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Joint Consultation on Prefabrication
for Industrial Construction

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COUNTRY PAPER
ON
PREFABRICATION FOR INDUSTRIAL
CONSTRUCTION 1/

by

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PREFABRICATION FOR INDUSTRIAL CONSTRUCTION

I. CURRENT STATUS

In Greece they use three main categories of construction for industrial buildings:

- Conventional construction
- Construction with metallic prefabricated elements
- Construction with prefabricated concrete elements of heavy or light type

Originally for prefabrication of industrial buildings, they used metallic elements and from the year 1970 they began to use prefabricated concrete elements.

The use of prefabricated concrete elements confront the competition of conventional construction.

Today there are in Greece about 10 considerable industrial construction firms of prefabricated concrete elements and several firms of metallic constructions.

I.1. PREFABRICATION WITH CONCRETE ELEMENTS

From 1970 till today about 500,000 m² of industrial buildings have been constructed.

About the 80 % of the above construction have been done by elements produced in factory, and the 20 % by elements produced in field.

The following normalized elements are used for the construction of industrial buildings.

a) For one-story industrial buildings:

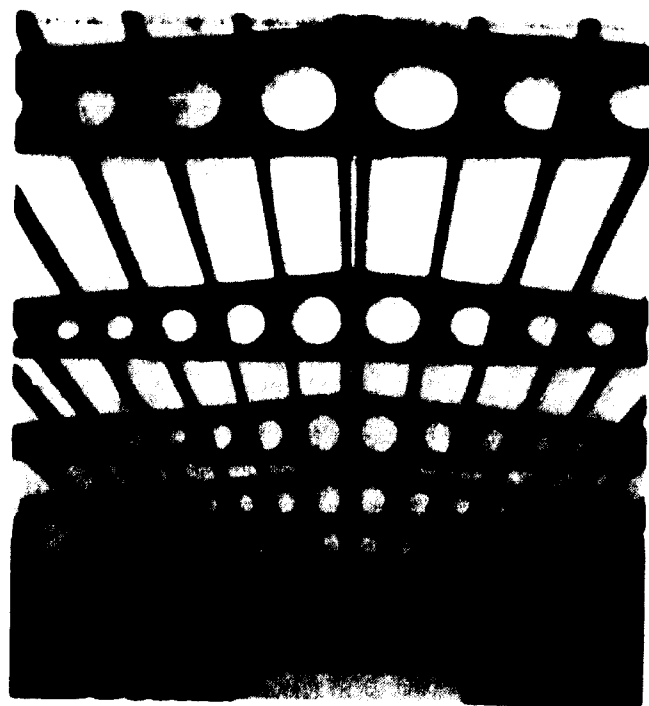
- Saw toothed roofs (Shed roofs)
- Double pitched roofs
- Wide span shell roofs
- Flat roofs (Double "T" beam roofs)
- Linear arc bearers
- Simple supported triangular bearers
- Parabolic arc bearers

b) For multi-stories industrial buildings:

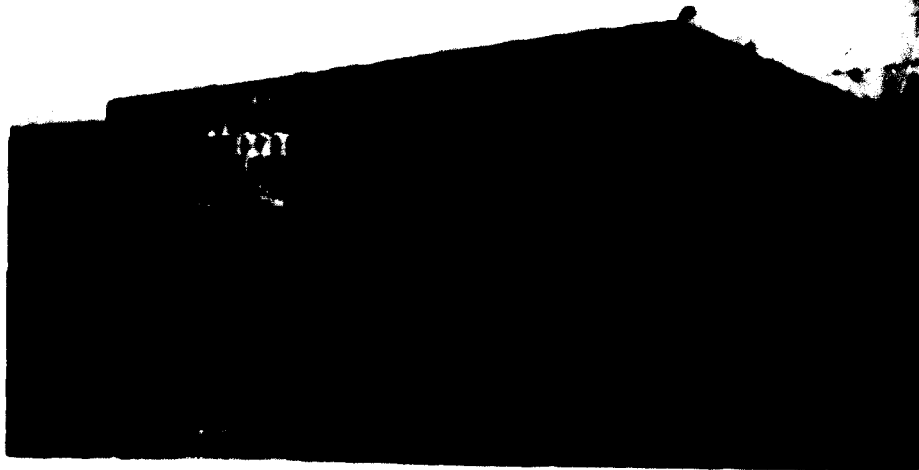
- Linear structure conventional or prefabricated with precast roof slabs and fascia pannels
- Structure of load bearing walls

Also prefabricated fascia walls and prefabricated concrete sandwich slabs are used for industrial construction.

