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United Nations Industrial Development Organization

UNIDO MEETING

on the Development of the Fertilizer and Pesticide
Industries in Latin America
(In Collaboration with ECLA and the Government of Brazil)

Rio de Janeiro, Brazil
15-19 September 1970

PRELIMINARY SURVEY OF THE FERTILIZER SITUATION
IN SELECTED COUNTRIES IN LATIN AMERICA -
AVAILABILITY OF RAW MATERIALS, DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCTION FACILITIES AND
HISTORICAL AND PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND IN

ARGENTINA

BRAZIL

CENTRAL AMERICA

CHILE

COLOMBIA

MEXICO

PERU

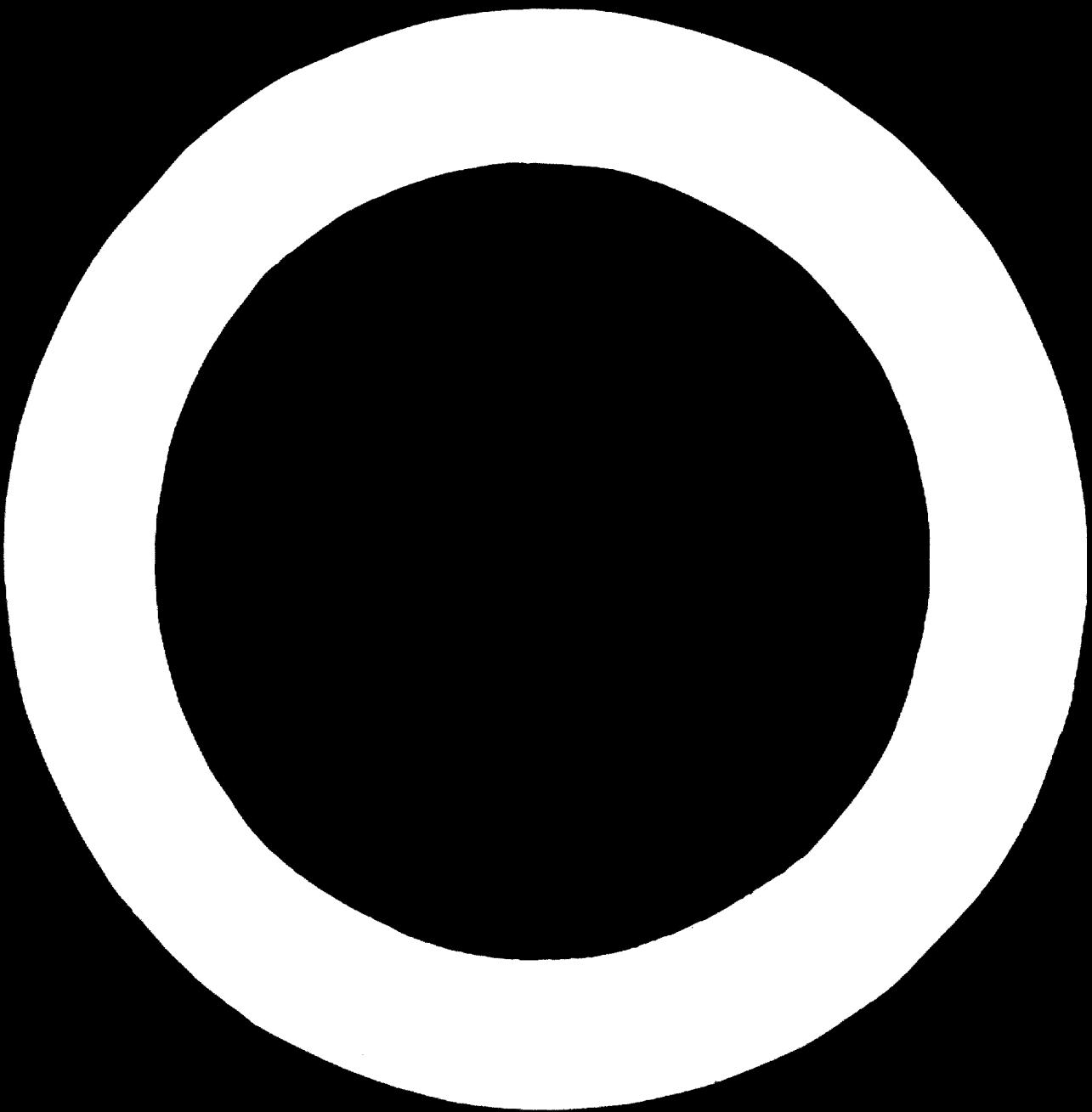
VENEZUELA

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ARGENTINA

Availability of fertiliser raw material and fuel

	<u>Location</u>	<u>Total proven and probable reserve</u>	<u>Production</u>	<u>Grade</u>	<u>Pu-ture planning</u>
<u>Natural gas</u>	Jujuy, Salta, Mendoza, Rio Negro, Chubut, Tierra del Fuego	180 billion m ³ (1968)	7,065 million m ³ (1968)	Analysis: CH ₄ 85.6-88.6% N ₂ 2.0-6.3% CO ₂ 2.0-6.2% Ref ² : C ₂ H ₆ and higher	-
<u>Crude oil</u>	Santa Cruz Norte, Santa Cruz Sur, Pampa, Tierra del Fuego	250 million m ³ (1963)	19.9 million m ³ (1968) 20.7 million m ³ (1969) provisional	-	-
<u>Coal</u>	n.s.	n.s.	942,400 tons (1969)	-	-
<u>Potash</u>	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Phosphate rock</u>	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	-
<u>Sulphur</u>	n.s.	n.s.	27,000 tons (1967)	-	-
<u>Petroleum refineries</u>					
<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>		<u>Crude oil capacity m per day</u>	<u>Main source of crude</u>	
V.P.R.(Yacimientos La Plata Petrolieros Fiscales)	Lujan de Cuyo	22,250		National, imports from Bolivia, Abu Dhabi	
	San Lorenzo	7,300			
		6,050			

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Crude oil capacity m. per day</u>	<u>Main source of crude</u>
I.P.F.	Campo Duran	4,500	National, imports from Bolivia, Abu Dhabi
"	Dock Sud	1,000	"
"	Plaza Huincul	750	"
"	El Centauro	30	"
SOC	Campana	9,520	National, imports from Venezuela and S. Arabia
"	Galvar	2,500	"
SHELL	Dock Sud	14,500	National, imports from Qatar, Venezuela and Iraq
Petroquimica S.A.	Comodoro Rivadavia	700	National
LA ISAYA	Bahia Blanca	650	"
CONDOR	Lomas de Zanora	210	Imports from Ecuador and Peru
LOTERO FAPINI	Avellaneda	160	"
RAGUR	Quilmes	60	"
SOL	Francisco Solano	120	n.a.

Fertilizer plants in operation

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Date of commissioning</u>	<u>Rated capacity tons per year</u>	<u>Feeds took and fuel used</u>	<u>Production</u>
Electro Cloros	Santa Fe	very old plant	NH ₃ 3,000	electrolytic hydrogen	NH ₃ 2,500 (nd) production of fertilizers - NH ₃ for refrigeration)
Direccion General de Fabricaciones	Rio Tercero, Cordoba	20 years old	NH ₃ 6,000	for explosives, no fertilizer production	coal gasification
Petrosur S.A.	Campana, Buenos Aires	May 1968	NH ₃ 68,000 urea 55,000 am.sulph 50,000 NPK 30,000	natural gas from province of Salta	48,000 40,000 (1969) 35,000 21,000
Sociedad Nirta Siderurgica Argentina (SONSA)	San Nicolas, Buenos Aires	-	am.sulph 6,000	by-product	3,000

Fertilizer plants in construction or planned

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Probable date of commissioning</u>	<u>Type of product</u>	<u>Rated capacity tons per year</u>	<u>Feeds took to be used</u>
Y.P.F.	San Lorenzo (Santa Fe)	in planning	1974/75	NH ₃ urea calcium am.nitrat complex	300,000 200,000 160,000 200,000	natural gas (local) phosphate rock, and potash (to be imported)

note: preliminary planning (indefinite)

