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/ management/

MARKETING CONTROL SYSTEM - MCS 1/

prepared by

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TARKETTING CONTROL SYSTEM

- M.C.S. -

1. Purpose of the Marketing Control System - MCS - (1)

The action and decision of the Marketing Management contribute to the success or failure of the Enterprise. In his area of responsibility, the job of the Marketing Manager is to seeking mays and planning strategies for obtaining improvement of marketing performance and profitability. To this purpose he applies a series of checklists, based upon the accumulation of market knowledge and technical experience, to assess present conditions and forecast future opportunities and developments.

The Marketing Control System (M.C.S.) is a marketing management tool composed of a strategic checklist, concisely and systematically developed to assist marketing managers to draw conclusions and to planning action, according to factual conditions and ascertained needs.

The primary aim of the M.C.S. is to guide and stimulate Marketing Management's thoughts and aid perspective decisions which will, by their very nature, enhance the chances of success and prosperity of the Enterprise.

2. Instructions for the use of the M.C.S.

The M.C.S. comprises a series of concrete marketing questions, which should be analysed and answered, at regular intervals.

Many of the questione require careful assessment, and consultation with other operational Managers (Production, Finance, Administration, etc.) before a decision is reached. The M.C.S. has been

⁽¹⁾ The M.C.S. was created in 1968, by Prof. S.P. Padoleochia for the use of students of the European Marketing Institute.

designed to make it possible to examine the reality of the marketing context and to enable warketing Managers to work on them, at any time and in any place.

The T.C.S. contains a number of points or questions to be considered, and by checking the columns on the right it should be ascertained if and what action was taken or if further action is required. The following headings are used:

N/A = Non-Applicable

YES - Action taken

NO = Action not taken, or not to be taken

PAR = Partial action taken

ACT = Action to be taken immediately

? = To consult if action should eventually be taken

Where headings other than these are used, they are explained accordingly.

The M.C.S. should be processed at least every three months. The answers should be thoroughly reviewed, to fully ascertain if the original conclusions were correct. In certain circumstances specific pages of the M.C.S. should be allocated to other managers or/and subordinates for completion, discussion and action.

At the top of every checklist are cross references for transfer of items requiring further attention. The series of tables from MCS 29 to 35 should enable Marketing Managers to speedily analyse the type of action required and the impeding factors which must be overcome to achieve the desired objective. They also incorporate a Marketing Planning Schedule for use as and when priorities are established.

The M.C.S. provides Marketing Management with an immediate check upon progress made on each and every activity which was planned or initiated. They can be occasionally used separately as working papers and taken to top management meetings, if necessary, in view of discussing action and plans with colleagues, who should be involved in decisions which still remain to be taken. This will permit to promote greater understanding, co-operation and

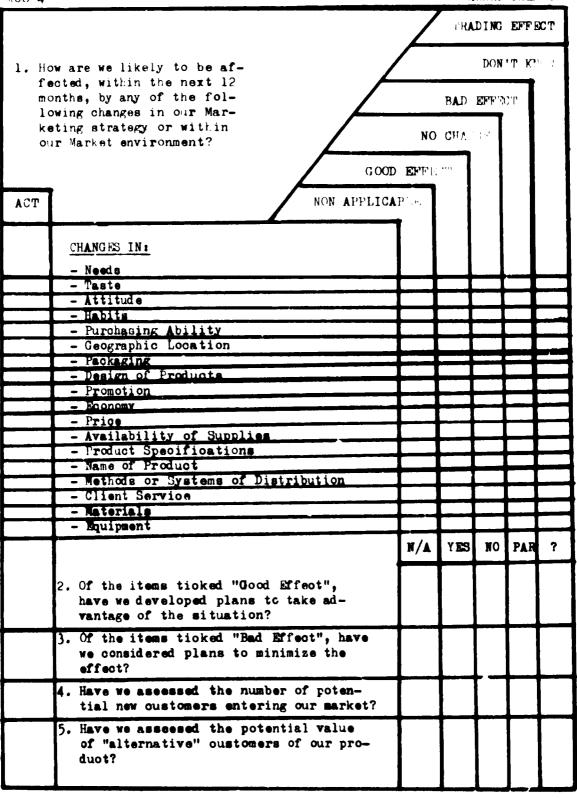
a good working atmosphere, at top management and operational levels.

