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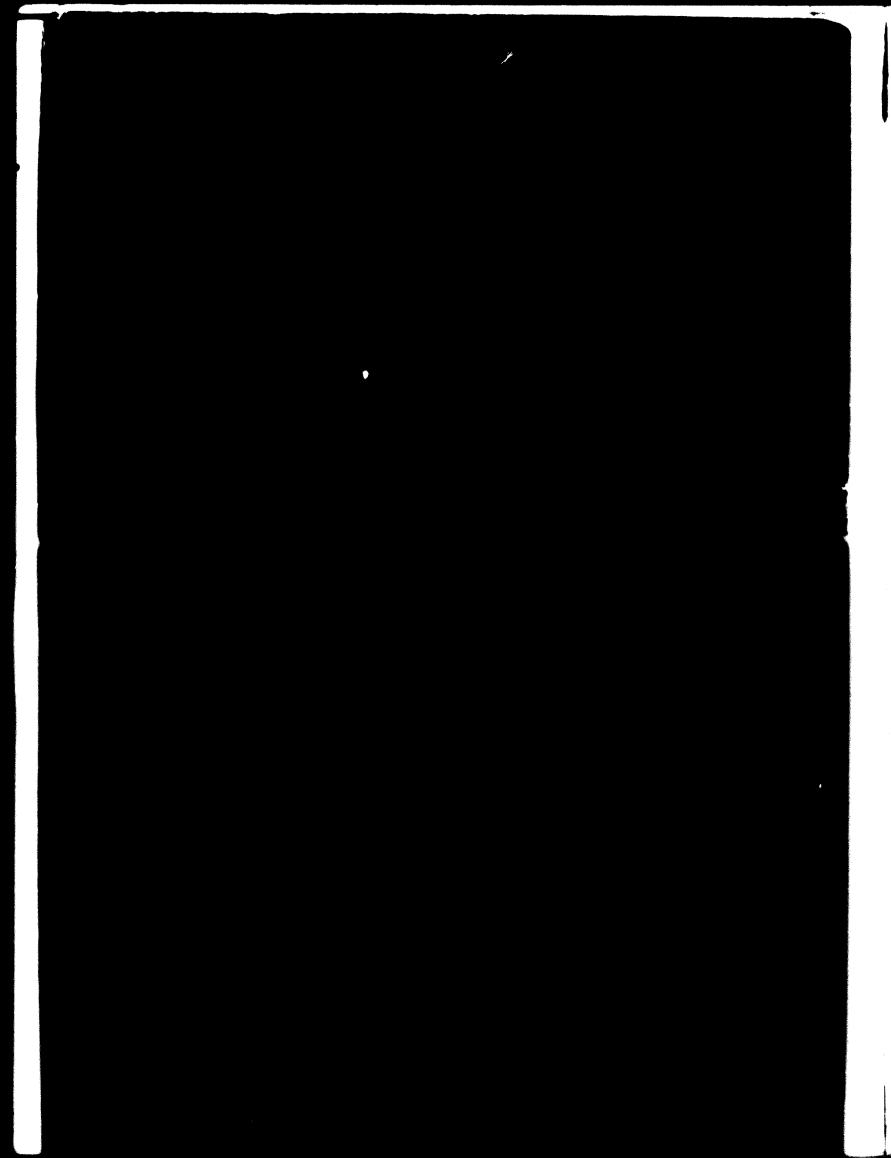
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United Nations Industrial Development Organization

Third Asian Neeting to Promote Industrial Projects Evala Lumpur, Malaysia, 14-21 November 1973

Project Information Sheet

Maria (Maria)

COMMENT

Republic of Korea

PROJECT

Manufacture of fixed resistors Capacity: 120 million pieces per year Total Investment: US\$ 875,000

Equity
Know-how/Licence

Sponsored by: The Bosnowic Commission for Asia and the Far Bost (20AFS) and the United Nations Industrial Development Organisation (UNIDO).

INCOME TOTAL

The basis purpose of this meeting is to provide an Embange or Emrhet Place for the initiation of contacts on specific industrial projects between their proponents from the Asian countries and potential suppliers of capital, finance, equipment or know-how, as the case may be, from the industrialised countries.

This Project Information Shoot has been prepared as a basic for such contacts. Its purpose is not to present detailed information about the project but to provide the recipient with an outline sufficient to determine tentative interest in principle. Any further evaluable information on the project will be furnished on request to interested parties at the Neeting.

Experience has shown that industrialists frequently prefer to easyly out their own further investigations in detail into projects in which they are interested, but assistance from UNIDO in these antters can be rendered to the Asian country concerned on request.

This Information Shoot contains only the information supplied to USESO by the proponent of the Project. USESO can therefore take no responsibility for its accuracy.

RESISTORS

I. INTRODUCTION

The Project

The electronics industry in Korea is rapidly expanding. Under a long-term plan, it is intended to set up a number of component factories to substitute for those components now being imported. It is preposed to establish a factory for the manufacture of fixed resistors with an annual capacity of 120 million pieces.

