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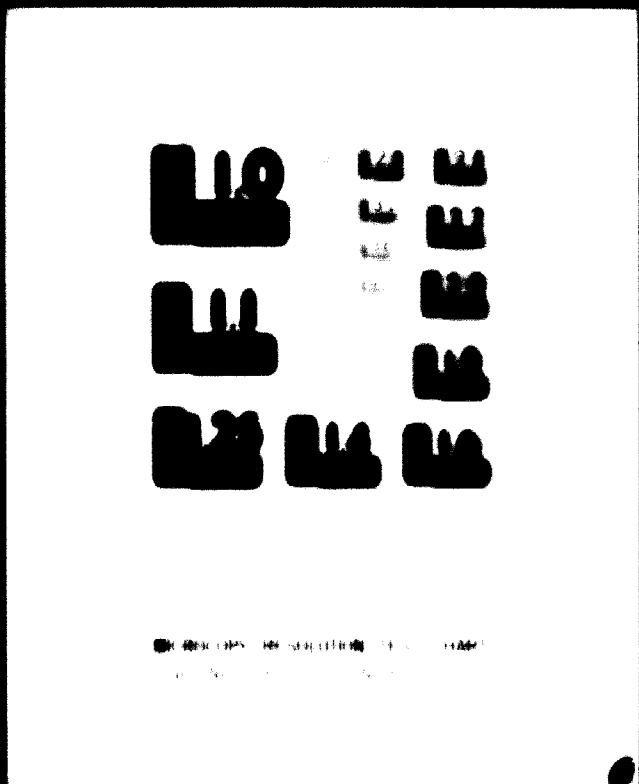
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Report no. 11/91
Project no. 810-730

[TEPCO FILECOPY]

~~Report no. 11/91~~

~~Report no. 11/91~~
~~by~~
~~Dr. Rutherford~~
~~Mr. Director Institute for Geo-~~
~~Environmental Research, Draft, version 4~~

~~intended for this project to enable evaluation
of recommended mitigating for unconsolidated~~

~~The extraction of pollutants
mitigation by using lime~~

~~Report no. 11/91~~ 000..0
~~Report date 10. 1991~~

Introduction

The Hong Kong manufacturing industries are almost wholly consumer products and exporting industries. The most important markets being the United States, the United Kingdom and the Federal Republic of Germany. In 1971, the value of Hong Kong general exports, has been in the region of US \$ 4 billion.

These exports included textiles (primarily garments), plastic articles, electrical equipment and transistored electronic, toys and metal products.

A very high percentage of these export products are manufactured to the specifications and instructions of the buyer of the importing country. Hong Kong industry acts as a contractor to the overseas importer. In this sense, that production doesn't start before the final agreement is received on all technical aspects of the packed products.

The Hong Kong manufacturing industries face now the approaching change to its market operations in this sense, that exports on detailed specifications to be foreseen to increase and hence the export by selling its selfdesigned products should increase in order to maintain the prosperity increase for Hong Kong.

Hong Kong manufacturing industry is consumer oriented and its markets are in the most economically advanced countries, where convenience is required and where the product more and more should sell itself because of the growing importance of the selfservice systems in retailing.

Modern, suitable and attractive packaging is essential for this purpose and as up till now the industry has paid little attention to this aspect, packaging services facilities are not sufficiently available.

The task of the reported mission has been ultimately to recommend the approach to improve the packaging awareness of the industry.

The recommendations are based on the results of a survey, executed during the consultancy period of the mission.

The mission involved:

- a) to ascertain the current and future needs of the Hong Kong manufacturing industry for promotional packaging design services for consumer products
- b) to examine the packaging industry in Hong Kong as well as other existing packaging design services available to Hong Kong industrialists
- c) to recommend how the available facilities of the Hong Kong packaging industry out of packaging design services could be improved, expanded or supplemented to meet current and future requirements of the manufacturing industry.

Problems section

The rise of Hong Kong's manufacturing industry has undoubtedly contributed to the overseas expansion based on the fact that Hong Kong is able to produce at very low costs.

The costs of Hong Kong products, which I might hasten to say, are far below those of similar products of comparable quality, make the import and distribution of this commodity extremely attractive.

This condition is largely due to the availability of low cost labour.

Three other areas of production have nothing to do with the same pole - South Korea, Taiwan and Singapore.

But prosperity is not the only factor in the industrialisation of Hong Kong will also depend heavily on the factors of location, the business to be the just mentioned other areas.

For the Hong Kong industrialised industries involved there are two ways to escape this danger. The simpler way is to shift to the other areas, to be able to adapt more fully to the market with the most favourable industrial conditions. Another way is to improve the facilities for such a shift over and improve production quality and effort and needs considerable vigilance from the government. It is observed that several industrial companies have already established facilities abroad for setting up of production areas.

However, for the Hong Kong industrialised industries an easier solution is not favourable, not only because it is expensive and is liable to do so, and moreover, the labour market will suffer the effect of a fall in the level of employment.

The other way to escape the danger of losing business is to stimulate the improvement of quality and the development of original design in products, including the packings.

There is a growing awareness of the need of product development and design. The awareness of the need of packaging development and design, however, is still nearly non-existent and so the big majority of the Hong Kong products needs tight packages, packaging in order to maintain its share in the overseas markets. Hong Kong should exert itself to the utmost to stimulate pack users and packaging

producers to use and produce modern, convenient and attractive packaging and packed products.