Some items in the checklist, which are not fully applicable today, may well become relevant in future as expansion or changes in marketing conditions take place. In either of these events, the M.C.S. will be a valuable aide-memoire from which to develop strategic plans of action.

	N/A	Y ES	N O	PAR	٠:	ACT
l. Expressed as a % of turnover, are the total Marketing costs:						
(a) Increasing						
(b) Static			Щ			
(c) Decreasing						
2. If increasing, do we know the precise reason why?						
3. Do we have a breakdown of the increased costs in order to define the specific areas that must be improved?						
4. Are we resigned to acceptance of this higher 1/2 of costs?						
5 or have we taken action to re- duce it?						
6. If the latter, have we set a firm date by which time improvement must take place?						
7 or further remedial action is to be taken?						
8. What is the average time period before we recognise a consistent upward/down-ward trend in demand? Number of months:						
9. Could we improve upon this time-lag by introducing any rapid form of ana- lysis which would enable us to more rapidly identify trends?						
10. Can we compare current results with those of similar periods in previous years in terms of: (a) Total value of sales						
(b) Area sales						
(c) Number and type of units sold						
(d) Value of sales						
11. If no, is our trading likely to suffer in future years due to the lack of this type of information?						

		N/A	YES	ŊO	FAR	?	A 3' ^(†)
	Do se know the number of past profitable accounts which have not trailed with and aring the past 1% mont of						
	if yes, is the insidence of closed or dormant accounts: (a) Increasing						
	(b) Static			-			
	(c) Decreasing						
	If increasing, do we possess firm facts as to the reasons why?						
15.	If yes, have we taken corrective action based upon these facts?						
16.	Is the rate of opening new accounts adequately compensating for closed or doemant accounts?						
17.	If no, should we consider a revision of Marketing policy in order to: (a) Regain this lost business						
	(b) Frevent the closure of current trading accounts						
	(c) Increase the rate of opening of new accounts						
18.	Do we know the additional costs and time that could be made available, if necessary, to acquire new business?						
19.	and the Marketing functions that would need to be delegated?	,					
20.	Could or should we replace any present member of the staff by a person with experience in Marketing activities?						
21.	If no, would it be or benefit to train or acquire such a person to carry out this function?						
22.	Do our plans for market expansion in- olude any changes or additions to our present methods of Marketing?						

	N/A	Y EG	NO	P A R	?	A J'F
experimentation or some other cause that these imendents will obtain the decired results?						
24. If our plans for market expansion are not complete, which of the following could we evaluate to establish the nost economic means of attaining our objectives?						
(a) The approximate size and type of promotion required to pro- duce expected results						
(b) and the respective costs thereof						
(c) The total costs of promotio- nal strategies						
(d) The number and/or value of or- ders required to break-even on that promotional strategy						
(e) Trends in the response rate of promotion						
(f) The average cost of any one call made by a salesman						
(g) The average value of order per call, i.e. weekly sales divided by number of calls						
(h) and the trend of the average value of orders received						
(i) The cost and success rate of telephone canvassing						
(j) The cost and success rate of distribution strategy						
(k) The cost and potential success of outside specialist services to supplement our own Marketing effort						
(1) Ancillary products or services that could be introduced - and the profit margins thereon						
(m) The method and cost of assessing the new business potential on the perimeters of our present area of Marketing						
25. In what order of priority should we obtain information relating to any of the above?						
		1				



	N/A	YEKS	NO	LAR	?	ACT
 no we acknowledge that our Competitors are striving to improve their methods and take business away from us? 						
2. Of which of the following could we be judged superior to our Competitors - by a potential customer? (a) Price						
(b) Quality of Product (c) Product features (d) After sales service (e) General efficiency (f) Delivery and distribution system (g) Advertising						
(h) Promotion (i) Credit system (j) Quality of salesmanship (k) Product image (l) Company image						
3. Which items in the "No" or "Par" columns have undergone improvement or revision within the last 12 months? Item:						
4. Which items remaining in these collumns could or should receive attention now? Item: By whom:	-					
5. Are there any items in the "N/A" co- lumn which may become applicable and which should receive attention now?						
6. Have any of our competitore recently introduced any new marketing methods, techniques, materials, components or equipment?						
7. If yes, have we assessed the cost and the advantage of introducing any of these ourselves?						

