization in endangered areas. A secondary explosion protection system is the detection of explosible atmospheres and the shut down of ignition sources when reaching the second alarm level of 30 % of the lower explosion limit (LEL).

Where the limitation of the concentration of an explosible gas mixture is not secured or an electrical device has to work in an explosion endangered area (zone 0, 1 or 2), the device must be properly explosion proofed for the degree of danger. The minimum degree for zone 1 is explosion group IIA and temperature class T2.

3.1.1 Artificial Ventilation system

DESCRIPTION:

A global artificial ventilation system shall be provided (according to planning documents) with local ducts for the foaming area inside the safety box and the housing of the premixing / polyol-cyclopentane day storage tank. There are redundant ventilation motors with a nominal air flow rate of 2780 l/sec each.



The air suction points shall be installed near the bottom of the housings (C5-gases and vapours are heavier than the air at ambient temperatures).

According to the documentation the air exchange rate is calculated to keep the C5/air-mixture in the safety boxes below 15 % LEL.

The boxes shall be flushed automatically a minimum of 5 times before energizing the electrical equipment and starting of the production process. When the gas concentration exceeds the limit of 15 % LEL (second level alarm) the second fan is switched on. The ventilation system shall continue operation when the first level alarm (30 % LEL) is active. Therefore the ventilation system (e.g. fans) has to be anti-sparking.

For the function detection of the ventilation system a differential pressure switch shall be installed. In case of a failure of the ventilation system the electrical supply in the ventilated areas is switched off. The exhausted air has to be conveyed outside the building through a chimney.

REQUIREMENTS/DEVIATIONS:

Referring to the latest information of UNIDO, all points of the requirement lists have been corrected and inspected by the UNIDO Project Manager after completion of the converted plant.

a) No calculation of the air exchange for the safety boxes available.

Corrective action:

providing of calculation documents for each safety box.

b) Mounting of ventilation ducts, chimney and differential pressure switch not finished.

Corrective action:

proper mounting of ventilation ducts, chimney and pressure switch.

c) Lightning protection system for chimney is missing.

Corrective action:

Installation of a lightning rod or lightning rods or a metal frame beside/above the chimney (approximately 1 m distance and 1 m higher than the chimney). The lightning rods shall not be placed in the direction of the exhaust opening (app. 1 m against exhaust direction) and shall be properly mounted and connected to the steel construction of the building which fulfills the function of a lightning protection system.

d) In case of a failure in the electrical supply no automatic emergency supply is provided.

Corrective action:

Installation of an automatic stand-by generator or changing of an existing generator from manual to automatic switch on.

e) The electrical supply is not connected.



Corrective action:

Completion of electrical installation.

f) The function and effectiveness of the artificial ventilation system could not be tested.

Corrective action:

After finishing of the installation and connection of the electrical supply the correct function can be tested.

g) A declaration or certification of the antisparking characteristic (according to VDMA 24169 or an equivalent standard) for the fans is not available.

Corrective action:

A corresponding manufacturer declaration or test certificate has to be provided.

3.1.2 Nitrogen blanketing (inertization) system

DESCRIPTION:

The system of nitrogen blanketing is used in order to reduce the amount of oxygen in a gas/air-mixture below the critical point for inertization, where no ignition of the mixture can take place because of the lack of oxygen (11,6 % O_2).

The nitrogen is provided by a compressor and N_2 -Generator arranged provisory inside the building and stored in an 270 I accumulator intermediate tank close to the mixing units and the safety box. There is a separate nitrogen pipe provided for the storage tank.

The blanketing system is used in the refrigeration plant

- before the filling of the storage tank,
- for the inertization of the C5/polyol day storage tank (monitored by pressure switch)
- and for the cabinet jigs injected shortly before the pouring through the mixing head (minimum amount of nitrogen is monitored by a flow meter and a timing system).

REQUIREMENTS/DEVIATIONS:

Referring to the latest information of UNIDO, all points of the requirement lists have been corrected and inspected by the UNIDO Project Manager after completion of the converted plant.

a) The nitrogen piping inside of the building is not properly fixed and not connected to the premixing unit and the foaming heads.

Corrective action:

The piping should be properly mechanical fixed (e.g. at branch lines) and jointed to the premixing unit and the heads.



3.1.3 Gas monitoring system

DESCRIPTION:

1 Gas detector shall be installed inside the premix area close to the mixer, further gas detectors shall be mounted inside the safety box. All inspected gas detectors have explosion-protection type EEx d. The gas monitoring system is a SENTOX 96 type with an uninterruptible battery emergency supply.