The Proponent

Fine Instruments Center, Secul, (Government Agency for the promotion of the electronics industry in Korea).

Government Attitude

The encouragement of the electronics industry in Korea was initiated by the Government in 1969. The electronics industry is highly emphasised as a strategic export industry and an eight-year development plan was made to assist in expanding its production and to develop the necessary techniques. In 1971 Korea exported US\$68,505,000 worth of electronic components, second only to textile exports. Therefore the Korean Government considers the prospects of this industry very positive and it will grant full support to electronics firms. A number of attractive incentives will be granted (see IV).

II. COMMENCIAL ASPECTS

In 1971 the total domestic consumption of fixed resistors was 40 million pieces, worth US\$278,000. Thirty million pieces, worth US\$198,000 were produced locally. Ten million pieces were imported. The consumption in Korea is estimated to double in 1972 to 80 million pieces, value US\$500,000.

Exports in 1971 were 71 million pieces, value US\$291,000. Export projection estimated for 1972: 120 million pieces, value US\$500,000.

Prices	UBA per 1.000 pieces 7.00	
Present price		
Target price	5.30	
Import price	3.00	

III. PHYBICAL ASPECTS

Location

Kumi Industrial Estate, Korea, or another convenient location.

Land and Buildings

Land:

30,000 sq. ft,

Buildings; 20,000 sq. ft.

Labour

Workers of all skills are readily available. Wages per month, Will as of August 1971:

Technicians:

Mantena 92, Minimum 40, Average 57

Workers:

Maximum 39, Minister 17, Average 23

Pan Materials

New materials will have to be imported mainly from Japan.

Infrastructure

The plant will be located in an industrial estate. Therefore, is has easy access to all infrastructural facilities.

Philipies

Electricity:

UB\$0.019 per kWh

Waters

US\$0.034 per m/ten

IV. MECHANIC ASPECTS

Importance

There are about 200 electronics firms in Korea with a limited range of products. The planned target is to expand the local supply to substitute for imports. Therefore, key component factories are required, also for the purpose of increasing the value added.

Incentives

A number of incentives are granted under the Foreign Capital Inducement Law to export industries and import substitution industries with foreign investment components. They include: exemption for five years from corporation tax, income tax, property tax and property acquisition tax.

A 50% reduction of these taxes for the ensuing three years is allowed.

Customs duties on capital goods to be imported for investment purposes and on raw materials for the manufacture of export goods are exempt.

V. PIMAMCIAL AMPROTS

timeted	Investments	<u>uni</u>		
		Local Cost	Foreign Brohange	Total
	Land	15,000	•	15,000
	Duildingo	70,000	••	70,000
	Machinery	300,000	318,000	518,000
	Working capital	172.000	-	172,000
	Total	557.000	318,000	875,000

A detailed financing plan will have to be worked out in close consultation with an interested foreign investor.

VI. AMERITONAL RELEVANT INFORMATION

Legal Structure

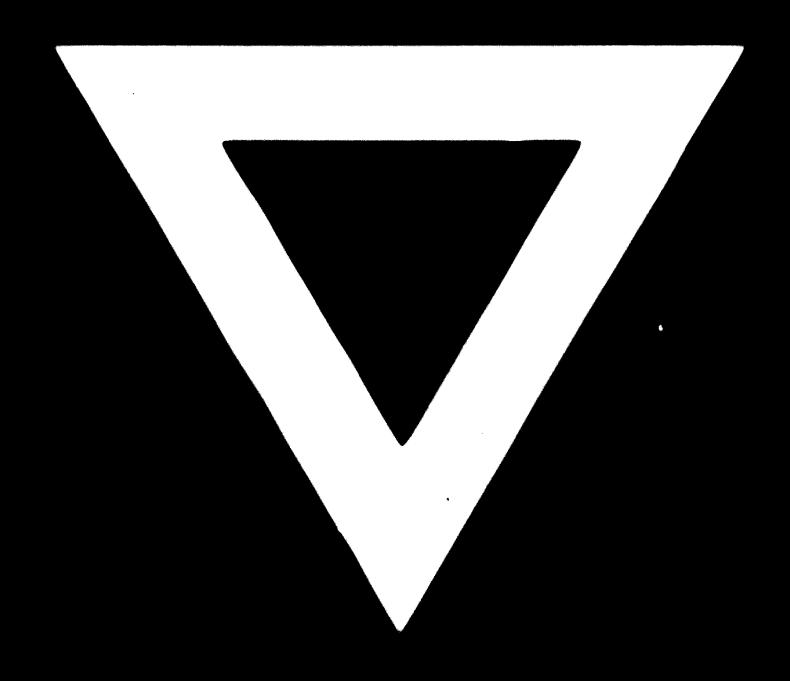
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<u>Peguaentation</u>

The Fine Instruments Center, Secul, is in a position to supply further information.



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