	N A	У на	N(- A -/	?	A YT
	\vdash					
1. We are some of the fellowing independent on its sub- matted to an olive amage ent with noti- language.						
- Jalie of omiens received	↓	_		-		
- Total value of orless in tand						
- awaiting delivery - Area Sales performable	†					
- Continued that the performance						
				<u> </u>		↓
- Development annual totals		-	↓	↓		
- Variances to forecast	╂—		┼	} 	₩-	
- Number of enquiries received - Conversion ritio - initial enquiries	+	┼	 	 	-	1
- lonversion ritio - initial enquiries to effective sales	1	1		L	<u>L_</u>	
- Number of pendit sales	1					
- Value of pending sales	T	T				
- Omplaints						$oldsymbol{\bot}$
- Volume and value of new chatomers	\mathbf{L}	L	I_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	↓
- Production delays	1	↓_	↓_	↓	┼	↓ —
- Bervice delays	 	┼	╁	}	├ ─	+
- listribution delays	┼ —	╂	 	┿	+-	┿-
- Purchasing delays	 	╫	+-	 	十一	
2. What factors prevent from producing larger quantities? - Lacg of personnel						
- Inadequate distribution system			L	\mathbf{I}_{-}		
- Inalequate market information	1	1	4	 		╃—
- Lack of co-ordination between production	4-	+-	+-	┿	┿	+-
and sales	╂	+	┿	+-	+	+-
- Lack of equipment - Other reasons:	╋	+	+-	+	+-	+-
- Other reasons:						
	1	†	†			
	╅	+	十	+-	+	+
		1	1	1	1	
	1	1		1	•	- 1
1	I	-		1	1	
		_	┷			_

	N ⁷ A	Y ES	ИO	PAR,	?	T' A
3. Are our larketing records sufficiently comprehensive to provide, as necessary, the means for: a. Analysis of sales performance						
b. Analysis of area performance	┿	\vdash	_	_		
c. Defining ratio of calls to sales ob-	1					
tained	1			ł		
d. Defining average number of sales	 	-	-	_	H	
e, Defining average value of sales	 	1	-	1	Н	
f. Forecasting of sales	1				Г	
g. Analysis of competitive activity	1					
h. Assessment of market coverage		T				
i. Assessment of demand growth	1					
i Assessment of promotional results	T					
k. Re-allocation of territories	T	Т	П		Τ	
l. Identification of "new" or "alterna-	1	1	Ť	Î	T	
tive" customers	1	1	l	1	1	l
m. Defining our share of the market	1		Ī		Γ	
n. Defining trends in market demand	Т		T^-	T^-	Ι	\mathbf{I}
o. Short and long-term marketing stra-	1	1	T	T	Т	
tegy planning	1		I	1	L	<u></u>
p. Measurement of distribution channels	1	T	T	T	Г	
effectiveness.	1	1.			L	<u> </u>
4. Could any of the above listed items be economically introduced? If yes, items:						

	N/ V	1 14 1 14 1	ue.	: 17	?	ACTD
 Are our cratters transpolities adject to in- nual or periodic review. 						
2. Boes oar distribution system contare i mini- mum of "customer out+of-stock" condition?						
j. when "out-of-stock" does once, is our de- livery delay period acceptable to the masso- rity of distoners'						
4. boes our method or distribution and mainte- nance of cristomers stock-livel domining indi- arably with that of our connectators?						
5. No we know the total mamber of Distributor/ Retail outlets within our inc. of distribution?						
6. If no, have we set a and recording system which will althoutely provide as with this information?						
7. If no, have we considered any plan to collect such information?						
8. If this information in on record, have we: a. Categorised all explaint or driving outlets?						
b. Established by descriptions trop and teo- graphic locate in those scription but- lets with the highest profit potential? c. Directed any special effort towards these						
distributors and analysed the results? d. Clearly defined the specific buying re-						
sistances which remain?	ļ	 				
e. Prepared a plan of action to overcome these resistance?						
9. Have we surveyed our distributors to determine their degree of satisfaction with our policies concernings						
- Delivery system						
- Service		lacksquare				
- Promotion and merchandizing methods - Direct assistance	┼	┿	-			
- Advertising support						
10. If no to the above, should we undertake a survey to test their degree of satisfaction and their reasons of insatisfaction?						
	4				.	