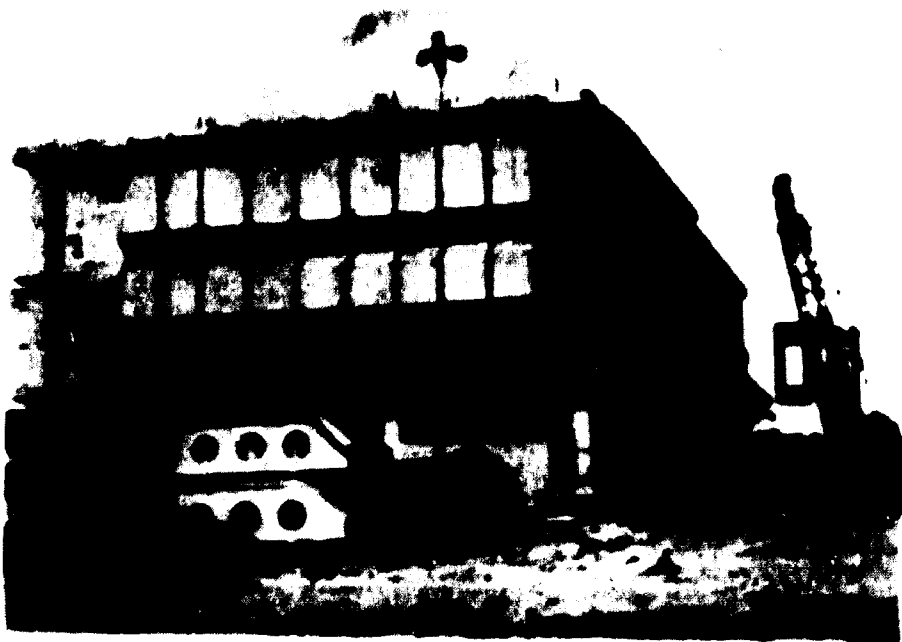
I.I.I. Illustrations and technical data of several prefabricated concrete industrial constructions are given in the following pages:



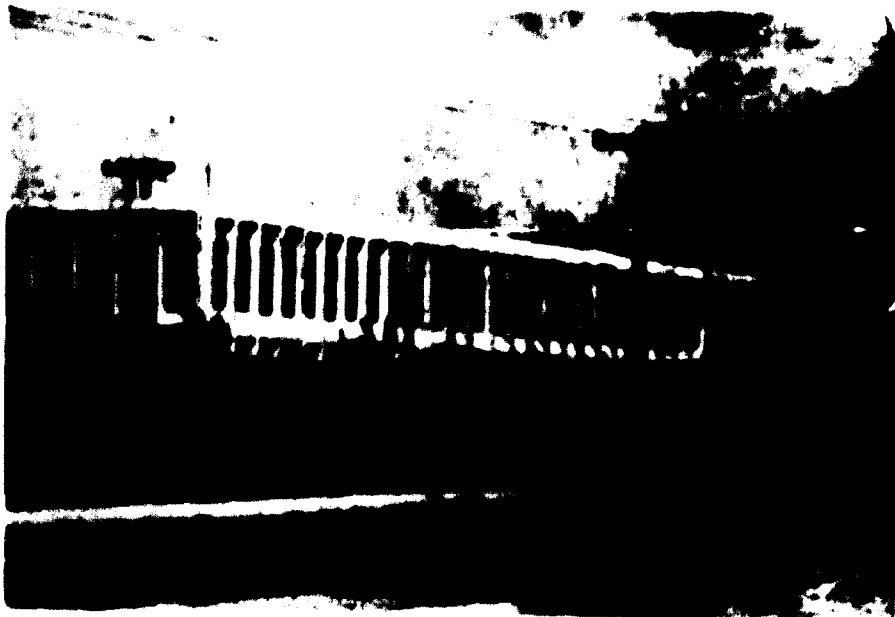
Factory of cables in Styria
Covered area 40.000 m²
Built in 8 months
Triangular perforated beams
Span of beams 22 m
Height : 8 - 11 m