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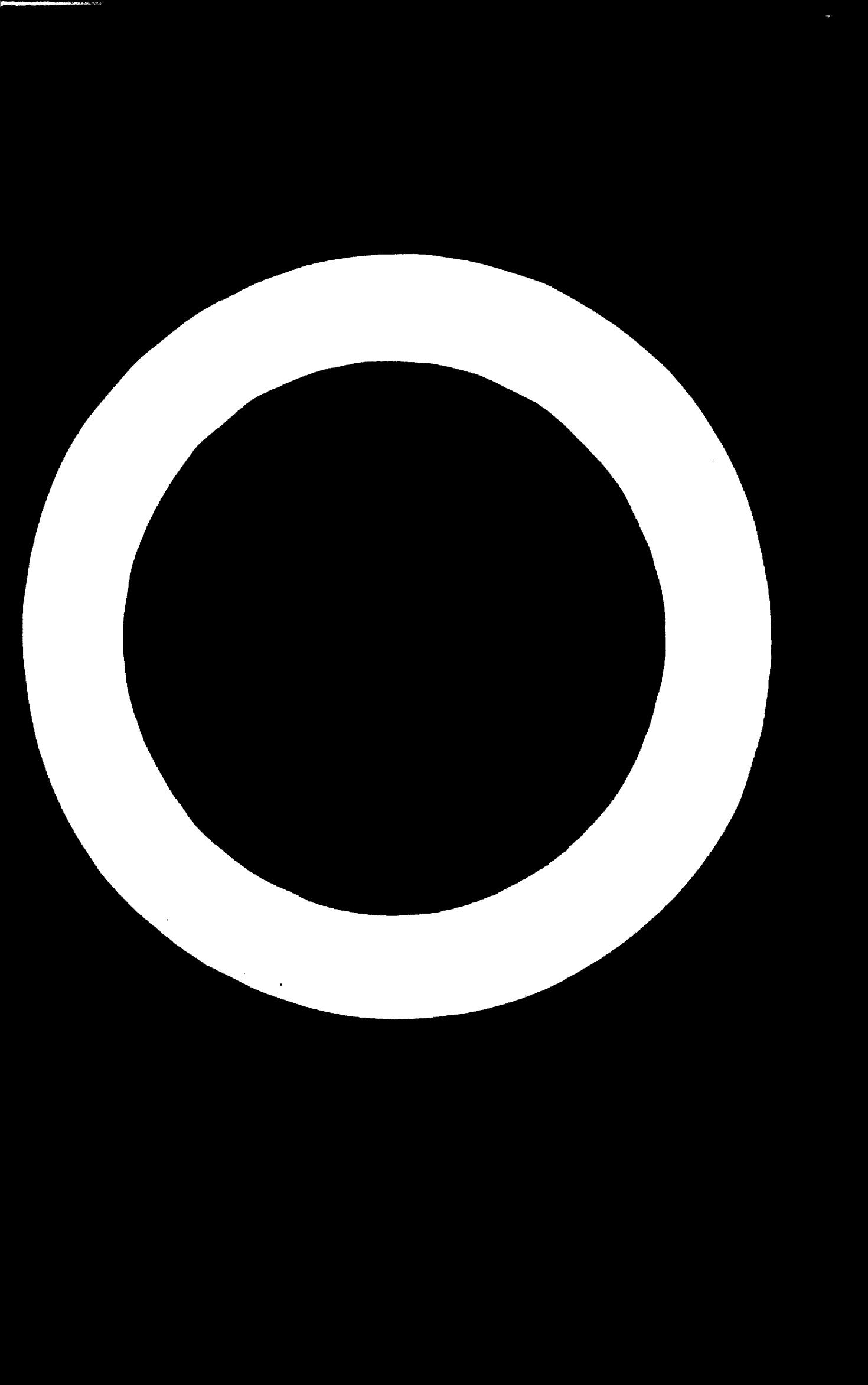
<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Probable date of commissioning</u>	<u>Type of product</u>	<u>Planned capacity tons per year</u>	<u>Product took MP from 1973 - sulphur to be im- ported</u>
Imperial (subsidiary of ICI)	all proposals drop, ad					
Cordex S.A. (coproduct plant)	San Lorenzo	in planning	1974/75	sulphate	45,000	

note: preliminary planning (indefinite)

Consumption and production of fertilisers

	<u>1959/1960</u>	<u>1964/1965</u>	<u>1969/1970</u>	<u>1975</u>	<u>1980</u>
N	Consumption 8,104	29,548	30,705	67,000	117,000
	Production -	-	24,400	35,000	n.a.
P ₂ O ₅	Consumption 3,266	10,610	20,812	35,400	66,000
	Production -	-	4,000	4,000	n.a.
K ₂ O	Consumption 1,280	5,846	7,516	13,500	22,000
	Production -	-	-	-	-
Mg	Consumption 12,650	46,004	59,033	115,900	205,000
	Production -	-	-	28,400	39,000

<u>Source</u>	1959/1960	= consumption, "Projection and Marketing of Fertilisers by Rubén O. Menéndez", (ARCHILIMIT)
	1964/1965	
	1968/1969	= INTA - Jorge I. Bellatti
	1975/1980	= LTA (according to INTA, increase in demand is very slow).
	1975	= production - ARCHILIMIT



Availability of fertiliser raw material and fuel

	<u>Location</u>	<u>Total proven and probable reserves</u>	<u>Production</u>	<u>Future plan</u>
Natural gas (associated)	Bahia	26.8 billion m ³	964 x 10 ⁶ m ³	-
Crude oil	Sergipe Alagoas	128 x 10 ⁶ m ³	9.51 x 10 ⁶ m ³	-
Coal	Rio Grande Do Sul Santa Catarina Parana, Sao Paulo	2.91 billion tons	5.1 x 10 ⁶ tons	-
Lignite	Amazonas	No.	No commercial exploitation	
Phosphate rock	Pernambuco Sao Paulo Minas Gerais	250 x 10 ⁶ tons (5% - 22% P ₂ O ₅)	105,000 tons P ₂ O ₅ (1968)	-
Potash	State of Sergipe	silvinitic - 25% K ₂ O 350 x 10 ⁶ tons 24% K ₂ O 100 x 10 ⁶ tons	no production to date, mining to start in 1978 with 500,000 t/y production. carnallite - 14% K ₂ O 60 billion tons	
Sulphur	-	-	-	-
Fertilites	-	-	-	-

Petroleum refineries

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Main source of crude</u>	<u>Capacity m³/day</u>	<u>Additional capacity m³/day Future plan inc</u>
<u>Petrobras</u>				
Refinaria Lantulpho Alves	Iataripe	local	12,800	7,150 (1972)
• Duque de Caxias	Rio	local and import	24,000	7,150 (1972)
• Presidente Bernar-	Cuoa tao	local and import	19,100	7,150 (1972)
• Gabriel Passos	Zelos	import	7,150	-
• Alberto Pas- qualini	Canoas	-	7,150	-
Fabrica de Asfalto de Portaleza	Portaleza	-	480	-
•	Campinas (Sao Paulo)	-	under construction	20,000 (1972)
<u>Other</u>				
Refinaria Manaus (COPAN)	I. Manaus (Amazonas)	-	1,100	-
UNIAO	Capuava (Sao Paulo)	-	4,930	-
Refinaria do Mangueiras	Juanabara (Rio)	-	1,590	-
• Iataripe Principe	Sao Paulo	-	140	1,510
• Uruguayas	Rio Grande do Sul	-	60	-

Principle fertiliser plants in operation

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Date of commissioning</u>	<u>Rated capacity tons/year</u>	<u>Production tons/year</u>	<u>Feedstock or fuel used</u>
Petrobras	Cubatão	1969	NH ₃ , amm. nitrate 12,000 nitric acid 68,000 cal. amm. nitrate n.a.	36,000 8,917 18,381 17,759	6,081 refinery gasses
Coprebras	Cubatão	1968	H ₂ SO ₄ TSP 4 SSP	46,200 100,000 22,775	imported sulphur & rock phosphate
Fertilizantes MITSUI Industria e Comercio Ltd.	Pocos de Caldas, Minas Gerais	n.a.	thiomphos	20,000 to be expanded to 60,000	n.a. electric furnaces, local rock.
Quimbrasil S.A.	Jacupiranga	25 year old plant	36% P ₂ O ₅	142,500	local rock