It is emphasized that this second way out of the business loosing threat is considered as the main solution. It is felt there is no other alternative approach.

All the recommendations of this mission has this goal in mind.

Recommendations

The given 16 recommendations cover the following subjects:

- on personnel and equipment - recommendation 5 and 6;
- on education and training in general terms - recommendation 8 and 9;
- on education and training in specific topics - recommendations 10, 14 and 15;
- on UNIDO Fellowships for young Hong Kong personnel - recommendation 7 (8 and 12);
- on UNIDO foreign experts - recommendation 13 and 15;
- on organization and operation of the packaging services (recommendation 11, 13 and 16).

1. The packaging centre of the Hong Kong Packaging Council should be equipped to be able to offer the Hong Kong industry sufficiently the needed packaging services.

This reinforcement, to be called the *packaging services* of the Centre, should be run as a completely bureau for the industry. Its operation should be aimed at self-sufficiency.

The packaging services involve

- Technical information, based on already available packaging knowledge in the world;
- Technical information, based on results of package testing;
- Coordination of activities of packaging training and education.

To branch these activities, the packaging centre and the Packaging Council will reach a level of knowledge and authority comparable with the Hong Kong Management Association.

This high level is favourable while it prevents unbalanced decisions, activities and visions, as packaging touches many aspects of production, trade and marketing.

2. ~~and the assessment of a number of packaging issues~~

high standards are:

- to develop and to maintain a standard packaging system and codes of
packaging practice;
 - to ensure that there is a clear link between the relevant law in packaging
 - to establish a code of practice covering the development and testing of the basic **code**
regarding the safety of products for very specific
 - to establish the code which covers the use of the packaging system in
the manufacturing, distribution, storage and handling of products by giving specific
instructions and guidelines some by the test type - such as techniques
conducting毒物試驗 (Determination of toxicity)
 - to be responsible for the preparation of the basic **recommendations**
regarding packaging practice, codes of practice and the **Code of Practice** of the Hong Kong
Code of Practice for industry
 - to establish and maintain a code of practice in the importation from **China**
and countries of origin and regulate Hong Kong Federation of Industries
in Hong Kong
 - be contact and to keep in touch with the packaging packaging industry
and packaging companies throughout the world
 - to be a general representative for the development of the packaging
industry of the country to the international market and Hong Kong for
Hong Kong industry.
- 3. should have the following qualifications:**
- a degree or diploma at a honours or equivalent, preferable in
chemical engineering
 - optional education, experience or interest in economics and/or
political economy
 - familiarity with Hong Kong industry
 - ~~over 5 years experience in packaging~~
 - knowledge in another tongue - English or Chinese
a reading knowledge of English and French is preferable,

• ~~percentage~~ of packaging to be sent to the packaging test centre by the
operator by ~~end~~ ~~1990~~ and the distribution of components including
specifications and their numbers.

• ~~percentage~~ of packaging to be sent to the operator and coordinate the nature of
packaging, sequences of the services.

• ~~by 1990~~ ~~the~~ ~~Code~~ ~~of~~ ~~Practice~~ ~~and~~ ~~Guidelines~~ ~~for~~ ~~the~~ ~~whole~~ ~~EU~~
packaging used for protection of the industry and trade.

• ~~standard~~ ~~specification~~ ~~for~~ ~~packaging~~ ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~EU~~ ~~with~~ ~~the~~ ~~same~~ ~~or~~ ~~a~~
~~similar~~ ~~procedure~~ ~~as~~ ~~now~~.

3. Recommended first step: ~~to~~ ~~carry~~ ~~out~~ ~~tests~~ ~~and~~ ~~to~~ ~~evaluate~~
~~packaging~~. The recommended first step is ~~carrying~~ ~~services~~ in ~~existing~~
~~laboratories~~ ~~available~~ ~~at~~ ~~modest~~ ~~levels~~ ~~based~~ ~~on~~ ~~the~~ ~~activities~~
~~of~~ ~~each~~ ~~country~~.

~~Right~~ ~~to~~ ~~use~~ ~~the~~ ~~equipment~~, ~~the~~ ~~recommendations~~ ~~gathered~~ ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~first~~ ~~stage~~
~~is~~ ~~recommended~~, ~~the~~ ~~value~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~work~~ ~~and~~ ~~the~~ ~~time~~ ~~for~~ ~~such~~ ~~reference~~
~~work~~. ~~Investment~~ ~~costs~~ ~~of~~ ~~different~~ ~~types~~ ~~and~~ ~~sizes~~ ~~of~~ ~~test~~
~~units~~ ~~is~~ ~~estimated~~ ~~as~~ ~~the~~ ~~4%~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~yearly~~ ~~turnover~~ ~~from~~ ~~typical~~
~~packaging~~ ~~structures~~ ~~in~~ ~~each~~ ~~country~~ ~~as~~ ~~the~~ ~~10%~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~turnover~~.