MCS 9 DISTRIBUTION Y ES NO PAR 11. Before appointing distributors, have we ascertained that: a. Moreal distributors contract ours on file b. Their area of operation is clearly defined c. Sales targets are set .. or minimum stock levels agreed d. e. If tarrets are not set, the initial contract is probatory, and will be confirmed subject to results f. They do not desire the contract for the solo purpose of restricting sales of our product in their area of operation e. The lines carried by our distributors do not conflict with our own h. We know the turnover that he obtains on his other lines - and his reason for desiring a further line i. Our commission/discount terms are of equal incentive to the other lines carried j. We thoroughly investigate their service facilities and verify the number, calibre and experience of their personnel 12. After appointment of distributors do we: a. set up communication procedures to en sure prompt attention to enquiries/ servicing/complaints b. ... with a clear understanding that we require feedback on the results of calls c. provide adequate training to the dis tributors' personnel d. immediately inform them of additions or modifications of the range of pro ducts

e. that we pay commissions promptly

13. Do we acknowledge that distributors usu
ally require more motivation than our

14. Do we issue bulletins or newsletters to inform distributors of the progress and

successes of our product lines?

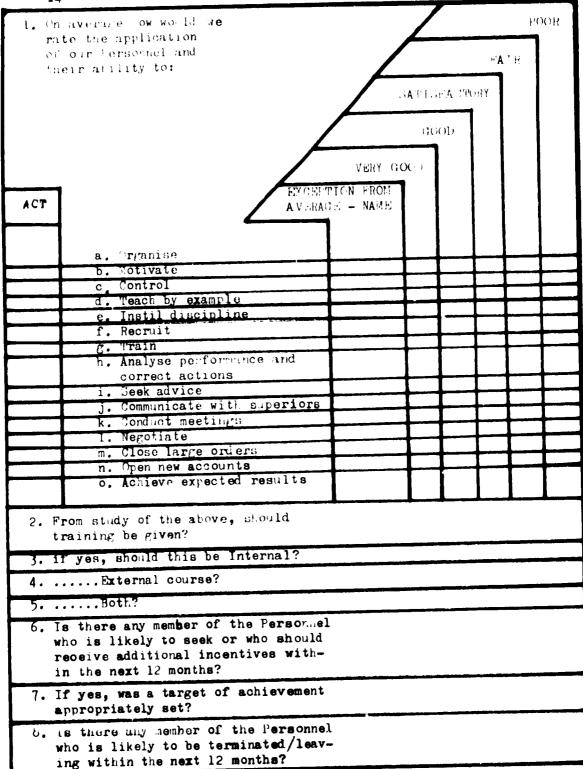
own marketing personnel?

At annu	roximately what level of		NON AF	PLICABI	
turnov e troduce	er should we improve/in- e any of the following			POOR	
promot	ional items?		F'ATR		
ACT	IT EN	PISFACTO	:13		ı
		(100D)			
		7	1		
	1. Press Releases			╄	
	2. Fress Relations	++		╂╼╌╂╌	\dashv
	3. Letterheads 4. Visiting Cards			1	
,	5. Trade Marks	+ +			
 	6. Leaflets	7			
-	7. Catalogues				二
	8. Direct Mail material				
	9. Posters				
1	O. Signs	\bot		1	
1	1. Transport:Colour and Message			 	
I	2. Packaging			┿	
	3. Point of Sale Display			++	
	4. Window and other Display	_		++	_
	5. Exhibitions	-++		++	
- + -	6. In-Store Promotions	-+		+ +	
	7. Field Sales Aids			++	
+	8. Samples 9. Premium Offers	_		1 1	
1 2	20. Ties				
	21. Badges				
	2. Uniforms				
				T	
2	23. Which promotional items are undergoing improvement now?				
	Number:		1	1 1	
		_		╼╁╼╼╅	
[24. Which promotional items are in the process of introduction?				
	Number:				
	25. Which promotional items could be im-				
	proved or introduced within the next 3 months?			1 1	
	Numbers				
-	26. Which promotional items are we not ap-	_	 	\dashv	
] '	plying which would be worthwhile inves				
1	tigating now?		1		
	-				
1	Number:	1			
				لـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	لببا