Fertilizer plants in construction or planned

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Date of commissioning</u>	<u>Type of product</u>	<u>Rated capacity tons/year</u>	<u>Feedstock</u>
Conjunto Petro- química da Bahia (subsidiary of Petrobras)	Camacari (Bahia)	in construc- tion	Sept/Oct 1970	NH ₃	66,000	natural gas
Ultrafertil S.A.	Piaca, uera (Sao Paulo)	just completed	May/June 1970	urea	66,900	naphtha

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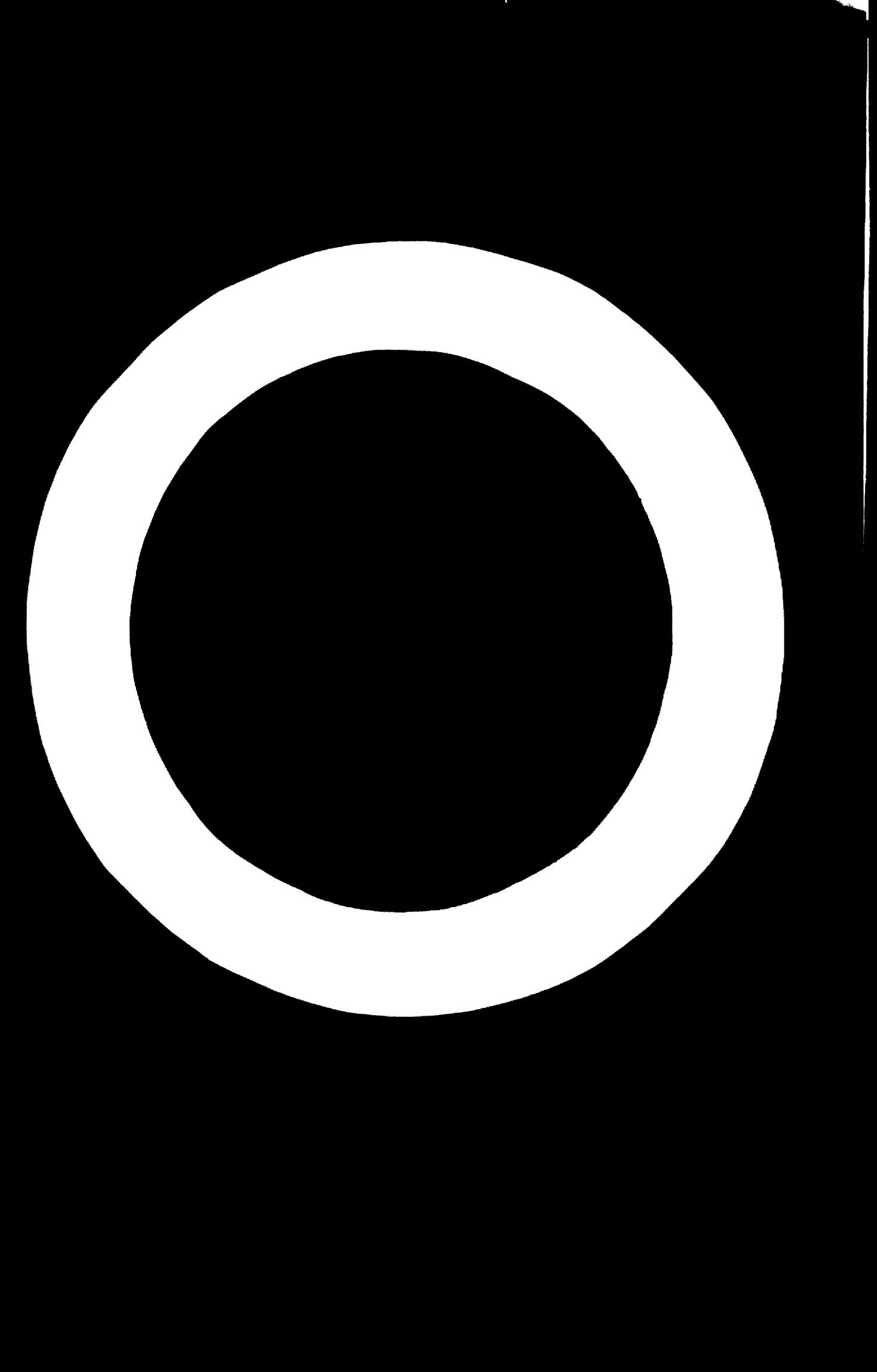
<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Date of commissioning</u>	<u>Type of product</u>	<u>Rated capacity tons/year</u>	<u>Feed-stock</u>
Pertilisantes do Sul S.A.	Rio Grande	just approved	1971	MPK mixed	300,000	imported NH ₃ , phosphoric acid and potash
Petroquissia	Bahia	preliminary planning	1973/74	NH ₃	1,000 t/day	natural gas
Profertil	Recife	very preliminary project	1973	mono amm. phosphate	n.a.	imported NH ₃ and phosphoric acid

Consumption and production of fertilizers (source: 10 year plan of Brazil)

	<u>1960</u>	<u>1964</u>	<u>1967/68</u>	<u>1968/69</u>	<u>1971</u>	<u>1976</u>
Consumption	66,700	50,800	105,400	144,200	181,700	397,000
Production	15,700	7,000	7,600	9,300	n.a.	n.a.
 P₂O₅	 Consumption	131,600	135,100	165,800	214,100	595,400
	Production	77,400	70,987	92,300	109,400	n.a.
 K₂O	 Consumption	106,100	69,600	137,000	184,300	397,000
	Production	-	-	-	-	-
 Consumption	304,400	255,500	409,200	542,600	690,600	1,389,400
Production	93,100	77,987	99,900	118,700	-	-

Petroleum refineries (all imported crude)

<u>Country</u>	<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Crude capacity</u>
Costa Rica	Refineria Costa - ricana de Petroleo S.A.	Noin (Distrito de Limon)	1,000 bbl/day 8.0
El Salvador	Refineria de Acajutla S.A. (PASA)	Acajutla	13.2
Guatemala	Refineria del Atlantico (GUATCA) Atlantico	Puerto Sto. Tomas de Casilla, Depto. de Izabel	12.0
El Salvador	Refineria del Pacifico (TECAO)	Izcuintla	9.0
Honduras	Refineria TECAO	Puerto Cortes	10.3
Nicaragua	Refineria de Lanaguz (SSCO Standard Oil S.A.)	Lanaguz	12.0
Puerto Rico	Refineria Panama S.A.	Bahia Las Linas Provincia de Colon	8.0 (not in operation) 55.0



CENTRAL AMERICA

Fertiliser Plants in Central America

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Date of commissioning</u>	<u>Rated capacity tons/year</u>	<u>Feedstock and fuel used</u>	<u>Production tons/year</u>
Fertilizantes de Centro America (FECICA) S.A.	Puntarenas, Costa Rica	1963	nitric acid 75,000 amm. nitrate 50,000 complex 120,000 (nitric phosphates)	41,000 (1967) to be extended to rock phosphate 83,000 (1971) 25,000 (1967) 46,000 (1971) 60,000 (1967) 133,000 (1971)	41,000 (1967) to be extended to rock phosphate 83,000 (1971) 25,000 (1967) 46,000 (1971) 60,000 (1967) 133,000 (1971)
Acajutla, El Salvador	n.o.s.		H ₂ SO ₄ complex	16,500 85,000	16,500 (1967) 33,100 (1971) 58,000 (1967) 117,000 (1971)
Fertilizantes del Isthmo Central Americano	Tecolu, Usulután	in construction end 1970	complex	45,000	NH ₃ , ammonium nitrate, phosphoric acid, sulphuric acid, KCL, SSP.
<u>Other minor plants in Central America</u>					
<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>			<u>Rated capacity tons/year</u>	
Interore	Corinto, Nicaragua			11,793	
Abonos Superior	■			27,216	
Penisa	■			9,072	
J.W. Baker & Bro., Inc.	Puntarenas, Costa Rica			29,200	

<u>Capacity</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Rated capacity tons/year</u>
Amonia Superior	Limon and Puntarenas, (Costa Rica)	43,800
Amonia Astro	San Jose, Costa Rica	29,200
		150,281
Portico (Acajutla and Puntarenas)		205,000
		355,281

Capacity of existing plants in terms of average NPK mixtures

N	(14 %)	49,039 tons of N
P ₂ O ₅	(17 %)	59,548 tons or P ₂ O ₅
K ₂ O	(15 %)	52,542 tons or K ₂ O
Production capacity NPK		161,129 tons

Future plant

Several ammonia projects for Central America are under consideration, one of the most recent proposes a 600 t.p.d. ammonia plant and a 500 t.p.d. urea plant to serve the whole Central American market.