4. Recommended next step: the test ~~evaluating~~ ~~of~~ ~~packaging~~ ~~test~~ ~~and~~ ~~equipment~~
~~for~~ ~~evaluation~~ ~~of~~ ~~packaging~~ ~~and~~ ~~packaging~~ ~~elements~~ ~~actually~~ ~~offered~~,
~~produced~~ ~~and~~ ~~or~~ ~~used~~ ~~by~~ ~~the~~ ~~EU~~ ~~industry~~. ~~Recommend~~ ~~to~~ ~~carry~~ ~~the~~
~~evaluation~~ ~~in~~ ~~two~~ ~~phases~~. ~~The~~ ~~first~~ ~~one~~ ~~contains~~ ~~the~~ ~~necessary~~ ~~simple~~
~~apparatus~~, ~~costing~~ ~~approx.~~ ~~10%~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~turnover~~. ~~The~~ ~~second~~ ~~phase~~ ~~for~~ ~~testing~~
~~of~~ ~~more~~ ~~advanced~~ ~~packaging~~ ~~properties~~, ~~with~~ ~~cost~~ ~~additionally~~
~~decreasing~~. ~~This~~ ~~second~~ ~~step~~ ~~should~~ ~~be~~ ~~undertaken~~ ~~when~~ ~~non-EU~~
~~industry~~ ~~is~~ ~~asked~~ ~~for~~ ~~assurance~~ ~~that~~ ~~the~~ ~~equipment~~ ~~can~~ ~~be~~ ~~used~~ ~~fully~~. ~~It~~ ~~is~~ ~~not~~ ~~possible~~ ~~to~~ ~~give~~ ~~an~~ ~~exact~~ ~~time~~ ~~for~~ ~~the~~ ~~second~~
~~step~~. ~~The~~ ~~hanging~~ ~~centre~~ ~~and~~ ~~the~~ ~~sector~~ ~~of~~ ~~packaging~~ ~~services~~ ~~can~~
~~detect~~ ~~for~~ ~~itself~~ ~~the~~ ~~appropriate~~ ~~time~~.
It ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~correct~~ ~~time~~ ~~to~~ ~~begin~~ ~~the~~ ~~negotiations~~ ~~for~~ ~~the~~ ~~second~~ ~~phase~~.
~~When~~ ~~too~~ ~~many~~ ~~test~~ ~~orders~~ ~~have~~ ~~to~~ ~~be~~ ~~sent~~ ~~over~~, ~~on~~ ~~successive~~ ~~days~~, ~~so~~

~~the~~ ~~order~~ ~~is~~ ~~not~~ ~~fulfilled~~

It is also important to note that the *Yeast* genome contains many genes that have been shown to be involved in various cellular processes.

4. It is recommended that the Viasat 1 satellite be used to provide the services to the European continent. The Viasat 1 satellite will be able to provide the required services to Europe.

5. It is recommended that the Viasat 1 satellite be used to provide the services to the European continent. The Viasat 1 satellite will be able to provide the required services to Europe.

6. It is recommended that the Viasat 1 satellite be used to provide the services to the European continent. The Viasat 1 satellite will be able to provide the required services to Europe.

7. It is recommended that the Viasat 1 satellite be used to provide the services to the European continent. The Viasat 1 satellite will be able to provide the required services to Europe.

8. It is recommended that the Viasat 1 satellite be used to provide the services to the European continent. The Viasat 1 satellite will be able to provide the required services to Europe.

The second month Viasat 1 satellite will be providing services to Europe and the third month Viasat 1 satellite will be providing services to Europe and Japan.

The Viasat 1 satellite will be providing services to Europe and Japan.

• 100 •

13. A good start in industrial design education on university level has been made in the Department of extramural studies of the Chinese University of Hong Kong and of the University of Hong Kong. The need of packaging design education on this level in Hong Kong asks for not more than one university to take care of. Both universities being excellently staffed for the subject and possessing good views on packaging design education, it is difficult to recommend one. Nevertheless the consultant feels a slight preference for the courses of the University of Hong Kong. Their views on packaging education already precipitated incomplete opinions about the incorporation of the education of package development in product development education.
14. Recommend to stimulate the development of the education on packaging design on secondary technical level at the technical school. The views of the staff of the Industrial Design Department about packaging design and engineering education meet the opinion of incorporating it in the industrial design education.
15. On primary school level, the need in the future might be the education on packaging machine operators. If it will occur, it is recommended to stimulate the development of this education at the Harrison Hill Technical Institute. This school is well equipped to do so.

16. assessed the following organisational situation of the recharging services and its activities. The underlined sections are considered within the context of this mission. The sections marked with * are proposed new activities

Hong Kong University
Technical school
Morrisen Hall Techia Inst.

Hong Kong Federation of Industries

Hong Kong Marketing Council

Hong Kong Chamber of Commerce

Hong Kong Export Council

Hong Kong Information Exchange Bureau

Hong Kong Trade Association

Hong Kong Training Institute

Hong Kong Trade Promotional Board

Recommendations

a. **Quality Control** - It is recommended that quality control be strengthened by increasing the number of inspectors and increasing the frequency of inspection. This will help to ensure that the quality of the product is maintained at a high level.

b. **Production Process** - The production process should be modified to include more automation. This will reduce the cost of production and increase efficiency. The production process should also be monitored closely to ensure that it is operating correctly. This will help to prevent any potential problems from occurring. The production process should also be reviewed periodically to identify any areas that can be improved. This will help to ensure that the product is produced to the highest standards of quality and safety.