	N/A	Y ES	NO	PAR	?	A CT
Do our catalogues and leaflets adequately convey the following:						
a. Company's p-to-date image					L	
b. Modernity of premises/equipment/processing						
c. Depth of our experience						
d. Quality of our techniques/product						
e. Attention to detail						
f. quality and speed of service						
g. Desire for customer satisfaction						
h. Ability to solve problems						
i. Pricing policy						
j. Range of products						
k. Technical details readily understandable	Î T				İ	
1. Areas of distribution						
m. A suggestion to enquire for further details						
n Space for Distributor's/Dealer's name and address						

	N/A	ΥE.	NO	FAR	?	ACT
1. Have we clearly defined those insects of the Enterprise an of its products, service, price, etc. which should form the fundamental theme of our promotional campaigns?						
2. Have we identified the "image" we wish to project?			_			\vdash
3. Tave we identified the mager purpose of our promotional appeal?		_		_	_	
4. Is our promotion strategy designed to:						
- Create interest and enquiry - Create immediate sales - Remind our name to the market	1	1	F		E	
- Freming out name to the market - Induce the market to experiment our		-	H			
product(s) - Foster a desire to change	上	上	上	上	士	上
- Re-capture lost customers	丰	丰	丰	丰	丰	#
- Stimulate market to impulse boying from as instead than from competitors	╀-	ļ _	╀-	1	╀-	╂
5. Before approving and launching the promo- tion campaign do we check that it:						
- Meets customer needs and wante - Is effectively carrying the theme	土	丰	‡	丰	丰	丰
- Is believable - Will capture market attention and inte-	†	†	†	1	1	
rest - Will be remembered - Will improve our image in the market	E	E	\pm	Ŧ		
6. Upon receiving enquiries, have we ascertained the form of promotion which may have indiced the enquiry?						_
7. Do we review our promotional budget at times other than the commencement of the financial year?						

l. On average how would a rate the attributes of my Person					1	ьось
nel:				F)	Alb	
		SATIS	ייתיי <i>א</i> א	N 2 V		
		, A I I I I	I KO I	11		
_		GO	CD			
	VERY C	COOD				
ACT EXCEPTION AVERAGE.						
a. Loyalty b. Enthusiasm						
c. Initiative						
d, Experience						
e. Integrity						
f. Self discipling						
g. Determination						
h. Co-operation						
i. Ambition j. Efficiency						
k. Effectiveness						
I. Leadership						
m. Application						
n. Attitude to superiors						
o. Attitude to subordinates						
		ES	NO	PAR	?	A CT
	1					
2. Is there any member of my Personnel that would not be willing to re-employ?	I					
3. Have all Personnel been informed, in wri	ting					
of the policies and objectives of the En						
P	····					
4. Have all Personnel been informed, in vri of their specific duties and responsibil	ting, ities?		:			
					L	



9. If yes, do we already have a succes

sor?

				1. V.14		
	N/A	Y ES	NO	₽A≅	٠:	۸ ′ ′ ′ ۱
l. In the competition to obtain the services of mood marketing personnel, in meneral do we make our appeal by comparison to other local companies?						
a. salaries						
b. bonuses						
a. profit sharing						
. pension scheme						
e. working conditions						
f. working hours						
r. work loads						
n. holidays						
i. amenities/facilities						
j. joh security				1		
k. projection prospects						
l. general atmosphere						
m. team spirit						

WGU 16	NI /A	YES	MO	DAR	?	ACT
	N/A	1 (26)	11(7	- A.V		
1. Do Salesmen waste Management time by transmitting superfluous and unusable information?						
2. Or, conversely, do not transmit essential information for Management action?	_					
3. If yes, are we planning to improve our reports from the field?						<u> </u>
4. Do our reports from the field show:	l l	l		Ì	1	1
- Value of Sales						
- Number of Sales						1
- Category of Sale						↓
- Sales Target per period		1_	1_	<u> </u>	 	4
- Attainments towards ${ t Tar}_{{f g}}$ et		1_	丄	 	↓_	┼
- Number of Calls made		_	1	1_	1_	
- Number of New Customers found		丄	1	4	-	
- Reason for No Sale		 	4	1	╂-	
- Length of each Contact		4-	+	╂	-	+-
- Quality of New Customers		4	╀	4	╁	+-
- Number and Dates of Call-Backs		\bot	1	_	1	
- New Accounts opened		╀	+	╁	┿	┿
- Name and Address of all Calls		4	4	╀	4-	
- Complaints		╀	4		+	+-
- Enquiries		4	4	_	4	4
- Request for Quotations		4-	+	+	┿	+-
- Progress on Enquiries		+	+	+	+	+
- Competitive Activity						