Lake Seaway : World Nitrogen plants (1968 - 1973), Stanford Research Institute (May 1969)

Consumption and demand of fertilizers in Central America (in metric tons)

Country		1960	1961	1962	1963 *	1969 *	1970 *	1975
Guatemala	N	6,377	7,805	8,955	10,700	10,900	10,900	32,000
	P ₂ O ₅	2,876	3,828	5,952	9,000	9,700	13,700	16,500
	K ₂ O	2,251	2,678	2,823	2,700	2,800	3,200	3,200
	MPK	11,510	14,311	17,370	22,400	23,400	23,400	51,700
El Salvador	N	12,466	13,134	24,224	48,300	52,700	60,000	
	P ₂ O ₅	3,700	3,917	8,233	19,800	21,900	33,500	
	K ₂ O	4,953	5,161	5,056	11,800	12,600	10,300	
	MPK	21,119	22,212	38,513	79,900	87,200	103,800	
Honduras	N	7,391	5,905	10,027	15,000	16,400	17,000	
	P ₂ O ₅	264	300	688	1,400	1,600	4,200	
	K ₂ O	437	743	4,980	10,800	12,200	17,500	
	MPK	8,092	6,948	15,695	27,200	30,200	28,700	
Nicaragua	N	2,346	3,752	15,183	26,300	29,200	40,000	
	P ₂ O ₅	1,686	1,947	6,836	12,400	13,700	15,500	
	K ₂ O	1,007	1,294	2,390	4,300	4,600	6,500	
	MPK	5,039	6,093	24,909	43,000	47,500	62,000	

Consumption of fertilizers contd.

<u>Costa Rica</u>	<u>N</u>	8,050	6,387	17,945	29,000	1,600
P ₂ O ₅		5,058	4,754	8,047	11,400	1,100
K ₂ O		<u>4,621</u>	<u>4,525</u>	<u>7,021</u>	<u>10,600</u>	<u>22,000</u>
NPK		17,817	15,666	33,013	51,000	<u>18,000</u>
<u>Total Central America</u>						
	N	36,678	36,983	75,974	129,300	140,800
P ₂ O ₅		13,624	14,746	29,753	54,000	58,900
K ₂ O		<u>13,275</u>	<u>14,401</u>	<u>23,720</u>	<u>40,200</u>	<u>43,600</u>
NPK		63,577	66,130	129,500	223,500	243,300
						337,200

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1969, 1970 * :

Source: Report of the ICAITI or the Fertilizer Industry in Central America.

1975 :

Estimates of E. Kontano, UNIDO expert with SICA. These estimates could be low if the producers and governments make a special effort to introduce fertilizers.

1960, 1961 : 1965 :

Source: Report of the ICAITI on the Fertilizer Industry in Central America.

CHILE

Availability of fertilizer raw material and fuel

<u>Location</u>	<u>Total proven and probable reserves</u>	<u>Production</u>	<u>Future planning</u>
Natural gas	Magallanes	100,000 million m ³	3,300 million m ³
Crude oil		150 million barrels (1967)	12 million barrels (1967) 13.6 million barrels (1968)
Coal and lignite		-	-
Rock phosphate		-	-
Potash		only in the form of sodium and potassium nitrates (Caliche)	
Sulphur	n.e.e.	n.e.e.	42,000 tons (1967)

potential for producing H₂SO₄ as byproduct from copper smelting

Petroleum refineries

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Crude oil capacity b/d</u>	<u>Main sources of crude</u>
ENAP	Concon	44,000 bbl/day to be expanded to 120,000 bbl/day	local
ENAP	Conception	36,000 bbl/day to be expanded to 72,000 bbl/day	local

Fertilizer plants in operation

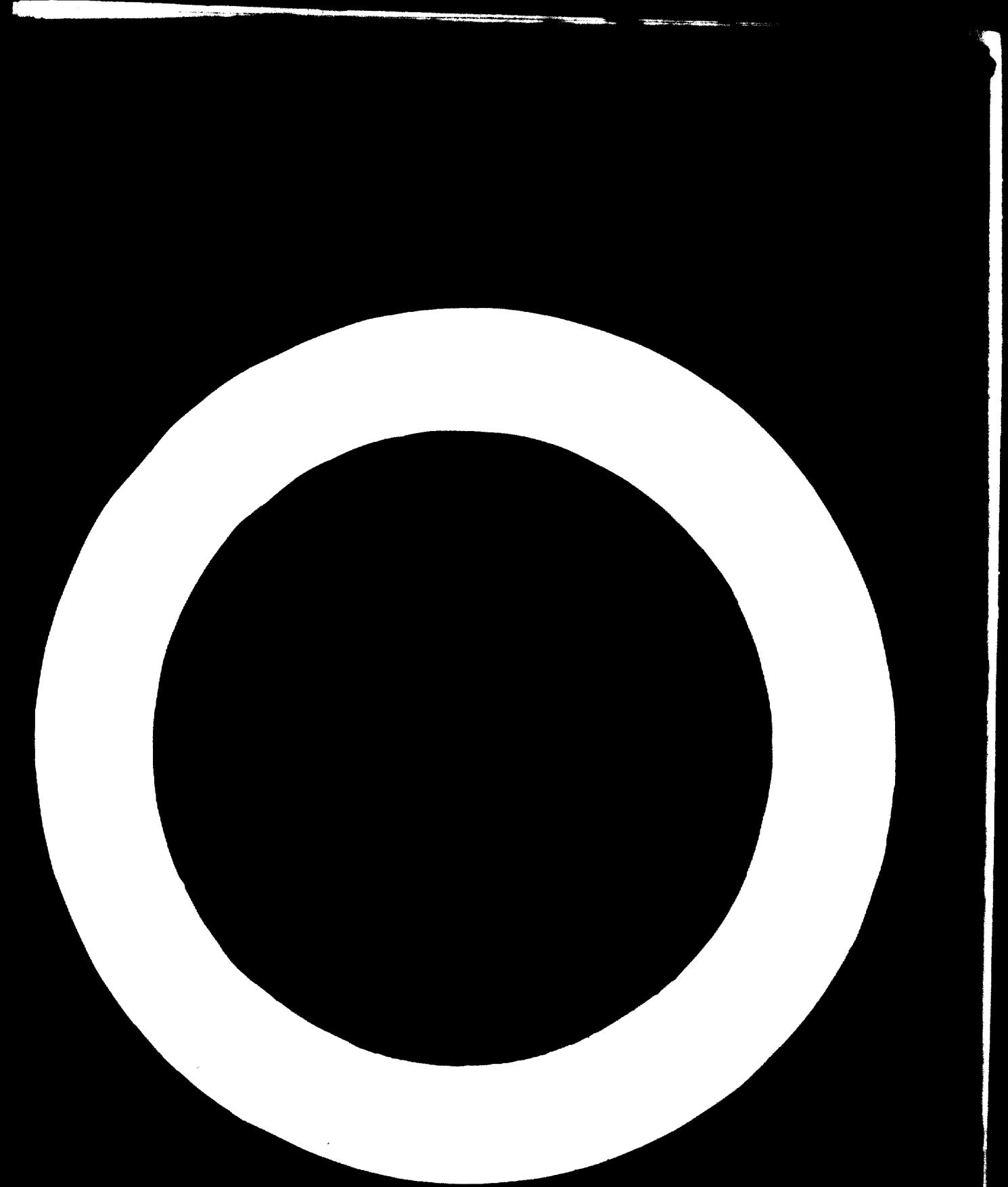
<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Date of commissioning</u>	<u>Rated capacity t/y</u>	<u>Production t/y</u>	<u>Feedstock & fuel used</u>
S.Q.K. (Sociedad Química & Minera)	Antofagasta province	very old plant	sodium nit. 900,000 potassium nitrate	700,000 900,000 (1963-68)	-
COSAF (Compañia Sudamericana de Fosfatos)	Penco	late 1940's early 1969	SSP TSP	40,000 100,000	full capacity full capacity in 1970
SOCHIP (Sociedad Chilena de Fertilizantes)	Tarapaca Province and Antofagasta Province	n.a.	Grade 5-20-6-33,000	full capacity	N ₂ O (local), P ₂ O ₅ and K ₂ O imports
<u>Fertilizer plants in operation or planned</u>					
<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Probable date of commissioning</u>	<u>Type of product</u>	<u>Rated capacity tons/day</u>
Petroquímica Chilena	Punta Arenas	planning	1974	NH ₃ urea	1,000 900
COEDO (Corporación de Fomento)					natural gas (local)

Exact information on their plans will be known in three months' time (September). No other data available so far.