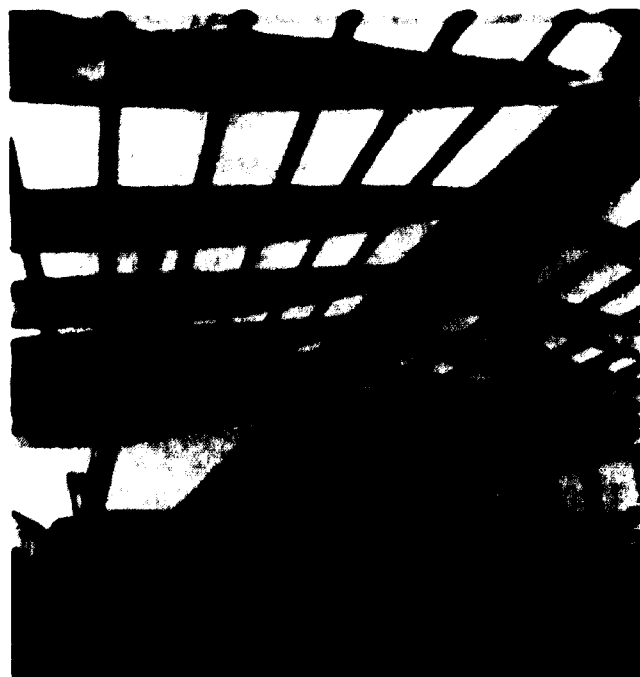
A Factory in Lamia
Covered area 3.000 m²
Triangular beams
Span of the beams 16 m
Height 6 m



**Factory of coffee treatment in Athens region
Five storey building
Covered area 3.000 m²
Prefabricated fascia elements**



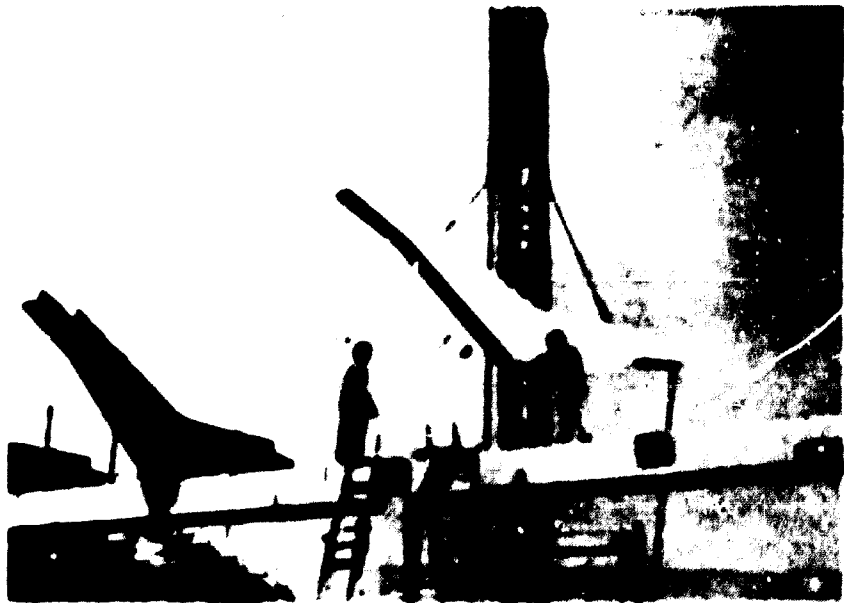
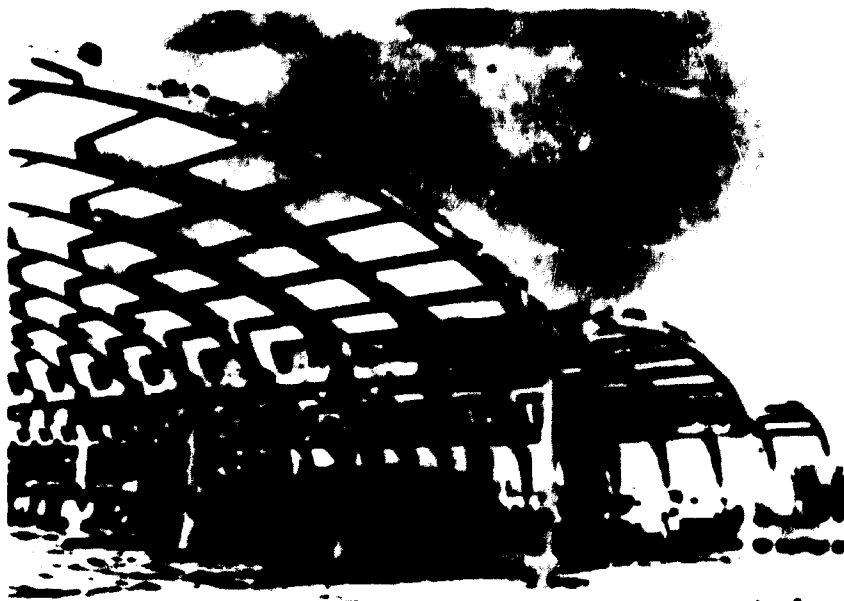
Two storey factory of drugs in Thiva.
Covered area 2.500 m²
Linear structure conventional, prefabri-
cated slabs and fascia pannels.