REQUIREMENTS/DEVIATIONS:

Referring to the latest information of UNIDO, all points of the requirement lists have been corrected and inspected by the UNIDO Project Manager after completion of the converted plant.

a) The amount and position of the gas sensors inside the safety box around the foaming area is not specified yet. The gas detectors are not mounted. There is no calibration gas on site.

Corrective action:

A sufficient amount of gas detectors has to be provided and positioned close to the release openings of the jigs below the foaming jigs and on points of possibly minimum air suction (corners or between air ducts). The gas detectors must be mounted before commissioning and the calibration of the sensors has to be checked with a proper calibration kit (gases and flow meter).

3.2 Safety control panel - emergency shut-down system

DESCRIPTION:

The safety control panel is positioned outside the safety box and controls the ventilation system and the gas monitoring system.

The electrical supply of the premixer and inside of the safety box is switched off automatically and immediately in case of a first level alarm and after some delay in case of a second level alarm.

REQUIREMENTS/DEVIATIONS:

Referring to the latest information of UNIDO, all points of the requirement lists have been corrected and inspected by the UNIDO Project Manager after completion of the converted plant.

a) The electrical supply is not connected, no functional test possible.

Corrective action:

Completion of electrical installation and execution of the tests of safety functions during the next inspection visit.



b) Emergency-shut-down switch near the safety box door is not mounted

Corrective action:

Mounting of the ESD-switch.

3.3 Fire protection

DESCRIPTION:

The company shall provide a sufficient fire extinguishing system close to endangered areas for the first and enhanced aid with hand-operated powder extinguishers on easy accessible position and a trained personal. To guarantee the efficiency of fire fighting a sufficient water supply and a fire brigade with foam for flammable liquids is necessary (company or local fire brigade). An emergency plan designed in case of fire shall be established.

REQUIREMENTS/DEVIATIONS:

Referring to the latest information of UNIDO, all points of the requirement lists have been corrected and inspected by the UNIDO Project Manager after completion of the converted plant.

a) The fire extinguishing system for the first aid is missing.

Corrective action:

There should be easy accessible powder extinguishers with at least 20 kg powder situated by the tank storage area, one fire extinguisher close to the premixing unit and one close to the foaming area (safety box).

b) A sufficient supply with foam or equivalent means of fire extinguishing for flammable liquids is not provided.

Corrective action:

The local fire brigade can be contacted to be prepared for the possible amount of flammable liquids in case of a fire alarm.

c) There is no emergency plan in case of a fire alarm provided.

Corrective action:

Creation of a fire alarm plan for accidents inside and outside the factory building.



4 Storage area for cyclopentane

4.1 Storage tank

DESCRIPTION:

The storage tank is a 10000 I single wall steel tank arranged underground in a basin made of reinforced concrete. A provisionally weather-roof has been mounted and a control panel has been located 10 m from the storage tank on the factory wall. The grounding system for the tank and the metal roof have not been complete finished. The piping, the level switch and the electrical cables have not been finally connected.

REQUIREMENTS/DEVIATIONS:

Referring to the latest information of UNIDO, all points of the requirement lists have been corrected and inspected by the UNIDO Project Manager after completion of the converted plant.

a) The design, production, quality and test documentation of the storage tank is not complete.

Corrective action:

The company shall provide the following documentation:

- technical design criteria (e.g. calculation, materials, welding),
- internal process and quality verification data by the manufacturer (e.g. statistical tests, x-ray, destructible tests,
- welding data, certification of welding personal,
- test reports/certificates (e.g. hydrostatic pressure tests, complete tests on site)
- b) A leak detection in the basin (under the lowest point of the tank) is missing, a waterproof test of the basin is not documented.

Corrective action:

In order to guarantee an international safety standard, a single wall underground tank can only be approved if additional precautions are taken. The concrete basin can be accepted as a second safety measurement only when it is waterproofed and there is a leak detection system provided. Therefore a leak detector for dropping liquid must be installed (in a drop pan) under the lowest point of the tank. An acoustic alarm shall be generated when a leaking liquid is detected.

c) The grounding system is not erected, only the holes for the implementation of the grounding rods are already drilled;

Corrective action:

Completion of the grounding system and connection to the tank and the weather roof.

Remark: All grounding connections in explosion endangered areas have to be protected against loosening (spring-washers, tooth-washers)



d) Classification, documentation and marking of hazardous areas is missing (ex-zones, safety zone)

Corrective action:

A drawing of the tank and filling area should be provided with the relevant dangerous areas marked (e.g. 1,5 m around exhaust openings of tank zone 1; 5 m around exhaust openings zone 2; inside the tank zone 1; a 5m zone around the storage tank and the filling station as safety zone (non-smoking, no storage of flammable materials, ...)).