Consumption and Production of Fertilizers

	<u>1960</u>	<u>1963</u>	<u>1966</u>	<u>1970</u>	<u>1975</u>	<u>1980</u>
Consumption	24,700	27,300	48,000	55,350	90,000	117,000
Production	190,503 (1959/60)	176,823 (1962/63)	181,400 (1966)	probably same as in 1969	n.a.	n.a.
 P_2O_5	 Consumption	 10,730	 77,100	 114,000	 126,850	 165,250
				*	*	
				17,000 (1968)	37,000	-
 K_2O	 Consumption	 -	 12,000	 11,500	 14,090	 49,670
					-	
						-
 MgK	 Consumption	 190,503	 116,400	 173,500	 196,290	 304,920
						-
						-
						-

Source : Ministry of Agriculture, and Report prepared by A.T. Kearney & Company Inc. for Banco del Estado de Chile "Chilean Fertilizer Distribution", January 9, 1970
 * estimated figures



COLOMBIA

Availability of fertiliser raw material and fuel

<u>Location</u>	<u>Total proven and probable reserves</u>	<u>Production</u>	<u>Future planning</u>
Natural gas Yendoy San Pablo, Canta Callo, La- cristalina Barco, Cicuco, Dzurare, Payoa, P.F. Guatiqui	495,200 x 10 ⁶ scf 82,389 x 10 ⁶ scf (1969)	-	-
Crude oil Pelusia, Tetuan, Ermitano, Rionegro, Sogamoso, Cucorna, Tisquira, Tetuan, Orito, Acaz, Zulia, Bogoté-Limon, Neiva, Violo, Yendoy, el Difícil, La Nucha, Los Alpes Sampués, Jabo-Fablón	n.a. 76 x 10 ⁶ barrels	-	-
Sulphur (Volacino)	8.5 x 10 ⁶ tons (32% S)	174,736 tons (1969)	-
New deposit at Chiles (Marins)	700,000 tons (20% S)	-	-
Coal	18,000 x 10 ⁶ tons	3.1 x 10 ⁶ tons (1968)	-
	<u>Analysis:</u>		
	Humidity	- 1-2.7%	
	volatiles	- 5.8-17.9%	
	fixed carbon	- 74.1-84.1%	
	ash	- 2-7%	
	S	- 0.7-1.1%	
Phosphate rock Huila	463,722,000 tons or 200 t/a (20-25% P ₂ O ₅)	about 200 t/day	-
Potash	-	-	-

Potencia Refinaria

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>1970 crude oil capacity M_t</u>	<u>1972 crude oil capacity M_t</u>
Intarcoll	Cartagena	16.5×10^6	
Esopetrol	Barranquilla	27.42×10^6 (to be increased to 37×10^6 in 1971)	
Colpet	Tum	1.2×10^6	
Tens	Cucuta	0.8×10^6	
Intarcoll	Doradal	1.07×10^6	
Artes	Plato	0.5×10^6	
Esopetrol	Reiva (under construction)	-	estimated to be 1×10^6 by 1972
Esopetrol	Occidente (in planning)	-	estimated to be 17.5×10^6 by 1974

Fertilizer plants in operation

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Date of construction</u>	<u>Initial capacity</u>	<u>Production</u>	<u>Potash and fuel need</u>
ANOCAL	Cartagena	1962/1963	$100,000 \text{ t/yr}$	$100,000 \text{ t/yr}$	natural gas
ANOCAL	Cartagena	1963	$75,000 \text{ t/yr}$	$75,000 \text{ t/yr}$	NH_3 and CO_2 , plant, rock and potash (imports)
ANOCAL	Buenaventura	1963	$120,000 \text{ t/yr}$	$120,000 \text{ t/yr}$	natural gas

Fertilizer Plants contd.

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Date of commissioning</u>	<u>Rated capacity</u>	<u>Production</u>	<u>Feeds took & fuel used</u>
PERICOL	Barranca	(planning to increase NH ₃)	capacity to 115 tons/day)		
SULFACROS	Barranca, Jennera	1964	NPK	300,000 t/y	DAP (import) TSP potash =
COTI S.A.	Calli	n.o.s.	SSP	25,000 t/y	n.a.

(apart from the last two plants mentioned above, there are a number of mixing plants).

Fertilizer Plants in construction or planned

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Probable date of commissioning</u>	<u>Type of product</u>	<u>Capacity ton/day</u>	<u>Feeds took and fuel used</u>
Homoneros (caprolactam plant and ammonium sulphate)	Barranquilla	under constr.	October 1970	arm. sulphate to be increased to	75,000 t/y 110,000 t/y	NH ₃ (import) H ₂ SO ₄ local manufacture (with local and import sulphur), rock- phosphate and potash, phosphor- acid (import)
Colinas Ltd.	Bogota	-	end of 1970	SSP	8,000 t/y to be increased to 60,000 t/y	rock phosphate (import)

Consumption and Production of Fertilizers

	<u>1963</u>	<u>1966</u>	<u>1969</u>	<u>1970</u>	<u>1975</u>	<u>1979</u>
Consumption	22,500	40,200	44,000	47,500	60,100	73,900
Production	17,485	44,658	53,700	58,200	98,500	109,200
 P₂O₅						
Consumption	45,300	47,400	53,500	57,500	81,900	106,300
Production	22,477	48,343	58,600	64,700	82,700	89,600
 K₂O						
Consumption	24,600	31,500	29,000	30,000	37,100	43,400
Production	15,056	29,345	31,200	33,400	49,100	57,900
 NPK						
Consumption	92,400	119,100	126,500	135,000	179,100	223,600
Production	55,218	122,346	143,700	156,300	230,300	256,700

Sources : 1969,1970,1975,1979 - estimates from Nomenclos.

1963, 1966 consumption and production figures : "From a Study of Fertilizers in Colombia (under preparation) by Ministerio de Agricultura Oficina Planeamiento del Sector Agropecuario and 2) ECLA study E/CN.12/76.

Other notes : Production includes all the mixed fertilizers from the fixing plants.

MEXICO

Availability of fertilizer raw material and fuel

	<u>Location</u>	Total proven and probable reserves	<u>Production</u>	<u>Future planning</u>
Natural gas (and associated)	Zona Norte Agostara	328,400 million m ³	(1967) 16,335 million m ³ (1968) -	-
Cruise oil	Pola Rica	3,166 million barrels	(1968) 160 million barrels	-
	Zona Sur			(1968) -
Coal	Coahuila, Oaxaca, Sonora	182.2 million tons	2.6 million tons (1968) -	-
Phosphate rock	San Luis Potosi, Oaxaca, Nuevo Leon, Mexico	46 million tons (18% P ₂ O ₅)	43,138 tons (1968)	-
Potash	Only indications	-	-	-
Sulphur	Coahuila, San Luis Potosi, Huesca, San Felipe, B.C., Sierra Banderas	58 to 17.4 million tons	1,684,948 tons (1968)	-
<u>Petroleum refineries</u>				
Company	<u>Location</u>	Crude oil capacity b/d		
Pemex	Acapulco	90,000		
	Salamanca	75,000		
	Linares	175,500		
	Federico	169,000		

Refineries contd.

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Crude oil capacity, b/d</u>
PANAM	Pozz Rica	24,000
	Rio Negro	18,700

Installed capacity of production of LH by P.M.X.