c. **Quality Control** - It is recommended that quality control be strengthened by increasing the number of inspectors and increasing the frequency of inspection. This will help to ensure that the quality of the product is maintained at a high level. The production process should also be monitored closely to ensure that it is operating correctly. This will help to prevent any potential problems from occurring. The production process should also be reviewed periodically to identify any areas that can be improved. This will help to ensure that the product is produced to the highest standards of quality and safety.

d. **Quality Control** - It is recommended that quality control be strengthened by increasing the number of inspectors and increasing the frequency of inspection. This will help to ensure that the quality of the product is maintained at a high level. The production process should also be monitored closely to ensure that it is operating correctly. This will help to prevent any potential problems from occurring. The production process should also be reviewed periodically to identify any areas that can be improved. This will help to ensure that the product is produced to the highest standards of quality and safety.

e. **The following recommendations might be improved or strengthened**

Marketing Information

- **Marketing Information and Performance Monitoring** - information, sales activity, sales target and market forecast should be available to monitor the sales performance of the products to assess the sales strategy and the product's marketing performance. For these products simple and practical performance monitoring.

Packaging Facility

Packaging facilities - packaging facilities may be required. This may be required to be established by customers for handling the physical properties of these products or such open ended packaging facilities may be required to ensure the safe and protection of products used in food packaging.

Packaging Guidelines and Training

To ensure proper implementation of packaging instructions, the value of packaging for the safety of food products has to be taught. The education and training must be an element of packaging development and design to allow consumers with product development and design.

The Development of Preserved Food

The export of convenient packaged Chinese food products by only possible with suitable packaging, as would demand for these products other food items to packaging and as quality food production be potentiality present in Hong Kong preserved Chinese food products may contribute to the image building of Hong Kong industries.

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and the survey has been the chief figure of the Department, and one of the most valuable acquisitions made.

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中華書局影印

Image generators

— 2 —

Engineering

• 90 •

To choose a good sample, from nearly every plant, hedge, and tree
and the best of each selected. This had been done considering that
any of the 100 specimens, which were then left, by any
means, he considered it to be under him, and responsible for
any of the total report.

The described mechanism, however, may have been based on a consideration of the interplay between recruitment and replacement and suggested that the recruitment of new individuals into the population should be minimized.

that the individual components - the starting, training, educational and organizational facilities have been surveyed. The survey contained 20 questions on the management and staff and an evaluation of the power supplied to inappropriate packaging training and education in existing facilities.

See Appendix A: List of relevant companies, institutions and bodies.

Appendices: A. List of recommended laboratory equipment.

B. List of recommended packaging literature and
of packaging periodical subscriptions.

C. List of companies, Institutes and bodies and
persons, involved in the survey.

Appendix AList of recommended laboratory equipmentTransport packaging testing

Although not included in the mission's survey, the following extention of the equipment is recommended:

| Apparatus | Standard | Estimated costs in US\$ | Manufacturer |
|--|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| heavy drop floor* | | | part of building |
| Mechanically operated free fall tester | ASTM D755 | 2,000 | D.K. |
| Incline impact tester | ASTM D880-63T | 1,000 | Workshop, Information ASTM |
| mechanical compression tester | ASTM D642 | 9,000 | Tinius Olsen |
| Strapping and stapling devices | | 2,000 | |
| Total US\$ 12,000 | | | |

*To be constructed right under the free fall tester to prevent propagation of shocks of fallen packs through the building.

Proptional packaging

Pulling Creep tester
Thermocell gun

Test equipment

| Apparatus | Standard | Estimated costs in £ | Supplier |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Heatsink apparatus | | 400 | Pathe |
| Pulling dart tester | ASTM D 710 type | 600 | Pathe |
| Gaspermeability of flexible packaging materials | | 1,000 | Manufacture of printed bags for packaging foodstuffs Bags |
| Water vapour permeability meter | ASTM D 471 ASTM D 347-51 | 1,200 | Pathe |
| Electromagnetic Cryptable | | 600 | Pathe |
| Vacuum packaging apparatus | | 1,000 | Pathe |
| 3 Psychrometers | | 600 | Pathe |
| Total 1st phase | | £ 5,600 | |

Test equipment 2nd phase

| Apparatus | Estimated costs in £ | Supplier |
|---|----------------------|---|
| Climate box | 1,000 | Pathe |
| Small electronic compression tester | 12,000 | Pathe |
| Deep freezer box | 600 | Manufacture of printed bags for packaging foodstuffs |
| Refrigerator | 200 | Manufacture of printed bags for packaging foodstuffs |
| Laboratory heatseal tester | 3,000 | Pathe |
| Gaschromatograph + Integrator + sampling device | 1,000 | Pathe |
| oxy recorder | 2,100 | Pathe |
| Total 2nd phase | £ 21,500 | |

Equipment material testing

| Equipment | existing | To obtain | | Standard costs in US\$ | Manufacturer |
|--|----------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| | | 1st phase costs in US\$ | 2nd phase estim. costs in US\$ | | |
| Air conditioning | yes | | | | |
| Dry bag stretcher | yes | | | | |
| electronic tensile tester | yes | | | | |
| merging strength tester | yes | 1,400 | | | TAPPI 810 Su-66 Monargy |
| runiture tester | yes | 1,400 | | | ASTM D781-59T CE |
| flat span tester | yes | 1,000 | | | ASTM D1225-54 TMI |
| Set after- absorption tester (Gebor-test) | yes | 200 | | | TAPPI T441 OS-63 Workshop information TA'PI |
| stiffness testing device | | | yes ¹⁾ | 750 | L & W |
| ring breaker | | | yes | 750 | HIMA |
| | | US\$ 4,000 | | US\$ 1,500 | |