	N 'A	YES	110	FAR	?	ACT
 Are field reports some records resident and analysed to reveal: 						
- average cail rate						l
- average of of travelling time						
- average value of orders						
- muther of enquinter passed from sead Office						
 gonversion ratio of orders to ensura- ries 						
Are the boundaries of sales territories obearly defined?						
4 and same survey appointments salesmen?						
4. Do we know the "new bisiness" poten- tial in geographic weas into which we intend to expand:						
5. Tave we prepared a revision of sales territories in ancoras to with any pro- posed increase of salesmen within the next year?						
 h. If the major function of our salemmen is to obtain orders, do we nevertucles: auk them to make deliveries - sometimes at short notice? 						
7. If yes, have we studied the results of this form of delivery in terms of:						
- Effect upon a salesman's planning			_	1	<u> </u>	_
- Fifect of postponed or cancelled visits						
- Effect upon morale						
- Excuses for low level orders		↓_	┞	↓	├ ─	
- Lost orders	I	ĺ				

Mills 20				INC T		_
	N A	YES	ne	FAR	?	ACT
						1 7
 When we conduct a areeting training course, do we provide information upon all or any of the following: 						
a, the sales potential of our product(s)	L	_	_	1	1	+
b. the specific citerories of cistomers	1-	 	+	+-	+	+-
c. the market need for our product(s) and the reasons why distomers buy	1	+	+	+	+	+
d. information upon competitors' prices, features and methods	1	1	1	1	+	+
e. why we are different from our compe- titors	1	1	1	1	+	+
f. company policies - terms of trading, credit facilities, discounts, special orders, etc.	1	1	1	1	1	+
g. company ethics of trading and company objectives	1	1	1	+	+	+
h. reasons for our price structure	1	4	+	+	+	+
i. company support - Management, admini- stration and technical	1	1	+	+	+	+
j. the specific financial advactages of our product(s)	+	+	+	+	+	+
k. products' technical advantages	4	+	+	+	十	十
l. how to open the sales interview	+	+	+	+	十	+
m. the demonstration/presentation se-	1	4	4	+	+	+
n. the buying resistance that will be met and the answers to overcome them	4	4	4	+	+	+
o. closing techniques	4	4	4	+	-+	-+
p. use of visual aids	4	-+		4	+	-+
q. how to identify a "prospect" custo-	4	4		1	4	+
r. the value of time - the cost of making a sales call	1	4		H	4	4
s. the working territory	_	_		++		-+
t. number od oalls required	_		 	++	_	}
u. new account opening target			 	+-+	-	┯
v. the need for sales records and market information		<u> </u>	_	H	-	H
w. oall-back or follow-up procedures		<u></u>	<u></u>	11		1
x. instruction upon company documentation - reporting procedures, elc.	_		Ĺ	\coprod		$\boldsymbol{\mu}$
y. the need for information on competitive activity, unusual or new application, changes in demand, etc.	•					

	N/A	Y ES	NO	PAR	?	ACT
2. Have our marketing training methods undergone improvement within the last 12 months?						
3. If yes, have these improvements ob- tained the desired results?						
4. If no, what further revision should we consider?						
5. Do we have a small library of market— ing books for circulation to marketing personnel?						
6 or a recommended reading list of books that may be obtained from public libraries?						
7. Do we consider and use marketing reports as a means of identifying poseible weaknesses?						
8 and to provide material for marketing training?						
9. If our marketing resources are restrict ed, have we made a thorough evaluation of the consulting services that are available?						
10. Do our training procedures and tech- niques include: - company history					L	
- sales manual - manualised training course	₩	┼	┼	 	╀╴	
- visual aids	t	 	t	1	T	
- fole playing	Ĺ	1	仜			
- written tests	lacksquare	Ļ _	1_	 	╀	-
- projust training	╄	+-	+	+-	╀	
- a tour of the premises - meetings with executives from other	1-	+-	十	1	1	
departments				↓	╄	↓
- regular meetings after training		1_		 _	↓_	↓
- field training		1_	_	1_	1	
11. Could any of the above be introduced or adopted which would serve to reduce the length of training period or increase the effectiveness of the training?						
1 What is preventing us from applying them?						
13. Is time is the problem, sould any member of the Hamagement be called upon to assist? If yes, when?						