The border of the safety zone and the area should be easily visible marked with a fire danger and no smoking sign.

e) The piping installation and the electrical installation is not finished.

Corrective action:

Completion of the piping and installation.

4.2 Filling (loading) station

DESCRIPTION:

There has been no filling station designed. There has been no equipment for the filling of the tank and no adequate documentation available.

REQUIREMENTS/DEVIATIONS:

Referring to the latest information of UNIDO, all points of the requirement lists have been corrected and inspected by the UNIDO Project Manager after completion of the converted plant.

a) Corrective action:

A defined filling station for a intermediate storage container or drum shall be provided with a waterproof drop basin for the storage of dropping cyclopentane during filling operation (ca. 200 - 300 l). If necessary (demand of supplier of C5), a sunroof shall protect the whole filling area. A clamping system for the connection of the grounding system with the storage container must be installed. The filling pump (if a pump is used) must be suitable for cyclopentane and for the use in explosible atmospheres (ex-zone 1). The filling velocity of the cyclopentane has to be limited according to the diameter of the filling piping to reduce electrostatic charging of the flammable liquid itself. A maximum filling speed of 3m/sec is sufficient in anyway.

Flexible filling pipe connections to the storage tank have to be electrostatic conductible.



5 C5-Distribution Piping system to premix area

DESCRIPTION:

The distribution piping of cyclopentane is a welded steel piping arranged partially underground inside a ditch made of reinforced concrete. The ditch shall be filled with sand and covered with waterproof sealed concrete plates. In the same ditch there is the nitrogen-piping and the electrical cables. The C5-piping had no corrosion protection and has not been separated from the electrical cables. The piping is mounted on a iron construction which is fixed in the reinforced concrete of the ditch. An ESD-fire-safe-valve has not been installed. Inside of the building the distribution piping is running aboveground and has not been finally mounted.

REQUIREMENTS/DEVIATIONS:

Referring to the latest information of UNIDO, all points of the requirement lists have been corrected and inspected by the UNIDO Project Manager after completion of the converted plant.

a) The design, production and test documentation of the C5-piping is not complete.

Corrective action:

The company shall provide the following documentation:

- technical design criteria (e.g. design pressure, material, welding),
- welding data, certification of welding personal,
- test report (e.g. x-ray, pressure test on site before commissioning)
- b) The laying, protection and separation of the piping is not sufficient

Corrective action:

The piping should be cleaned (e.g. sandblasted) and coated against corrosion (e.g. with bitumen or polyethylen taping). It should not have a low resistance contact to the mounting iron construction (hazard of contact-corrosion). The electrical cabling should be installed either in a conduit system, inside of a metal cable tray or be separated in a minimum distance of 30 cm to the C5-piping.

c) The piping inside of the building is not properly fixed.

Corrective action:

The piping should be properly mechanical fixed (e.g. at branch lines).

d) The ESD-fire-shut-down-valve is not installed.

Corrective action:

An automatic controlled ESD-fire-safe-valve shall be installed on the entry of the building.

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6 Premix area

6.1 Premixing unit (Type: Penta E.F. 20+4T. No. 550630)

DESCRIPTION:

The parts and devices involved with pure C5 and with C5/polyol blend are installed in a box, separated from other devices by walls and closed (monitored) doors. The box is connected with the artificial ventilation system and a gas sensor is mounted near by the mixing unit to monitor flammable vapours.

The bottom of the box is a basin to collect fluids in case of maintenance or accidents. Inside the box is:

- the C5 metering and C5/polyol mixing unit with C5 piping, piston metering of C5, static mixer to mix C5 and polyol and delivery line for the blend to the dosing unit tank;
- the C5/polyol mixture tank (nitrogen blanketed) with working- and supermax level switches, temperature transductor, minimum pressure switch, stirrer, a water jacket with electrical heating devices and safety valves;
- the C5/polyol metering system with mixture pump.

 The electrical parts in direct contact with C5 are in EEx i version.

REQUIREMENTS/DEVIATIONS:

Referring to the latest information of UNIDO, all points of the requirement lists have been corrected and inspected by the UNIDO Project Manager after completion of the converted plant.

a) The gas detector is not mounted.

Corrective action:

The gas sensor has to be mounted before commissioning.

b) The marking of intrinsically safe circuits (EEx i)is not sufficient.

Corrective action:

Intrinsically safe circuits shall be marked to separate them from non intrinsically safe circuits. The marking can either be a light blue color of the cables or be made by signs or characters.

c) System descriptions of intrinsically safe circuits (EEx i) according to EN 50039 are missing.