¹⁾ Test device to be mounted on existing electronic tensile tester

Budgetization of funds involved in the recommended laboratory equipment

| | 1st phase | 2nd phase |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Transport packaging testing | 180,- | 180,- |
| Romotional packaging testing | 180,- | 180,- |
| Packaging material testing | 180,- | 180,- |

Addresses of manufacturers

- D&D** = Döbel v.t. Konyar International Co., P.O. Box 11-1448, Bursa, Turkey
- Workshop** = To construct in our workshop, given test facilities are only based on the costs of the required test materials
- Tinius Olsen** = Tinius Olsen testing machine co., Willow Grove, Pennsylvania, USA
- Patura** = N.V. Machinefabriek "Verhaar-Tina" - Dordrecht, Holland
- Becker** = Becker Delft N.V., Witlaan 114, Delft, Holland
- Phioss** = Weismarwerkstaten für Mess- und Regeltechnik Göttingen, West Germany
- A & G** = Krämer und Strobel, Maschinen und Modellefabrik 3662 Wettbergen, Baden, West Germany
- H&H** = Hewlett and Packard, 1440 16th Street, Emeryville, Ave. California 94541, USA
- Zophy** = Koel en Bouw Techniek, 11, Zoetermeer, Holland
- B&W** = Borlitzens & Wilhelms Maschinenfabrik Borg 49006-10, 75 Stockholm 40, Sweden
- Electrolux** = Electrolux, S-100-45, Stockholm, Sweden
- Lhomag** = Lhomag machines d'essais
3, rue de Belleville 75 - Bruxelles, Belgium
- GE** = General Electric Inc.,
159 Madison Avenue, New York, New Jersey 100-16, USA
- FMI** = Testing Machines Inc.,
400 Bayview Avenue, Anthonyville, New York 11707, 516/590-1400 USA
- PIRA** = PIRA, Leatherhead, Surrey, England

Figure 1. A schematic diagram of the experimental setup used to measure the thermal conductivity of the samples.

| Category | Description | Value | Source |
|--|--|-------|--------------|
| Wanted People | Deutsche Bank Leader vs. Meow Feline | 7 | Legal Tech |
| Search and Seizure | Bank Teller - Money Laundering | 100 | Legal Tech |
| See more Transparency | Years of Tax Evasion | 100 | Transparency |
| Want People (monthy) | Transparency - Hong Kong | 40 | Transparency |
| Wanted People (monthy) | Shoe Thieves vs. Shoe Lovers - 5 | 100 | Legal Tech |
| Search and Seizure (monthy) | ● The White House vs. NSA - 100 | 100 | Legal Tech |
| See more Transparency (monthy) | Same address as above - Hong Kong | 25 | Legal Tech |
| Partying (monthy) | Underground Party - Hong Kong | 5 | Legal Tech |
| Partying Supporting | Customers need stamps | 25 | Legal Tech |
| Major Price and Point Converter (monthy) | The South China Sea | 10 | Legal Tech |
| Price Tagging Categories (monthy) | The Sun, The Moon, The Stars | 10 | Legal Tech |
| Price Tagging Categories (monthy) | Honest Customers - Price, and Anti-Competitive Market Structure | 10 | Legal Tech |
| Price Tagging Categories (monthy) | Films, Standardized Books, Copyright Infringement, Piracy, Copyright | 40 | Legal Tech |

| Name | Publisher | Author | Date | Language |
|---|---|---|------|----------|
| Child Abuse: A Manual for Health Professionals | Child Abuse: A Manual for Health Professionals | Child Abuse: A Manual for Health Professionals | 1980 | English |
| Proceedings: Annual Meeting of the American Academy of Pediatrics | Proceedings: Annual Meeting of the American Academy of Pediatrics | Proceedings: Annual Meeting of the American Academy of Pediatrics | 1980 | English |
| Health Information Handbook | Health Information Handbook | Health Information Handbook | 1980 | English |
| Handbook of Clinical Medicine | Handbook of Clinical Medicine | Handbook of Clinical Medicine | 1980 | English |

| Name | Publisher | Author | Date | Language |
|---|---|---|------|----------|
| American Academy of Pediatrics: Recommended Testing Methods | American Academy of Pediatrics: Recommended Testing Methods | American Academy of Pediatrics: Recommended Testing Methods | 1980 | English |
| APPI Standards: (Testing methods; specifications; recommended practices) | APPI Standards: (Testing methods; specifications; recommended practices) | APPI Standards: (Testing methods; specifications; recommended practices) | 1980 | English |
| Modern Radiology: Diagnostic Imaging Book 1 (Yearly) | Modern Radiology: Diagnostic Imaging Book 1 (Yearly) | Modern Radiology: Diagnostic Imaging Book 1 (Yearly) | 1980 | English |
| Modern Radiology: Diagnostic Imaging Book 2 (Yearly) | Modern Radiology: Diagnostic Imaging Book 2 (Yearly) | Modern Radiology: Diagnostic Imaging Book 2 (Yearly) | 1980 | English |