MCS 22						
	N/A	Y ES	NO	P A ⊮	?	ACT
1. If any aspect of the Company is lacking in efficiency, do we advise marketing personnel of the practical and econo- mic reasons why immediate remedial act- ion cannot be taken?						
2 and of the possible adverse effects if premature action were to be taken?						
3. As and when competitive activity shows signs of strengthening, do we promptly remind marketing personnel of the particular advantages of our product(s)?						
4. Are we accessible to marketing person- nel on the occasions when they most new guidance and advice?	d					
5. In our communications with our marketing personnel, written or verbal, do we usually convey optimism and enthusiasm?	e e					
6. Is marketing personnel made fully aware of the value of the accuracy of their reports?						
7. Do we express our appreciation when out standing results have been achieved?						
8. Do we seek suggestions from marketing personnel for ways and means improving our marketing policies, strategies and methods?						
9. If yes, do we advise those that may offer impractical suggestions of the reasons why they cannot be adopted?						
10. Als cur communications with marketing personnel of sufficient frequency to enable a rapid identification and correction of critical factors?						
11. As and when an established salesman is undergoing a period of low sales, do we:a. By discussion, let him analyse his						
own performance in detail? b. Mentally identify hie current fail ings and, by use of questions designed to guide his thinking, allow his to form the same conclusions?						

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	N 'A	Y E.S	NC.	11 A R	?	A I'
c. Inform him that he was effected his own care and that a him level of sales will now follow?						
12. Do we foster a team aparat between sales men?						
13. Do we promote a opirit of friendly ri- valry between salesmen?						
14. Do we stimulate a salesman by occasionally challenging him to attain above average results?						
15 and comple the challenge with some form of incentive?						
lo. Do we consict individual interviews or Area or National Marketine Meetings for any of the following reasons: - competitive activity						
- re-training		丄	┖	↓_	↓	↓
- drop in sales	╂┉╌	+-	╂╼	 	 	+
- new product launch - improvements in product/service	+	 	† –	+-	1	1
- new sales aids	1-	1	1	1	Ť	Î
- price changes		1				
- change in economic climate	1	I_	Ļ	1_	Į	ļ
- change in company policy	 	╂	╄	}	╫	+
- change in company structure	+-	+	十	† -	1	1
- change in system and or procedures - sustain morale	+	+-	† -	+	 	+
- guatan words	+	1	†	1	1-	1-
17. Prior to a meeting, do we request mark eting personnel to submit subjects which they would like to see included on the Agenda?						
18. After a meeting, do we request market- ing personnel to state which of the subjects covered they felt were of most benefit to them?						
1 Do we ensure at a marketing meeting thet: - no person is singled out for criticism						
- participation and opinions are obtained		1	T	4	↓	
- nemtive attitudes are dispelled	4	+-	+	+	+	+-
- enthusiasm is developed - confidence in the future is displayed	+-	+	╋	+-	+-	+-
	•					

	N/A	Y ES	NO	PAR	?	A C/T
1. Are sales tarmets set for salesmen?						
2. If yes, are the targets in line with those prevailing within competition?						
3. Are targets geared to a realistic level of sales?						
4. Should targets be subject to review and revision?						
5. Are incentives geared to sales tar- rets?						
6. If no, have we calculated the precise volume of sales required from each salesman?						
7 and considered an incentive payable upon sales obtained above this volume - paid monthly, quarter-ly or bi-annually?						
8. If bonusses and commissions are paid in addition to salary, are they a true incentive to produce more sales?						
native incentive scheme designed to achieve this?						