Factory of ceramic slabs in Stylio
Covered area 7000 m²
Span of beams 22 m
Interior column distance 15 m



Parabolic arc bearers structure
in the port of Patras
Covered area : 6.000 m²
Span of beam 28 m



**Factory of refreshments in the region of
Athens**

Covered area 4.000 m²

Span of beam 19 m

Height : 7 m

Parabolic arc bearers



Factory in Lavrion of Attica
Wide span shell roofs,
Covered area : 2550 m²
Span 18,5 m
Height 9,5 m



Factory of assembling electric devices
in Athens region

Sawtooth roofs (Shed roofs)
Covered area 9.000 m²
Span : 12 X 13
Height: 9,5 m



Office building of a factory in Kriemeric
in Attica

Flat roofs (double ^{or} beam roofs)

Covered area 600 m²

Span 10 m

Height 2,5 m

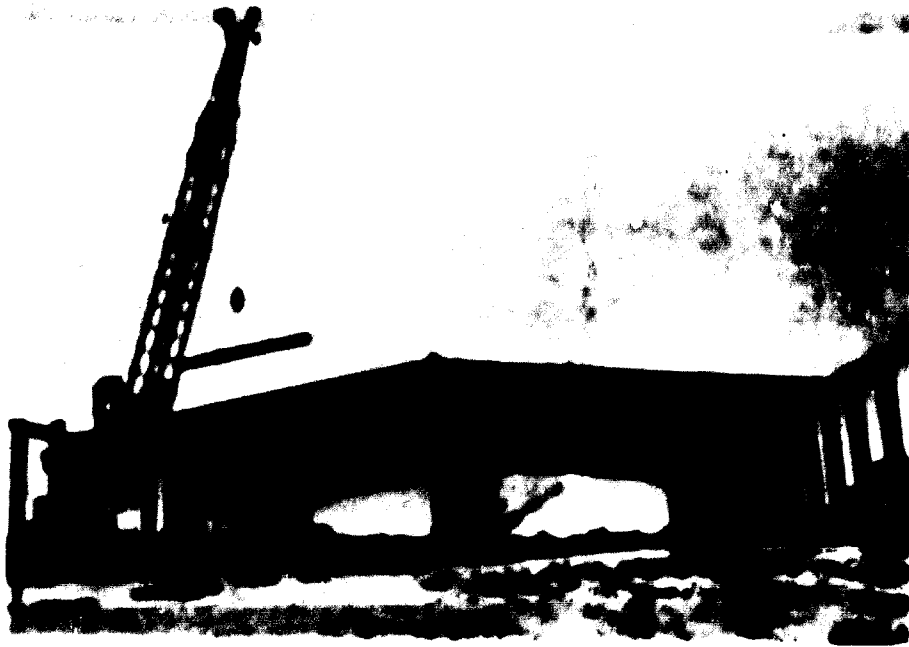
1.2. Metallic constructions

Because of the short interval of application of prefabrication system in Greece, the construction of industrial buildings by prefabricated metallic elements has not been developed very much.

In most cases the used metallic elements are not of normalised dimensions, but their dimensions are specified by order.