- ① included in a subscription on the preferred modern test set
 ② included in a subscription on the preferred modern teaching

| Author | Number of pages | Estimated Price | Language |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Barlow, W. H. | 479 | 17.50 | English |
| Battsworth, R. J., et al. | | | |
| de Ruysser, F. | | | |
| London, Street, Britain | | | |
| Barraud, Jean-Louis, Pappo, Brigitte | 654 | 10.00 | French |
| Brundtland, Gro Harlem | | | |
| de Vries, A. J., van der Heijden, J. | 591 | 1.00 | Dutch |
| Barraud, Jean-Louis + Kent, Michael, et al. | 114 | 1.00 | French |
| de Haan, Henk + Kot, Jacobus, et al. | | | |
| van den Bosch, G. | 968 | 5.00 | German |
| Beijer, <i>see</i> Beijer, K. | | | |
| Blanken and Sons, London, U.K. | 590 | 6.75 | Dutch |
| Blanken and Sons, London, U.S.A. | 977 | 11.75 | English |
| Bruegel, Magdalena, Berlin | 278 | 14.00 | Dutch |
| London Party, <i>see</i> London, J. | | | |
| de la S, Domingo, Lopez, Anchorena, et al. | 467 | Free | English |
| London, New York, U.S.A. | | | |
| Barraud, Jean-Louis, London, U.K. | 420 | 25.00 | Dutch |
| Barthes, R., <i>see</i> Barthes, Roland | 531 | 27.50 | French |
| Beaufort Publishing Corp., New York, U.S.A. | 605 | 40.00 | Dutch |
| Beaver Publishing Corp., Amsterdam, The Netherlands | 507 | 14.00 | English |
| Compagnie Française d'Actions | 503 | 21.00 | French |
| 12 Rue de l'Élysée, Paris, France | | | |
| Von-Weizsäcker, Bielefeld, Germany | 522 | 26.50 | German |
| de Tocqueville | | | |
| Johnson & Co., Ltd. | 974 | 14.00 | Dutch |
| 100-200, Great Portland Street, | | | |
| London, W.C.1, Great Britain | | | |
| Business Information, Ltd., London, U.K. | 171 | 3.75 | Dutch |
| Business Marketing, Darmstadt, Germany | 160 | 13.25 | German |
| Van Den Berg, Stuttgart, Germany | 950 | 7.50 | German |
| Van Hollander, Ltd., 17 Finsbury High | 790 | 17.50 | Dutch |
| Street, London, E.C.2, Great Britain | | | |
| Porter Publishing Corp., Long Beach, | 440 | 11.50 | Dutch |
| California, U.S.A. | | | |
| Sell and Son, Ltd., London, U.K. | 190 | 11.50 | Dutch |
| Barberworth Scientific Publications | | | |
| London, Street, Britain | | | |
| Van den Berg, Household Corp., New York | 240 | 15.00 | Dutch |
| U.S.A. | | | |

| Title | Publisher | Author |
|--|------------------|--|
| Book on Packaging Film | 1967 | Edited by Prof. P. Müller |
| Stringer Handbook (1) | 1963 | W. Stringer |
| Industrial Packaging | 1966 | P. J. Dunn & R. Jones |
| Properties and Test-Properties | 1964 | W. und W. Klemm & G. Schmitz (Eds.) |
| Handbook der Material- und Fertigungsverarbeitung | 1966 | Metzendorf, Römer |
| Fundamentals of Packaging | 1962 | P. J. Dunn |
| Packaging Materials and Containers | 1967 | P. J. Dunn |
| Packaging Plastics | 1964 | Robert E. Long |
| Handbook prepared by Manufacturers (3rd edition) | 1965 | S. A. S. Standard Paper Manufactury Co., Inc. |
| The Technology of Plastic and Applications to Packaging | 1965 | G. Haase, G. Hedges and D. Mac- millan (Eds.) |
| Handbook of Adhesives | 1963 | Loewy, Schatz |
| Adhesion and Adhesive Technology | 1967 | R. Reinhold and J. Schäffer |
| Handbuch der technischen Festigkeitslehre | 1965 | Walter B. Pauli |
| Polymerization, Preparation and Characterization of Thermoplastic | 1966 | John R. Douglas |
| Packaging in Glass | 1963 | Walter Riedel |
| The Recent Advances | 1961 | E. J. Lippmann |
| Stability and Reaction | 1962 | G. Agrenius |
| Plastics, History and Future | 1966 | R. M. Linton |
| Packaged and Bulk Reactive Compounds | 1966 | J. A. Green and R. Fletcher |
| Adhesive Materials, Their Properties and Usage | 1964 | Loewy, Schatz |
| Paper and Board in Packaging | 1963 | W. Schmitz-Freytag |
| Encyclopedic Packaging (monograph) | 1964 | Brough & Chapman |
| Plastics Film Technology | 1966 | W. Schmitz-Freytag |