Corrective action:

A system description of the intrinsically safe circuits (installed Ex-devices, cable length) have to be provided.



d) A connection of the skid to the main grounding system is missing.

Corrective action:

The metal skids have to be connected to the main grounding system (spring-washers).

e) The overload protection for internal transformers (T120 and T620) is missing.

Corrective action:

The overload protection must be double checked in accordance to the technical data of the transformers.

f) The premixing units are not jointed to the piping for gas and liquids

Corrective action:

The piping has to be connected to the joints at the skids.

7 Foaming Area (Cabinet and Door)

DESCRIPTION:

The foaming area for doors and cabinets shall be situated inside a combined safety box, separated by a partition wall. The walls and doors of the safety box have not been erected (only the steel construction). There are two foaming heads, one for the door foaming, the other for the cabinet foaming. The preheating systems has not been erected. There have been no installations in the safety box except the foaming heads and balancers.

REQUIREMENTS/DEVIATIONS:

Referring to the latest information of UNIDO, all points of the requirement lists have been corrected and inspected by the UNIDO Project Manager after completion of the converted plant.

a) The safety box is not complete erected.

Corrective action:

The safety box for the foaming area has to be erected. All accessible parts shall be of antistatic material. The floor shall be antistatic too (e.g. cement- or concrete floor, metal grating connected to grounding system, no electrostatic chargeable synthetic floor covering or sealing shall be used).



b) The amount and position of the gas detectors is not specified. The gas detectors are not mounted.

Corrective action:

A sufficient amount of gas detectors has to be provided and positioned close to the release openings of the jigs below the foaming jigs and on points of possibly minimum air suction (corners or between air ducts). The gas detectors must be mounted before commissioning and the calibration of the sensors has to be checked with a proper calibration kit (gases and flow meter). They have to be mounted before commissioning.

c) A equipotential grounding system is not provided.

Corrective action:

All metal parts (e.g. grid, ventilation ducts, ...) are to be connected to a grounding system inside the box (spring-washers). The grounding system has to be connected to the general grounding system in the factory.

d) The installation of the preheating devices and dryers is not complete.

Corrective action:

The installation has to be finished before commissioning. The openings in the safety box should be closed. There should no electrical preheating inside the safety box be active during the foaming process and 90 seconds after pouring.

e) The door of the safety box and the door monitoring switch is not mounted.

Corrective action:

Installation of door and monitoring switch.

f) An ESD-switch and an escape route light close to the safety box door are missing.

Corrective action:

Mounting of the ESD-switch and connecting with the safety control panel. Mounting of the emergency route light (uninterruptible energy supply) and detection of a failure of the standard electrical supply.



8 General clauses

Referring to the latest information of UNIDO, all points of the requirement lists have been corrected and inspected by the UNIDO Project Manager after completion of the converted plant.

8.1 Electrical installation

a) The general electrical supply was not connected during inspection. The main power panel was not connected.

Corrective action:

Installation and connection of the main supply panel.

b) The mechanical protection for the electrical installation is not sufficient.

Corrective action:

Laying of cables in trays; all cable trays should be closed.

8.2 Grounding system - potential bonding

a) The grounding and potential bonding system is generally not sufficient.

Corrective action:

Connection of metal parts (e.g. skids of mixing units, storage tanks, ventilation ducts, control panels, piping, steel construction, cable trays, ...) to the earthing system.

Remark:

All connections in ex-zones have to be protected against loosening (by using spring-washer or tooth-washers).

9 Safety requirements during operation of the plant

9.1 Safety Instructions

Adequate training and instruction of the personal working with cyclopentane and isocyanante is a integral part of the plant safety. In a production process using flammable and poisonous liquids the following instructions for handling and training are a minimum safety requirement:



- Instructions for handling and storage of cyclopentane and isocyanate
- Instruction for the filling and periodic supervision of the C5 storage tank
- Working and safety instruction for the foaming process of the doors and cabinets
- Specification documents for the execution of periodic tests for safety relevant devices and functions and the calibration of the gas monitoring system. A test register has to be kept and stored for inspection visits.
- A fire alarm and emergency plan

9.2 Periodic Surveillance

An initial safety inspection covers the principal safety of the plant and the installation at the time of inspection (commissioning). To secure a safe operation for a lifetime period of the plant, the execution of periodic surveillance through an independent expert (third party) is an essential part of the safety concept.

The interval of the external surveillance is preferably one year. If the time between two surveillance inspections exceeds one year, the functional tests of safety systems and components have to be executed internal at least annual and must be properly documented.