The mean annual value of application of metallic elements for the construction of industrial buildings fluctuate between 15.000 and 20.000 tons.

1.2.1. Technical data and illustrations of some industrial constructions by metallic elements are given in the following pages:



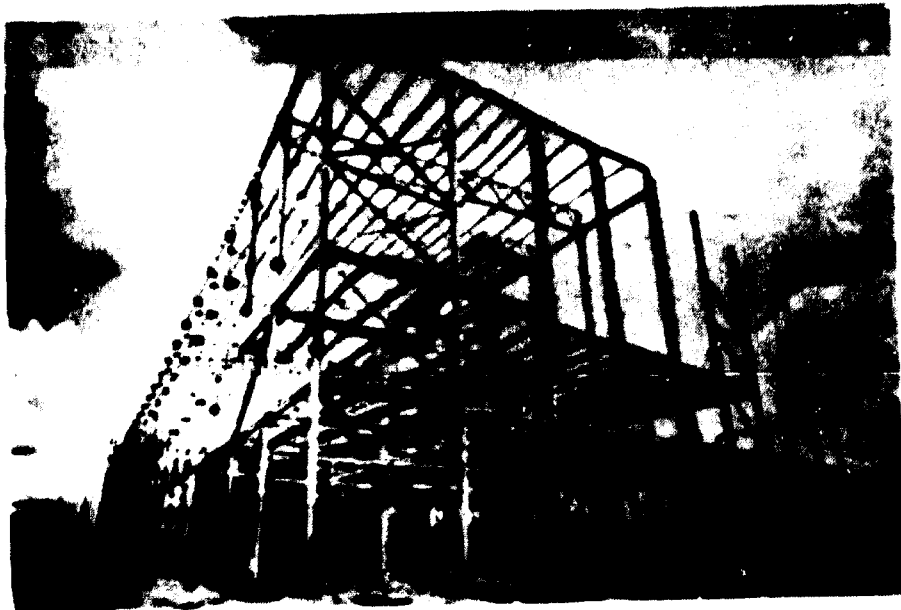
Factory of wool industry at Lamia
Covered area 17.000 m²
Weight of steelwork 900 t
Span 20 m
Height 6 m



Coach house in Libya
Constructed by a Greek structural steelwork
Company with prefabricated in factory elements
Span : 40 m
Length: 80 m



Factory of preserves in Orchomeno of Boiotia
Metallic structure of HEBKION and building steel
Spans : 14 m and 22 m
Height : 4,80 m
Covered area 10.000 m²
Fabricated in 60 days



Factory of sugar at Xanthi
View of the 4 storey part of the project
Weight of steelwork 4000 t.
Fabricated in 9 months.



Steel structure of a five storey factory at
the region of Athens

2. Uncovered situation

- The public has not yet fully understood the advantages of prefabrication system.
- There is a competition from the part of low quality and consequently low cost conventional constructions.
- There is not always consideration on the used orication elements, and especially on the plastic elements, and this fact results in the preservation of prices of prefabrication in relatively high values.
- There is not always collaboration in advance between designer (studier) and constructor for the purpose of selecting the most financially advantageous solution and for using in all cases prefabricated elements of standardized dimensions.
- Because of the fluctuation of rhythm of construction activity generally during the last years in this country for the reason of several conditions, a lot of prefabrication firms confront a sharp problem to continue their work.

3. Future prospects

Because of the fact that Greece is in the situation of a developing country, the future prospects of the development of prefabrication for industrial construction should be considered as encouraging.

For the purpose of helping the proper development of the sector of prefabrication in Greece, it should be offered technical assistance for the training of staffs, assistance of industrial construction firms by transferring construction technology

and knowledge about the suitable equipment, assistance for the establishment of standards elements with normalized dimensions, standards of quality and methods for testing, and generally by transmission in our country of higher construction technology of more developed countries.

We think that UNIDO would be in the position to help for the realisation of the above subjects.

4. SUMMARY

The following three categories of prefabrication for industrial constructions are used in Greece.