	n/a	Y ES	NO	PAR	?	ACT
1. Before production or introduction of a new product do we ascertain the following:						
a. potential consumers acceptability						
b. current market trends				ļ	-	
c. competitive products and prices						
d the basic and special features that the new product must possess						
e. the approximate selling price of the new product					_	
f. distributor/retailer acceptability						
n. alternative strategies of distribution	_			<u> </u>		
h. discounts						
i. credit terms and facilities						
j. the effect upon our present product range						
k. sales forecast			\Box		lacksquare	
1. area of distribution		<u> </u>				
m. potential share of the market				<u> </u>	ļ	
n. product launohing costs	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	丄	
o. total marketing costs in the first year						
p. the reaction of our own sales force						
2. Have we recently applied the above marketing research techniques to our present product range?						
3. Has anyone been given responsibility for						
marketing research and acquisition and	İ				1	
circulation of:						ſ
a. trade publications	4	4	1	4-	4	├ ─
b. trade association reports	+	4-	+	4-	+	┼—
o. market trend reports	4-	4	+-	╂—	+	╁─
d, new product reports	+	+	┿	+-	+	╁─
e. government publications concerning the market		1	1	1	\downarrow	1_
f. competitive literature						
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	N/A	Y ⊞D	МO	PAR	?	A CT
1. Before the launch of a new product, do wet						
a. establish the product's break-even point?						
b. prepare a cash flow forecast?	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
c. establish a marketing budget?					L	
. No we itemise and allocate expenses in line wit: the budget for:						
a. marketing personnel salaries	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			L	
b. salesmen's bonus/commissions	1	$oldsymbol{ol}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$	1_	<u> </u>	 	
c. travel expenses of marketing per- sonnel						
d. transport	 	1_	↓_	-	↓_	├—
e. distribution	1	1_	↓_	↓_	↓_	}
f. new product sales promotion campaign	1_	_	╀	↓_	↓_	├
g. new product sales training			1_	<u> </u>	↓_	ļ
h, advertising	1			1_		
i. catalogues						
j. direct mail					$oldsymbol{\perp}$	↓
k. packaging			+-	-	╀	┼
l. promotional displ ay s		4	+	+-	╂-	
m. press release		1	\bot	↓_	4	-
n. press conference			\bot	↓_	┸	↓
o. exhibitions			\perp		丄	
p. overhead alloostion			4	4	\downarrow	
3. Do we set target dates for action and completion of the above?					_	
4. Prior to the product launch, do we set up procedures to measure the effect upon the sales of our other products?						

		N/A	YES	ИО	PAR	?-	A OM
1.	Do we periodically review our market- ing communications documents?						
•	Do we periodically review the procedure for marketing instructions or communications?						
3.	Are any important communications over looked because they are not commutted to paper?						
4.	Do certain marketing documents contain items which are no longer applicable?						
5•	Is the information content in market- ing communications adequate?						
6.	To provide further control information and/or save time, should additional documentation be prepared?						
7.	Could certain forms be eliminated by incorporating the information into other existing documents?						
8.	In the light of experience, could the layout of certain documents be improved?						
١.	Are delays or errors in marketing strategy processing caused by incomplete information being received from other departments?						
10.	Do we have central communication marketing information system, into which information is placed for distribution and evaluation?						
11.	If no, would we benefit by introducing such a system?						
12.	Is our routing of marketing documentation periodically reviewed and revised?						
13.	Is marketing documentation coded to indicate the degree of priority?						
	and the need for feedback in- formation?						
14.	Do our control procedures enable speed dy identification of progress made?						

MCS 28	MARKE	TIN] C()H AUN	I CA	rion:
	N /A	Y ES	иО	PAR	?	A CT
15. Is market information documented and circularised as necessary to indi-cate:						
a. a delay is anticipated						
b. a delay has occurred						
c. total of delay to date						
d. department of present delay						
e. length of present delay					†	Ì
f. reason for present delay						
g. action taken						

EXPECTED EAFECTS IF ACTION IS NOT TAKEN	FACTORS THAT COHLD IMPEDE ACTION OR PROCRESS	SOHETHIE FOR AUTTON
NO EFFECT CRITICAL ADVERSE ALENATS PROMOTION STRAFEST	COMEDNICATIONS MANAGESENT PACILITIES KNOW-HOW FINANCE LABOUR	JA PE MA AF TT JT JY AT SECONO DE
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NARKETING PERSONNEL 13. PACKAGING		
TRANSPORTS		
NEW PRODUCTS 16. TRAINING		

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EXPECTED EFFECTS IF ACTION IS NOT TAKEN

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