<u>Location</u>	<u>Nominal capacity tons/year</u>
Unit Minatitlan	60,000 (1966)
Unit Salamanca	90,750 (1966)
Unit Ciudad Guzman	132,000 (1969)
Unit Coosoleacaque	363,000 (1968)
To tot	645,750

Total production 1969 390,658 tons/year
 " 1968 163,170 tons/year

Fertiliser plants in operation

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Date of commissioning</u>	<u>Installed capacity t/a</u>	<u>Production tons/year</u>	<u>Fertil stock and fuel used</u>
Guanos y Fertilizantes de Mexico S.A.	San Luis Potosi (S.L.P.)	1947 1950	SSP mixed	55,000 5,000	H ₂ SO ₄ (local) phos. rock (import)
				62,227 (1967/68) 2,498	

Fertilizer Plants cont.

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Date of commissioning</u>	<u>Installed capacity t/y</u>	<u>t/y Production</u>	<u>Feedstock & fuel used</u>
Químicos y Fertilizantes de México S.A.	Cuautitlán Mexico	1951	$(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$	150,000	132,241
		1953	$\text{S}_{\text{L}}\text{P}$	120,000	110,098
		1961	mixed	60,000	46,261
■	Monclova Coah.	1959	am. nitrate complex	68,000	69,550
		1963		32,000	50,112
					coke oven gas, ammonia from PEMEX, H_2SO_4 , rock phosph., potash
	Coatzaolcos Veracruz	1962	TP	50,000	17,573
		1966	phosphoric acid	17,000	17,117
		1966	$(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$	50,000	5,509
	Bajío, Silámanca	1963	urea	56,000	50,176
	Torreón Coah.	1966	$(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$ mixed	100,000 5,000	41,940 5,029
	Camargo Chih.	1968	urea	75,000	55,000
	Kinétitlán Veracruz	1962	$(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$ urea complex	110,000 55,000 190,000	97,089 (1968/69) 45,252 76,486 20,785
			phosphoric acid	41,000	CO_2 and NH_3 from PEMEX H_2SO_4
					ammonia and CO_2 from PEMEX

Fertilizer plants contd.

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Date of commissioning</u>	<u>Installed capacity t/y</u>	<u>Production tons/year</u>	<u>Feeds stock and fuel used</u>
Guanos y Fertilizantes de Mexico S.A.	Judzaljara	1968	(NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ SSP mixed	120,000 120,000 160,000	109,282 (1968/69) 106,265 " 50,000 "
"	S. Cristobal- atepec	1960	SSP	10,000	H ₂ SO ₄ , rock phosphate
Fertilizantes Fosfatados Mexicanos S.A. (P.F.M.)	Pajaritos (Veracruz)	1969	phosphoric acid 550,000 ISP H ₂ SO ₄	50% c. capacity (1969) 204,000 1,065,000	rock phosphate (import) sulphur (local)

Fertilizer plants in construction or planned

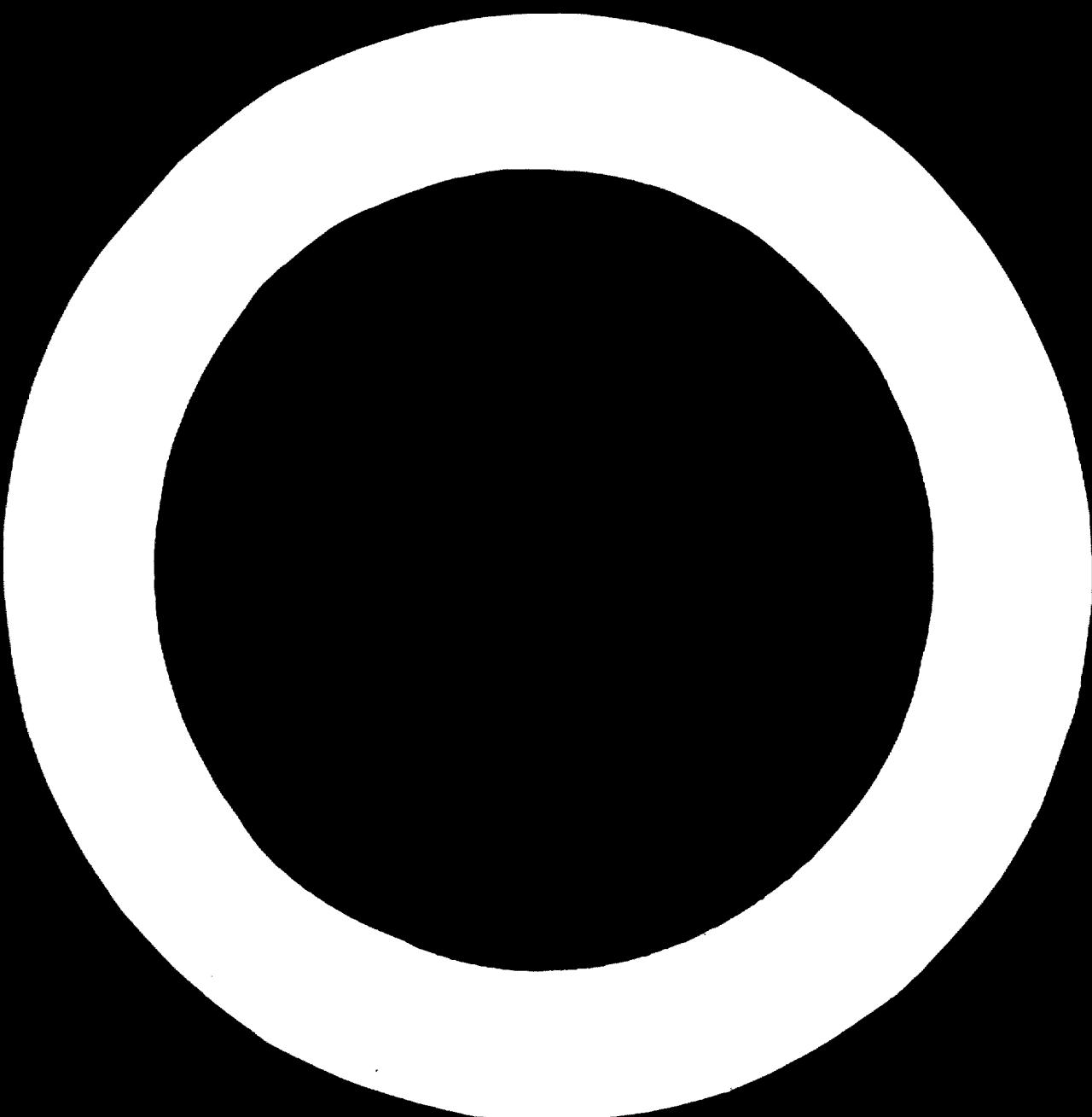
<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Probable date of commissioning</u>	<u>Type of product</u>	<u>Capacity</u>	<u>Feeds stock and fuel used</u>
UNIDEX S.A. (ceprolectim and amm. sulphate plants)	Salamanca	planned	1972	(NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄	140,000 t/y ammonia and sulphuric acid
Guanos y Fertilizantes de Mexico S.A.	Coatzacoalcos	under const.	June 1970	(NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ expansion to 82,000 t/y	ammonia from PEMEX, sulphur
Expansion of plant at Cuauhtlan		under const.	end 1971	H ₂ SO ₄ (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ SSP	600 t/d 300 t/d 840 t/d natural gas, sulphur rock phosphate

Fertiliser plants contd.

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Probable date of commissioning</u>	<u>Type of product</u>	<u>Capacity</u>	<u>Fodderstock & fuel used</u>
Expansion of plant at Minatitlan	Minatitlan	planning	1975/76	urea	200,000 t/y	NH ₃ and CO ₂ from PEMEX
"	"	"	1973/74	DAP	200,000 t/y	phosphoric acid (FPA)
Expansion of plant at Guadalajara	Guadalajara	"	1975	(NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄	from 100,000 t/y to 170,000 t/y	NH ₃ from PEMEX, sulphur.
<u>Consumption and production of fertilizers</u>						
			<u>1960</u>	<u>1965</u>	<u>1968</u>	<u>1969</u>
Consumption	128,259	243,719	352,073	374,178	450,000	565,000
Production	48,206	134,769	209,383	366,339	2) 450,000	2) 565,000
Consumption	34,038	76,795	115,953	125,327	2) 145,000	2) 202,000
Production	18,647	83,821	117,602	120,239	1) 515,239	1) 715,000
N ₂ O	6,479	22,755	35,517	22,801	2) 41,000	2) 50,000 (1975) -
M _g O	168,776	343,269	503,543	522,306	636,000	817,000
	66,853	218,590	326,985	486,578	965,239	969,000
					1,280,000	1,605,000

Note 1) Estimated production Guanos Fertilizantes and FPA prod.
2) Estimates from Guanos Fertilizantes de Mexico S.A.