Appendix C

~~list of companies, institutions and bodies, visited and persons met~~**Companies**

| | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| Amoy Cannery Corp. (Ltd.) Ltd. | Mr. Graham C.H. Cheng | Manager |
| Amo Polyethylene Mfg. & Trading Co. Ltd. | Mr. Ng Sam | Management |
| | Mr. Wong | |
| Atlanta Paper Products Ltd. | Mr. Chan On | Manager |
| Atlas Electronics Corp. Ltd. | Mr. K.M. Pang | Manager administration |
| Bon Bon Steamers Co. | Mr. Stuart Reacock | Cargo supervisor |
| Candy Novelty Works Ltd. | Mr. Chan Kuen | Managing director |
| China Can Co. Hk., Ltd. | Mr. Alexander C.S. Shung | Manager |
| | Prof. H.N. Tseng | Manager |
| Dowell & Co. | Mr. Melvyn Muspratt-Williams | Packaging and Design coordinator |
| Graphic Communication Co. | Mr. H. Steiner | Managing director |
| Hagener (Far East) Ltd. | Mr. J.B.M. Litmaath | Export manager |
| Harold Kittoes Ltd. | Mr. Andrew K.S. Yu | Manager |
| Hop Cheong Hoong Can Mfg. & lithographic Pty. | Mr. Leung | Plant manager |
| Hop Wo Hoong | Mr. Ho | Manager |
| Koochit Chemical products Ltd. | Mr. Karel J. Schoemaker | Managing director |
| Hong Kong Industrial Co. Ltd. | Mr. Willie W.L. Yip | Plant manager |
| Hong Kong & Bouleau Hort & Gedam Co. Ltd. | Mr. N.H.G. Forsgate | General manager |
| | Mr. Michael J. Jones | Administration manager |
| | Mr. Bland | Commercial manager |
| | Mr. Meadows | Engineering manager |
| | Mr. Otto R. Shen | Liaison officer |
| Hong Kong Babywhite Pean Pty. Co. Ltd. | Mr. Lui | Manager |

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| Hong Kong Soya Bev Products Co. Ltd. | Mr. F.S. Lo | General manager Beverages Division |
| | Mr. Winston Lo | Manager Quick Foods Division |
| I.C.I. (Hong Kong) Ltd. | Mr. Christian Mr. Parkinson | General manager Chief Plastics Division |
| Jan Sin Kee Garment Mfg. Co. Ltd. | Mr. K.L. Tam | Assistant Managing Director |
| Kader Industria Co. Ltd. | Mr. Dennis H.S. Ting | Director and Sub manager |
| | Mr. Ku | Head Art. Design Dep. |
| | Mr. Ng | Head business Dep. |
| Kwung Sang (Lung Kee) Pty. | Mr. Wong | Manager |
| Lahey & Co. Inc. South East Asia buying Office | Mr. Milton S. Teodorovich | Assistant manager |
| Moyer Mfg. Co. Ltd. | Mr. Stanley K. Cheng | Manager Business Development |
| | Mr. Chan | Staff member |
| | Mr. H.T. Lam | Designer |
| Minnesota (Sh) Far East Ltd. | Mr. Phillips Wong | Sales manager |
| | Mr. Peter T.C. Lo | Marketing coordinator |
| | Mr. Godfrey Lam | Marketing coordinator |
| | Mr. Louis Lee | Sales representative |
| Modern Printing Equipment Ltd. (Division of Dürkheim-Tetterode NV) | Mr. J. Ockers | Managing director |
| Perfekta Enterprise Ltd. | Mr. Wing Chai Young | Director |
| | Mr. Edmund K.S. Young | Technical manager |
| Peter Ho Mfg. Ltd. | Mr. Peter Ho Ang | Managing Director |
| Promotors Ltd. | Mr. Raymond Kee | Managing director |
| | Mr. Robert Yang | Director |
| Qualitas Industrial Co. Ltd. | Mr. Dennis H.S. Ting | Director & Manager |
| | Mr. Chow | Plant manager |

| | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Sonoco Industries Ltd. | Mr. T. H. Chan | Product Line Development Manager |
| Sonoco Industries (Asia) Ltd. | Mr. G. C. Wong | Production & Development Manager |
| | Mr. Y. Li | Product Line Development |
| | Mr. S. L. Wong | Quality Control |
| Sunbeam Baby & Child Products Pty. Ltd. | Mr. A. Wu | Marketing |
| Pang Daan Beechwood Ltd. | Mr. Stephen Chang Chairman | Marketing |
| | Mr. Alexander Tang | Production & Development Manager |
| Prudential Trustee Co. | Mr. Thomas S.Y. Lee | Management & Administration Head Public Relations |
| Trans World Electronics Ltd. | Mr. Stephen S.Y. Wong | Customer Relations & General Affairs |
| 3M Far East Corporation | Mr. Dennis Y. Lam | Marketing Department |
| Hong Kong Woolen Corp. Ltd. | Mr. Y. Li | Manager |
| Winnex Ltd. | Mr. Lam | Business |
| Winnex Food Products Co. | Mr. Stanley Wong | Buying, developing |
| | Mr. K. L. Lam | Production manager |
| 3M Pang Paper Bagging Pty. | Mr. Ho | Production manager |
| Longzidong Import & Exp. Co. Ltd. | Mr. Chan | Product Manager |

Industry, Trade, etc.