The periodic surveillance inspections shall include all relevant systems, e. .g.:

- a check of the test register,
- the test of relevant safety functions and alarms,
- function tests of safety relevant components,
- the calibration of the gas monitoring system,
- a visual inspection of the properly condition and maintenance of the installation and equipment,
- a leakage (pressure) test for the C5-distribution piping

In addition to the external surveillance the company shall execute a periodic internal surveillance of the storage area and the C5-piping (weekly) making a visual inspection and a leakage test of flanged joints either by a portable gas detector system or a leak detector spray.

9.3 Preventive Maintenance

The minimum requirements for the preventive maintenance of the foaming units should be defined by the supplier (Cannon, Use and maintenance manual). For the locally supplied parts of the plant a internal guide including the necessary inspections and maintenance should be prepared by the company.

It is recommended to document all maintenance works and inspections in a register.



10 Conclusions

The aim of the safety inspection visit of the refrigerator plant in Iran as mentioned in the contract and the "terms of reference" was the execution of all necessary checks and tests in order to prepare a safety report for the plant. The safety inspection report, generally based on international standards, should guarantee the safe design and function of the converted plant.

A precondition for a positive inspection result is the completion of the whole installation and the preparation of all necessary supplies (electrical, liquids, gases).

At the time of the inspection visit many important installations have not been completed and no supply with electrical energy, cyclopentane, calibration gases and other necessary goods has been provided. Therefore the inspection has been carried out mainly as a consulting during erection and the not finished or missing installations/systems and the deviations at this project stage are stated in this report.

The correction of this deviations has been a necessary condition to achieve a positive inspection result.

Referring to the latest information of UNIDO (Dez. 2001), all points of the requirement lists have been corrected and inspected by the UNIDO Project Manager after completion of the converted plant.

Note: The TUV Austria takes no responsibility for results and declarations which have not been executed / inspected by the qualified personnel of the accredited inspection body.

11 Inspected Project Documentation

The provided documentation consists in general of the manuals, drawings and certificates of the supplier (Cannon). The only documentation obtained by the recipient company concerns the locally supplied storage tank.

11.1 Documentation of the Suppliers Equipment (Cannon)

11.1.1 Drawings

- General layout
- Air ducts, layout and detail



11.1.2 Manuals

- Premixing units Use and maintenance manual
- Premixing units Diagrams and spare parts
- Inspection book for accessories
- Mechanical manuals for accessories

11.2 Documentation of Pars Monark

• Cyclo-Pentan Tank Inspection Sheet by manufacturer (Shahin Dasht Amin Eng. Co.) about Leak Test (compressed air: 3,2 barG) and coating test

12 Standard List (international, european and national)

This list must not be complete but shall provide the reader of this report a sufficiently detailed information of the applicable regulations for the safety assessment.

In case there exists no adequate international standard for the review of a detailed requirement a basic risk assessment has been performed in order to achieve a practical solution.

• IEC 60079-14	Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres - Part 14: Electrical installations in hazardous areas (other than mines)
• IEC 60079-10	Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres - Part 10: Classification of hazardous areas
• EN 50014	Electrical apparatus for potentially explosive atmospheres - General requirements
• EN 50018	Electrical apparatus for potentially explosive atmospheres - Flameproof enclosures "d"
• EN 50019	Electrical apparatus for potentially explosive atmospheres - Increased safety "e"
• EN 50020	Electrical apparatus for potentially explosive atmospheres - Intrinsic safety "i"
• EN 50021	Electrical apparatus for potentially explosive atmospheres - Type of protection "n"
• EN 50039	Electrical apparatus for potentially explosive atmospheres - Intrinsic safety "i" Systems
• IEC 61024-1	Protection of structures against lightning - Part 1: General principles
• IEC/EN 60204-1	Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines Part 1: General requirements
• IEC 60364-4-41	Electrical installations of buildings; part 4: protection for safety; chapter 41: protection against electric shock



• TRbF 40 Petrol stations

TRbF 100 General safety requirements

• TRbF 110 Stores

• TRbF 120 Stationary tanks of metallic and nonmetallic materials; general

information

• ZH 1/8 Safety rules for requirements on the properties of stationary gas

alarm systems for explosions protection

ZH 1/10
 Guidelines for the avoidance of dangers by explosive atmosphere

including collection of examples - guidelines on protection against

explosion (EX-RL)

• ZH 1/200 Guidelines for avoiding the dangers of ignition due to electrostatic

charges; guidelines "Static Electricity"

VDMA 24169-1 Air handling units; design-related explosion protection measures

for fans; specifications for fans used to handle flammable gases,

vapours or mist-containing atmospheres

TUV Austria

Division Electrical Engineering

Safety Engineers:

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