		<u>1970/71</u>	<u>1973/74</u>	<u>1976/77</u>
Consumption	128,259	243,719	352,073	374,178
Production	48,206	134,769	209,383	366,339
Consumption	34,038	76,795	115,953	125,327
Production	18,647	83,821	117,602	120,239
N ₂ O	6,479	22,755	35,517	22,801
M _g O	168,776	343,269	503,543	522,306
	66,853	218,590	326,985	486,578



Availability of fertilizer raw material potential

	<u>Location</u>	<u>Potential proven and probable reserves</u>	<u>Grade</u>	<u>Production</u>	<u>Potential future planning</u>
<u>Natural gas</u>	Bor-Oeste, Arequipa and Parinacota, Lima Los Organos	1,250,350 million ft ³	70-80% CH ₄	75,791 million ft ³	-
<u>Crude oil</u>	Arequipa Area and Partidas, Lima, Litoral and Mirador, Los Organos, Humboldt, Bolívar	700,000 million ft ³ 350 million barrels (1967)	-	-	no exploitation 26 million barrels
<u>Phosphate rock</u>	Piura	2,762 million Mt	9.00% P ₂ O ₅	nil	to produce 2.0 million tons by 1974
<u>Potash</u>	Piura	6.41 million Mt	60-62% K ₂ O	nil	200,000 tons by 1974
<u>Coal</u>	Chicama Valley Santa Oyon Goylla Risquagua	50 million Mt 100 " " " 20 " " 10 "	fixed carbon- 80-85% ash, 5-10% volatiles 10% 10%	3,600 (1968) 2,000 (1969) 10,000 (1969)	Plans to increase prod. up to 450,000 tons/year in Santa Valley
<u>Sulphur</u>	Kosquegatacna (volcanic) Isla Cocha	20 million Mt	55% S	400 tons/year	-

Petroleum refineries

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Crude oil capacity barrels per day</u>
Petro Peru	La Pampilla (Lima)	20,000
	Talara (Lima)	57,000
	Luis F-Díaz (Loreto)	1,200
Chevron	Conchar (Lima)	10,000
Santosul	Pasallpa (Loreto)	2,500

Fertilizer plants in operation

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Date of commissioning</u>	<u>Rated capacity tons/year</u>	<u>Production</u>	<u>Fuels took and fuel used</u>
PERUMA (Fertilizantes Sintéticos S.A.)	Callao	1954	NH ₃ amm. nitrate amm. sulphate	26,500 44,000 17,000	17,332 22,116 15,758
Partida de Fertilizantes del Cusco	Cusco	1961	ammonia amm. nitrate	15,000 48,500	6,000 19,200
Mines	Callao	n.d.	n.d.	30,000 72,000	17,152 n.a.
					rock phosphate (Florida), potash (Europe)

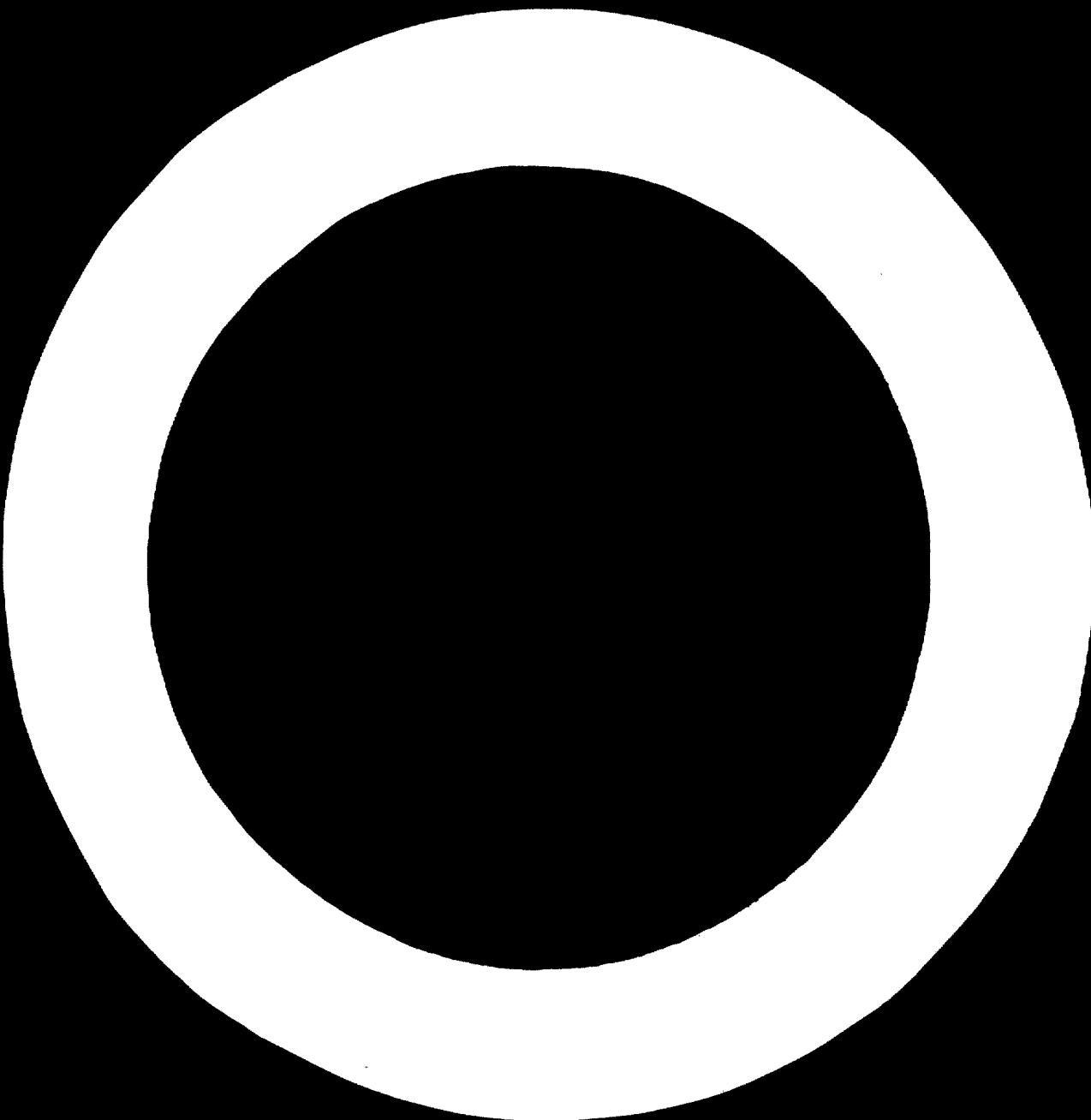
Fertilizer plants in construction or plan.

<u>Country</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Probable date of commissioning</u>	<u>Type of product</u>	<u>Capacity ton/day</u>	<u>Feedstock and fuel used</u>
Project prepared by the Ministry of Mines and Energy of Peru	Sullana or Talara	in planning	1974	NH ₃ , urea amm. nitrate nitric acid	544 500 526 417	natural gas
Project prepared by Petro Peru	Talara	in planning	no date given	ammonia urea	300 510	natural gas

Consumption and production of fertilizers

	<u>1963</u>	<u>1964</u>	<u>1965</u>	<u>1970</u>	<u>1975</u>	<u>1977</u>
Consumption	66,000	65,796	67,151	115,000 (87,880)	170,000 (137,680)	189,000 (187,480) in 1980
Production	13,772	17,069	n.s.	35,000	180,000	180,000
 <u>P₂O₅</u>	 Consumption	 19,800	 19,940	 21,668	 37,000	 78,000
Production	3,590	3,430	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
 <u>K₂O</u>	 Consumption	 4,900	 2,782	 6,356	 23,000	 49,000
Production	-	-	-	-	-	-
 <u>NPK</u>	 Consumption	 90,700	 88,518	 95,175	 175,000	 282,000
Production	17,362	20,495	-	35,000	110,000	180,000

Ref: 1963 CEPAL (ECLA) study
 1964 consumption TVA - Peru's Fertilizer Distribution and Marketing System (1968), production - ECLA study.
 1965 consumption - study made by Latin American Free Trade Association (ALALC)
 1970/75/77 - demand projections - TVA study figures in brackets - Techno/Economic study by a Nitrogen Fertilizer Plant in Peru (1969).