Government Department of Economic
Development

Mr. K.W. Chaffin

Trade Inspector

Department of Commerce and Industry

Mr. C.Y. Chung

Director

Mr. C.Y. Chung

Assistant Director

Chinese Chamber of Commerce - Hong Kong
of Hong Kong (Chairman)

Mr. James Ng Wai Shu

Chairman, President

Mr. Peter Wong

Vice Chairman

Mr. George Ho Yiu

Executive Secretary

Mr. Alan Cheung

Deputy Chairman

Confederation of Hong Kong Industries
(C.C.H.K.I.)

Mr. T.A. Lee

Chairman, C.C.H.K.I.

Mr. S.P. Pang

Chairman, Marketing

Mr. T.M. Chan

Secretary

Mr. Alan Fook

Marketing Secretary

Hong Kong Management Association

Mr. Chung Yuen

Executive Director

Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce

Mr. Ngan Siu He

Secretary

Hong Kong Productivity Institute

Mr. Chik Kin Wong

Head of Operations

Hong Kong Trade Development
Council

Mr. Edward D. Bailey

Executive Director

Mr. Pauline Lee Bailey

Deputy Director

Mr. Alan Fook

Deputy Director

Mr. Alan Fook

Deputy Director

Hong Kong Ministry of Defense
Bureau Department

Mr. John C. Prescott

Head Industrial

Bureau General

Hong Kong Technical College

Mr. David Wu

Engineering and Design

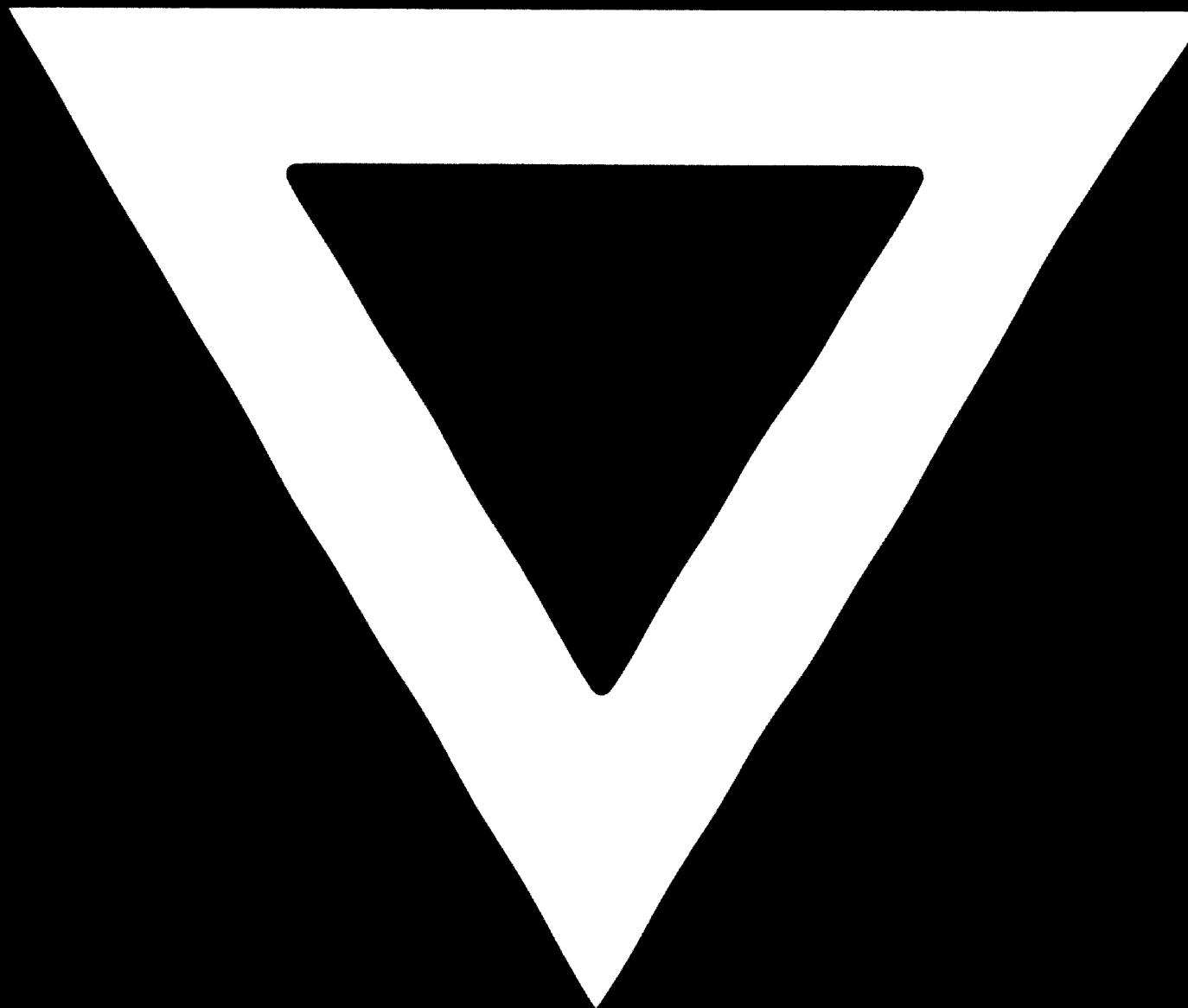
Department

Hong Kong Technical Institute

Mr. Lawrence Lai

Administrator

G - 559



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