Conventional constructions

Irrefabricated or non prefabricated metallic elements

Prefabrication with prefabricated concrete elements of heavy or light type

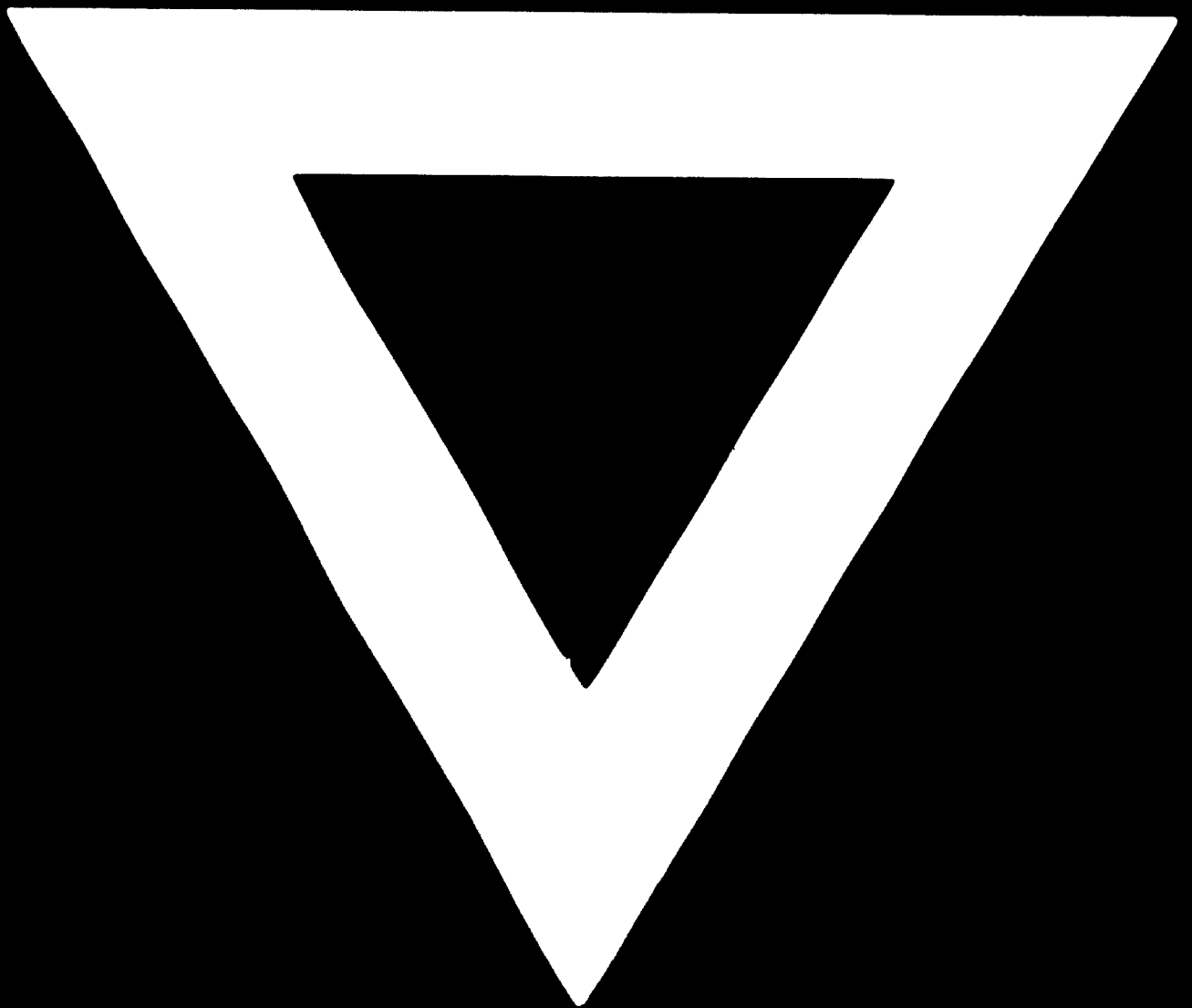
500.000m² of industrial construction with prefabricated concrete elements, i.e. 100.000m² mean annual value have been realized from the year 1970 till now.

The annual value of steel elements application varies from 15.000 to 20.000 ton.

In Greece the prefabrication of industrial constructions has not yet taken high development because of several general conditions and for the fact that, for different reasons, there is not yet gained the low cost price which should be gained against conventional constructions.

... to be ... in the
field of knowledge. ... of standardi-
zation ... should
be very useful for the ...





75.10.10