VENEZUELA

Availability of fertilizer raw material and fuel

	<u>Location</u>	<u>Total proven and probable reserves</u>	<u>Production</u>	<u>Future planning</u>
Crude oil	States of Zulia, Falcon, Apure, Monagas, Guarico	$15,676 \times 10^6$ barrels (1968)	$1,319 \times 10^6$ barrels (1968)	-
Natural gas, associated and non-associated	States of Zulia, Anzoa-Tegui, Monagas, Trinomas	$752,781 \times 10^6$ m ³ (1968)	$25,384 \times 10^6$ m ³ (1968)	-
Coal	States of Zulia, Tachira, Anzoategui	100×10^6 , 2×10^6 , 50×10^6	$30,815$ (1968)	-
Sulphur	State of Sucre	n.a.	300 tons	-
Rock phosphate	States of Falcon Tachira	15×10^6 500,000 tons	$31,550$ (1967) -	$26\% P_2O_5$
Potash	-	-	$36,000$ -	$22.5\% P_2O_5$
Pyrites	-	-	-	-
<u>Petroleum refineries</u>				
Company	<u>Location</u>	<u>Crude oil capacity b/day</u>	<u>Main sources of crude</u>	
Creole	Anauay	470,000	local	
SEAL	Caron	379,000	"	
Ven. Gulf	Pto. La Cruz	159,000	"	
Mobil	El Palito	96,500	"	

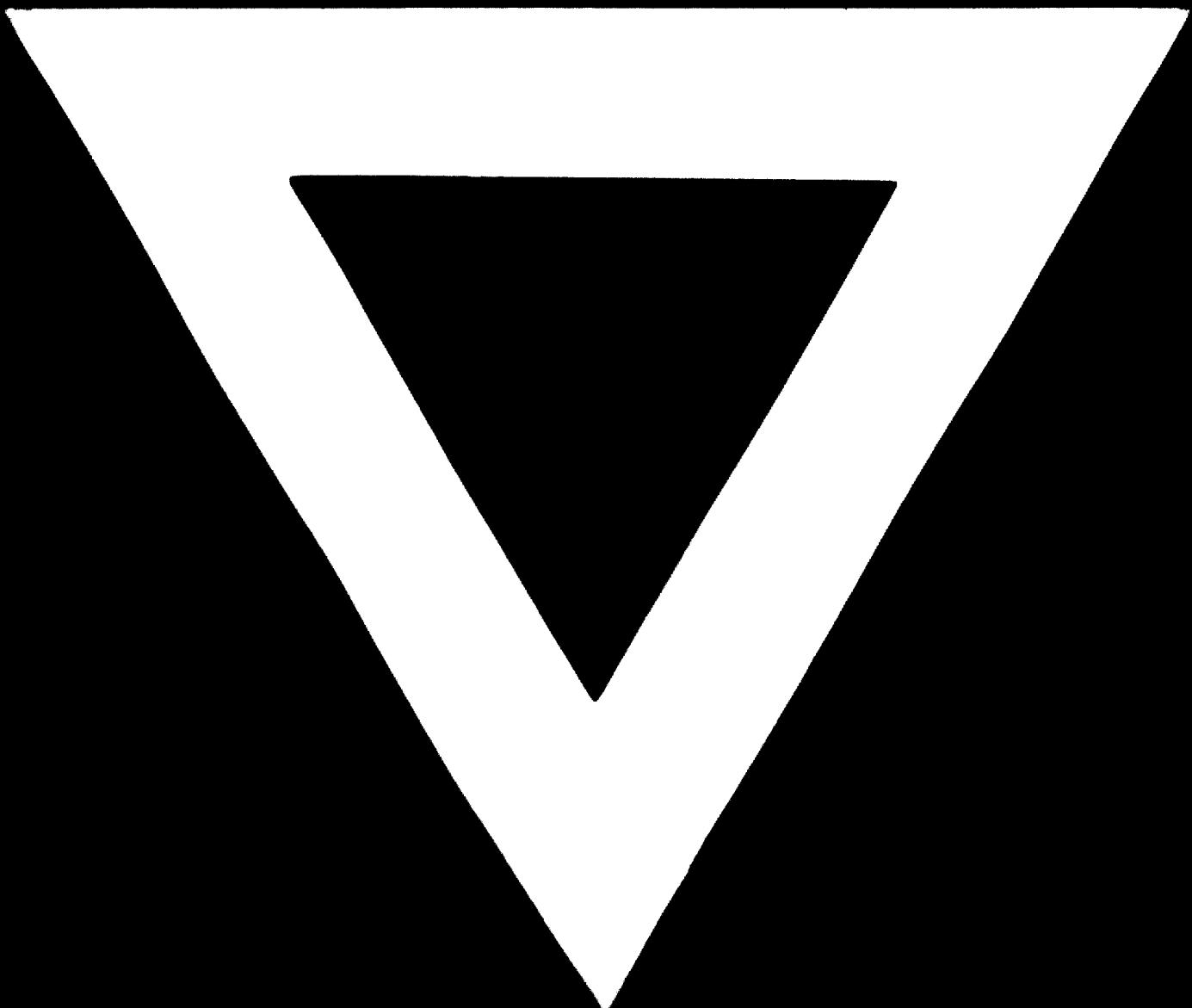
<u>Refineries contd.</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Crude oil capacity b/d</u>	<u>Local sources of crude</u>
Creole	Caripito	74,200	local
Chevron	Bajo Grande	61,500	"
Sinclair	El Chaire	38,000	"
SHELL	San Lorenzo	35,000	"
C.V.P.	Noron	16,300	"
Texas	Tucupita	10,000	"
Sinclair	Barinas	5,400	"
Phillips	Sanboque	4,300	"

Fertiliser plants in operation

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Date of commissioning</u>	<u>Rated capacity tons/day</u>	<u>Production</u>	<u>Peeds stock and fuel used</u>
I.V.P. Complex	Noron	1962	1. H ₂ SO ₄ (98%) oleum phosphoric acid TSF SSP	600 50 100 120 360	sulphur imports from Poland, rock (local)
			2. NH ₃ urea (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ HNO ₃ ammonium nitrate MPK mix.	100 50 240 185 150 300	natural gas (local), potash imported

Fertilizer plants in construction or planned

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Probable date of commissioning</u>	<u>Type of product</u>	<u>Capacity ton/day</u>	<u>Feedstock and fuel used</u>
I.V.P.	Morón	under const.	whole complex by 1972 NH ₃ end of 1970 urea " 1971 others " 1972	NH ₃ urea DAP TSP NPK	600 750 146,000 t.p.a. 100,000 t.p.a. 115,000 t.p.a.	natural gas
Nitro Argentina	Bajo Grande (El Tablazo)	in planning	1973	NH ₃	1,500 for export	natural gas
Nitrores	El Tablazo	I stage in construction II stage in engineering	end of 1971 end of 1972	2 x NH ₃ plants 2 x urea plants	900 each 1,200 each	natural gas
<u>Consumption and production of fertilizers</u>						
			1963	1965	1967	1968/69
	Consumption	4,200	13,900	18,500	26,000	26,300
	Production	10,400	22,000	23,000	15,000	21,000
P ₂ O ₅	Consumption	3,000	7,200	108,000	12,000	15,000
	Production	6,300	15,600	16,300	12,000	15,000
K ₂ O	Consumption	3,500	8,200	13,700	13,000	15,000
	Production	-	-	-	-	-
NPK	Consumption	10,700	29,300	140,200	51,000	56,000
	Production	16,700	37,600	39,300	27,000	36,000



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